

## NEVER ROME

#### Indy Whitten

The seat belt sign flashed on in Russian and in English. I felt excitement, anticipation, plus a little anxiety as the Seviet Union airliner touched down.

The first stop was Leningrad. Our guide. a young Russian woman of Korean descent, explained the history of the city, calling if the cradle of three revalutions.

Later, the three of us — my husband, our 15-year-old son, and I looked out our window at the street behind the hotel. We became excited each time a flussian-looking person came into view, especially when we saw a family with a baby carriage and two children pulling at their mothers skirt. We saw as much as we could in Leningrad on the planned tour, but when Sunday came we were determined to be in the Leningrad Baptist Church.

The church building was small and cathedral. like. Once belonging to the Russian Orthodox Church, it had been given to the Baptists. In the churchyard people were standing together in groups, rejoicing in each other's presence. We met the pastor and several other smiling, happy people. They spoke no English and we no Russian, but soon an interpreter was lound.

The Christian people in the Soviet Union are truly a "colony of heaven" in an atheistic society. Their reppearance and actions are different, and they love differently. The church has 3,000 members and must hold three services each Sunday to accommodate the people. Each service lasts more than two hours.

During the singing, special music, and three sermons, the people pass forward written prayer requests. Twice I saw the pastor raise these pieces of paper above his head and ask God to respond as he knew best.

There was no aisle. The whole church, wall-to-wall, was full of people. The balcony was packed. People spilled over into the street. At first. I thought those standing must be tired, then I saw them rotats; with a smile and a nod those standing took a sequand those sected stood.

They didn't have enough Bibles and hymn books. Several were trying to keep up with the Scripture passage, writing it down as quickly as possible. When the choir director sang "Saved" in Russian, I wept to see a woman writing desperately to capture all the words.

The Moscow Baptist Church, with 5,000 members, also has several long services each Sunday and three services on weeknights, choir practices and youth activities. We were surprised but pleased to learn that 18 to 20 percent of the congregations are young people.

Sergei Nikolaev, associate pastor of the Leningrad church, told us there are \$50,000 members in \$5,000 churches in the USSR. Six officially recognized "house

churches" meet in Leningrad and 16 in Mascow.

We also spoke with Valentina Ryndina, interpreter of the international department of the Macow Saptist Church. Miss Ryndina and Nikolaev said nothing about government restrictions. Officially registered churches in the USSR continue to operate under government regulations however, so their proclamation of the gospel will not be hampered.

In theory Baptists are allowed to ask permission to print Bibles and hymn books, but there are many obstacles. "A tourist can bring is one Bible, one New Testarsen, and one hymn book with no complications," they said. "It they do this, we are always glad and thankful because we do not have enough."

Our tour guide in Moscow told us. "I am in the youth group of the USSR We have no religion. I have no faith II I want to do something of this type. I just go to the tombs of our national herces."

Many others feel the same. Long times waited to see the mausoleum of Lenin in Red Square. We saw many young couples come to that area to leave their wedding flowered the lomb

In philosophy and practice, I've never been so for Irom home. If we had not met and worshipped with the Baptists there, we would have come away under a heavy burden of sadness and pessimism.

My hope for the future is in the God many people in the USSR still love and serve. It may be only a remnant, but what a temport.

Mrs. Charles Whitten is a Southern Bop flat missionary to Spain.



You notice her guiding her small car expertly in and out of the frantic Rome traffic.

Next yoursee her in a stunning black wool knit suit and turtleneck, sitting ground a conference table of men.

Then she's strolling casually among Roman antiquities, chatting kindly

with a grimy flower vendor, buying roses for a foreign visitor.
You are getting curious. You learn she has an apartment full of sculpture

and all paintings, and she is the artist. You are told she to a writer. She bargains skillfully in the markets for kilos of lush fruits and vegetables. She sits regally in a restaurant, the Italian waiters at her command.

You trail her frequently to a Roman side street where she disappears into a church building.

Her husband appears. He matches her well — classic, handsome, pollehed. They have a wide circuit of international friends.

Who is this waman of Rome? A corporate executive? An helices who enjoys charligble work? An artist? A poverty-stricken aristocrat?

You're not going to believe this. She is an American. She is a missionary.

She is a Southern Baptist. She is Helen Rucht! (pronounced RUCKT-ih).

And as of last year, she is president of the European Baptlet Convention, made up of 44 English-speaking churches and missions in 11 European countries. She is the first woman to head the organization which is sometimes called "the Southern Eaptlet Convention of Europe."

Helen has been in Rome for more than 15 years. There she blends perfectly into the cosmopolitan culture and makes countless friends for Baptists.





Back to those first impressions. Yes, she is an expert in Italian defensive/offensive driving, but in a very ladylike way. But her driving skill in no match for the during maneuvers of her husband, the Rev. William C. Ruchti, Jr., in an ancient Ford bus. Let's say the Ruchtis have learned to cope with Roman ways.

About that gargeous suit. It fits the Italian scene beautifully, but it came from a bargain hunt in the USA. Italian clothes don't fit the missionary pocketbook. Don't tell anybody, but Helen is managing to look slim and trin while encased in three layers of wool, including long underwear. It's protection against classic looking but painfully unheated Italian buildings. More crafty coping. Ruchti-style.

She is taking secretary's notes at the conference table of the executive committee of the Explist Mission in Italy. Marylu Moore is chairmen of the Mission — one of the few women in the missionary Explist world to sam such a role. Helen and Marylu don't seem at all surprised at themselves.

Ah. Roman autiquities. Helen and Dub (that's what people usually call W.C. Ruchti) are experts. They revel in the beauties of Rome. They are students of every painting, every weathered column, every level of landscape. Not just because they love it and believe themselves highly blessed to be called to Rome, but because they have learned to think cross-culturally in their attempt to minister and witness. Their talent as tour guides makes them beloved by internationals, missional ites, and Southern Baptist travelers who just happen to drop by Rome and incidentally have time for a bit of sightsesing.

The flower vendors beautify the Roman ways. Helen might withstand temptation to buy, although the price is reasonable, but she is a sucker for the bungry look in the small salesmans eyes.

It's true about her painting and sculpture. Helen and Dub have taken a few lessons to develop natural talent. Now gargeous landscapes, seascapes, and architectural paintings adom the walls of the tastefully decorated apartment. Books, odds and ends of antique furniture, curlosities all blend into a comfortable sophistication that give Dub and Helen a perfect setting it has taken a lifetime of bargarings. Things look stylishly lived in.

Back in the kitchen, housewifely clutter shares space with writers equipment. Wonder of wonders, there's an Italian washing machine. But Helen must hang out the wash to dry on the balcony.

Yes, Helen is a writer, an excellent one. She has used her considerable way with words to report the mission scene in Europe for many years. You have often seen her by line in WMU magazines. Now she is press representative for the Italian Mission.

It was Helen's writing that got the Ruchtis to the missions field. She is a native of Louisiana, he of Texas. Both are graduates of Southern Seminary (the women attended what was then the WMU Training School). Helen had barbored ideas about missions, but was living the life of postor's wife in Rome. Georgia. She caevally entered a "25 words or less" promotion writing contest for a local store

Her entry won and the prize was a trip to Rome, (God does move in mysterious ways, Helen and Dub affirm.) This experience, plus encouragement from the Foreign Mission Board, convinced the couple that Rome was for them.

Rome is wonderful, the rewards are great, the Ruchtis know they are living out Godinown plan. But there are trials and sacrifices. These settle in on Helen as she tries to run an orderly, economical household. Most people live in small apartments. Property is scarce and outrageously expensive. Automobiles must be used economically. Gasoline is almost beyond price.

Marketing traps time. Helen spends hours dashing to different small shops for hard-to-find items and bargains. While the produce selection is

beautiful, prices are usually higher than in the United States. Hamburger is sever less than \$5.00 a kilo (2.2 lbs.). One American glibly advised, "Eat note chaese." Helen had to strain for a polite ha-ha. Cheese is more expensive than meat. Although the Foreign Mission Board support system to missionaries takes into account the local cost of living, it is hard to keep all things equal in an unstable economy.

Fortunately for the budget, but unfortunately for the figure, there are lots all little family-style Italian restaurants which specialize in delicious pasta. Dixing out is a treat, and the charming couple always bring smiles to restaurateurs.

Rememaking, writing, painting, and tour guiding are all sidelines to the main feature: the Ruchtle' work with the Rome Baptist Church. Dub's designment it. 960 was to establish an English-language church. After studying Italian, they began conducting services in 1982. The church was constituted in 1963, and Dub still serves as pastor, flower arranger, and leaster.

Relans job is church secretary, Sunday School teacher, cook, women's worker, and other duties frequently delegated to the pastor's wife. Both sized in music. Dub is learning to play the beautiful pipe argan in the church, and Helen is a soprano in the chord group. Music is a high-appeal item in the church program. Their flock is filled with internationals. Many participants are temporary residents and transients. Usually the common denominator is that the congregation speaks English in preference to lidigm. Of the 14 nationalities, many are from Third World countries. Bible study and a close fellowship are urgently stressed in order to make a deep impact in a short time. One new Asian convert was offered a job in another country. He said. "I do not want to leave Rome. My spiritual family is here."

Often international housequests are bunked in the Ruchii apartment. Their home, their church, and their friendship is a crossroade of the world. Belenand Dub have many other duties as missionaries, such as writing and recording a twice-weekly radio program at the Rapinst Radio Center in Rome. Its target is far away — India. The tapes are broadcast from Sti Lanka (Ceylon) for the Bangalore Baptist Hospital and the India Baptist Mission. Since February their program has also been broadcast daily in Rome for English specking people.

Many letters home are directed to Granville, Ohio, where their only doughter, Peggy, is a tunior at Denison University.

Now you know about this multi-talented creature known as Helea Ruchti. You know her attractive image fronts for an even more attractive, engaging, committed Christian. You know she is an executive, a creative genius, a homemaker, a materially poor but culturally wealthy spiritual heiress who carries our banner high in one of the world's great capitals.

Upper left. Dub Ruchti overlooks the lamous Forum. Roman ruins surround the Ruchtis daily, but never fail to thrill.

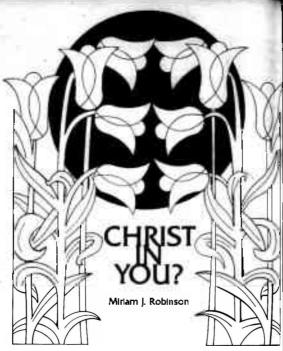
Left: Pondering a point of Mission business at the executive committee meeting of the Italian Baptist Mission are Helen, colleague Fred Anderton.

flight: Painting is a creative outlet for Helen.

Mrs. Allen le assistant (othe executive director, WMU, SBC. She directs employee and public relations

HOV4 SERVICE. Geober 1977, IVIL. LEXII, No. 6 Populahed monthly by Steman's Missionery Julius. Austhity on the bentures System Concession, 500 North Stith Servel. Sermingham. Adequate 3500 Price: 34 Oper year, anglet buy 444 for historigium caster bet 155. and 17 of per paragra or handling. One and non-puter subscriptume candidate. Adebams whatter out decreasery coins san Aliena bis methoforomeous, non-spheringens. Second-closs puring paid at Stemansham, Mission.





"God's plan is to make known his secret to his people, this rich and glorious secret which he has for all peoples. And the secret is that Christ is in you, which means that you will share in the glory of God" (Col. 1:27 TEV).

When I was in college our family shared a duplex with a dear couple of mature Christians who proudly called themselves "old folks." Mrs. Cates was almost totally deaf and het vision was equally impaired. Her face was winkled and her hait was often tousled.

The morning after we moved there, I was in the kitchen fixing a sandwich for lunch, when I heard a strange sound. From the window

looked out onto our neighbors' covered porch. Mrs. Cates was having her morning communion with the Lord. A large Bible lay open on her lap. Her head leaned against the back of a cane rocking chair. Her face beamed with a divine radiance. She rocked slowly to the rhythm of the hymn she was softy singing and whose sound her ears could not hear. But I knew God could.

Several months later we had a violent thunderstorm. Mr. Cates knocked frantically at our door to askif his wife was with us. Coing with him in search of her, we soon found Mrs. Cates standing on the from porch, embracing a column for support, delighting in the heavenly freworks. Putting his arm around her, Mr. Cates asked, "What in the world are you doing out here?" Calmly and eloquently she replied.

-Watching and listening to God!"

Mr. Cases stood by her and watched with her for a moment. As I closed our door, I saw them, arms around each other, walking into their apartment. "Sweet peace, the gift of God's love." Here was a potrait of true Christianity, vividly painted on the canvas of real life.

And what about you? What do your neighbors see in you from day to day?

Most people who read this are already professing Christians. Are you? Have you accepted Christ's gift of salvation and invited him to live in you daily? John translates the promise: "If you love me, you will obey my commandments. I will ask the father, and he will give you another Helper, who will stay with you forever. He is the Spirit, who reveals the truth about God. The world cannot receive film, because it cannot see him or know him. But you know him, because he remains with you and is in you" (]ohn 14:15-17 TEV: \* Are you making him welcome, telling your friends about him?

We will be thinking together ihrough this series of 12 articles about these questions: How can you acknowledge God's presence? Can others see Christ in you? Do you want them to?

Splittual growth emanates from the individual's desire to progress and mature in spirit, L.D. Johnson, chaplain of Furman University, remarked: "Robert Louis Stevenson. once observed, 'Most people suffer from the malady of NOT WANTING." He was entitled to an opinion about the crucial importance of desire: for by sheer determination he had risen above the limitations of disabiling disease. God needs our will to get his will done in our lives. He cannot give us what we do not want. He will not condemn us to a disabling dependency by taking away our struggle, indeed, many people suffer from the malady of not wanting." Many do not want Christ. and do not want people to see him

The essential prerequisite of spiritual growth is the pushing down

into bedrock, anchoring the soul in Christ as Saviour and Lord. "My hope is built on nothing less than jesus" blood and righteousness." Salvation is free to us, but it is not cheap. Christ paid the price for us. The use we make of salvation is our expression of gratitude. His promise is that the Christian who has pledged loyalty to him will never be allowed to suffer more than he can bear with God's help. This does not immunize us against death, which

bear with God's help. This does not immunize us against death, which may be a glorious victory. Our Lord's chosen disciples were subjected to persecution and death. As their lives were firmly anchored in the Lord, so his disciples of today are enabled to endure and, with continued growth, even thank him for the hardships that strengthen their lives and increase their fath. How evident is your faith in him?

Are you giving Christ more room in your life each day? What is your spiritual pulse? You may agree with Joyce Landorf, who said, "My spiritual life has a tendency to go up and down like a yo-yo." Could it be steadled?

This month we will consider three keys, all on the same key ring, that will open doors to spiritual power that Christinas made available for his followers. They are stillness, listening, silence. Other keys will be discussed in subsequent months.

The first key is attilined, almost an unknown quantity in this generation God commands, "Be still, and know that I am God" (Psalm 46:10). Surely the sea was more obedient to his commands than humans are. "The earth feared, and was still" (Psalm 76:8). "He maketh the storm a calm" (Psaim 107:29). Our lives do not reflect his peaceful presence. We are a frenzied earthly family dashing madly from one activity to another. God said, "In returning and rest shall ye be saved" (Isa. 30:15). Much of our time is spent burning up the highways, clouding up the skies, cleaning up the house, cooking up rich foods, calling up committees, catching up on gossip, or sitting in from of TV watching crimes committed and homes broken up as we do needlepoint or tap our fingers on the arms of the chair in which we are wiggling.

Young people are not the only offenders. Senior citizens are being duped into thinking that the more they keep on the go, attending this or that function, the longer they will live. Middle-agers are wearing themselves out keeping the young folk under control and the seniors involved. Some church members seem to think that their degree of spirituality is measured by the number of church meetings they attend with wearying regularity. A weird machine was demonstrated on a TV program It was fabulous in the number of parts and the intricacy of their working. Upon inquiry, the designer admitted that its sole function was to run. A merry-go-round's destination is nowhere, and too many of us are ridion it. How desperate is your soul's need for stillness?

The second key is Natening, another foreign word to most Americans, especially (I hate to admit) women. For any oral communication to take place there must be both a speaker and a listener. Perhaps you met an acquaintance in the grocery. She stopped you with a greeting which extended into an interminable monologue including a detailed account of all she had seen and done since you last met. Finally, she closed with, "I enjoyed chatting with you!" All you had said was "Helio"! This forced muteness on your part could hardly be called listening. So neither of you communicated.

Or, you may visit a patient who has been hospitalized for a long time. On the way there you think of all the sunny, clever things you might say, or the latest gossip you could share, or some of your problems you might raik over confidentially with her. Even though she remains quiet, smiles only once while you are there, and once or twice starts to say something, you keep up your friendly patter. On leaving you say a hurried prayer, and ask as you move toward the door. "Is there anything!

can do for you?" Is that a sigh you hear as you close the door on a lonely person who has not had anybody to talk to for weeks?

Is your praying a monologue rather than a conversation with God? After asking for his guidance, do you listen for an answer? When the children burst in to tell you something of vital importance to them, do you brush them off? Do you wonder why they stutter, and why they quit trying to tell you anything? "She won't listen!" A high percentage of stuttering is attributed to this cause.

In a beautiful hymn, we implore: "Speak to my heart, Lord Jesus, speak that my soul may hear." Do we listen? God does not always speak above the storm we create within and around us. The winds and the waves obey his will better than many of us do, because we don't wait to hearlt. God's speaking is dependent on a soul that listens.

The third key is allemee, perhaps, the most neglected key on the ring. Do you fear it, enjoy it, or shy away from it? Anne Morrow Lindbergh wrote about the controlling power of unceasing sound of the whipping wind and waves, whether in the air or on the seashore. Others agree with her that what is called motton sickness is induced as much by repetitious sounds as by rhythmic motion. The spirit longs for silence. What is the sound factor at your house?

The rare practice of silence indicates that both individuals and groups are appalled by it. Do you turn on TV as soon as you unlock the door? Congregations as well as individuals are afficted with "noisemania." Do we think that a musical accompaniment is needed for our periods of so-called silent prayer at church? The Society of Friends (Quakers) discovered the thunderous power of silence many years ago, it is still the major portion of their individual and group

A humorist punned that silence was an excellent way of heading off.

trouble

An author/housewife had throat surgery that necessitated silence for six weeks. Afterwards she confessed that wit is refreshing, profound arguments are admirable; eloquence is an art; but that for dally living, silence tops them all.

It is an accepted fact that relaxed stence aids in problem solving. Haydn, the composer, found that when his work did not advance, the could withdraw who the silent chapet and immediately ideas would come to him. Great power comes from calm sources, it also requires power — divine power— to be calm. It pays to increase our word power. It pays even more to increase our silence power.

Howard Thurman, famed author. lecturer, preacher, was the speaker for a convention of Christian women meeting in a hotel ballroom. They proved that the half has never been told about the chatter of women. At the time to begin, the thunderous organ ceased its competition. Dr. Thurman walked to the lectern. No bell rang. No gavel pounded. His black face was easily visible in the spotlight. For exactly ten minutes he stood there, focusing his plercing, placid eyes upon one person, then another, until complete, almost breathless silence was achieved. Dr. Thurman's first words were spoken quietly, deliberately as he continued letting his gaze wander over the entire group: "We do not understand each other yet, for we have not dared to be slient together."

In my notebook are other things he said. But in my heart this profound truth still lives. The tragedy of it haunts me.

Basic to the concept of the saul's growth there must be a regular, frequent, undisturbed time in which the human mind is centered on God This may be called prayer, meditation, or communion. It is the purposeful reaching up of man toward God and the simultaneous bending down of God toward man. Without it, the human splitt starves

and God's divine plan for his people is folled. The plan was designed by Holy God as a means of instilling part of himself into sinful human creation, to the cleansing of the creature and the glory of God. The more frequently it occurs, the greater the reward.

But the pressures and husyness of many of God's own children have so distorted their priorities that praye is far down on their lists of things to do, and their souls are dying of spiritual malmutrition.

Is Christ trying to consult with you assist you, guide you, abide in you! How much time have you spent in addings, and alleged today?

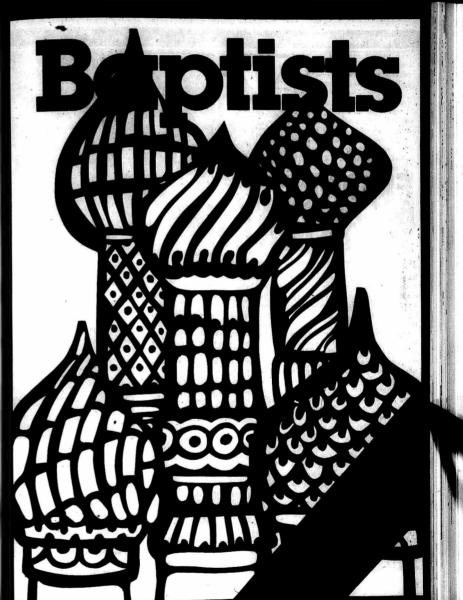
Above the turnuit and frenzy within and without, a voice is saying to you, "Peace!" Are you listening?



Know Your Writer

Miriam Robinson has spent most of her life in teaching and leadership positions in Southern Baptist life. The years a teacher in Carver School of Missions (now merged with Southern Seminary) in Louisville, 13 years executive secretary of North Carolina WMU, and seven years a teacher at Belmont College in Nashville, Tennessee, Miss Robinson is now retired in Black Mountain, North Carolina. She continues to be active in speaking and writing, and works on the Ridgecrest Baptist. Conference Center staff during the summer.

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Snow and ice in Moscow accented our train's departure for Tallian. capital of the Baltic state of Estonia. The trip of 680 miles was scheduled to take 14 hours. We arrived five minutes latel

I was in Russia at the invitation of Russian Boptiste. We had lust attended a three-day meeting in Moscow and were anticipating eight or ten days of visits to churches in other parts of the country. My travel companions were Rev. and Mrs. Theo van der Laan of Holland and our host, Walter Mitchkevich, an associational missionary for Baptist churches in a large area of Russia.

The first hours on the train gave us an opportunity to get better acquainted. I have known the van der Learn for some time; they are wonderful people, Walter Mitchkeyich hee a good command of English ea well as a delightful and humorous personality. He was to become not only my guide but also a close triand and pariner in prayer.

Our train was met by a delegation of Estonian Baptiste, It was Sunday morning, and we had 40 minutes before church time. Typical of the order of priorities throughout the

entire trip was the allowance of time for a hearty breakfast but not time to shave before church.

Bactlet work is quite strong in Estonia. There are about 75 Baptist nariors and a full-time associational missionary. About 20 of the pastors work full time with their churches, while the others work for the State and serve the churches on a parttime basis. Two wives of pastors in Talling ere medical doctors.

Talling, on the Baltic See about 55 miles across the see from Fieland. will be the site of regetta competitions in the 1980 Olympics.

The dominant landmark of the city is the Church of St. Orlay, a Baptlet church. The structure. about 700 years old, was first a Roman Catholic church, la 1525 (c became a German Lutheran church, and in 1950 it was given for use by the Baptiets. It is one of three Baptiel churches in the city.

The steeple on St. Orlav's is the highest steeple in all the Boltic states. Since the building was being renovated, we worshipped and prenched in two other churches in

Vielting St. Orley's in the afternoon, we selted about ten elderly the call to the ministry, he left the diving profession and is now paster of a small Baptist congregation.

Before World War II, the only Bestlet semisery in Soviet territory was in Estonia. The director was Osvald Taesk, perhaps the most respected Baptist theologian in Russia. The government closed the school in the late forties. Since that time, ministers are trained either by corremondance courses or by going to other countries to study. Rev. Terk recently retired as pastor of St. Orlav's Church, Trained in the United States, he was an excellent trenslator for us.

Music was excellent in the churches in Tailing, Along with many Russian hymns, they sand translated versions of "We Shall Overcome," "What a Friend," and "How Great Thou Art." The evening service closed with their words to the tune of "When the Roll is Called Up Yonder I'll Be There." I sang with them heartily to English, convinced that what we were singing expressed I hope and a reality that we all

John Merritt in a Southern Baptist minn ary doing English-language work to Heidel-

My dear brothers and sisters in the Lord Jeans Christ! Greetings in the name of him who was, who is, and who is to come. It is a great loy to be able to write you in the knowledge that though separated by many miles we are united through the Holy Spirit.

We are thankful for every good report we hear of you. Your missions work is impressive. We often have African students in Moscow. Progue, or Warraw who are Bantists and attend our services. They became Christians as a result of your missionary outreach in Africe. Praise be to the Lord!

In your last letter, you maked many questions about our chutches: you asked about whether we had freedom to evangelize and to have Sunday echool. You neked if we were persecuted by the police. You wanted to know if we had enough to eat, and whether our children needed clothes. Let me try to anower some of your questions. which I may not have understood property.

As you know, most of our pastors never were able to go to seminary. This has always been true in Rusate, especially during the Czarist dave. We still do not have a seminary in Moscow, but are hoppy that we do have correspondence courses. More than 200 students are presently enrolled for a threeyear course, but we don't have your theological libraries or journals. We look forward to the day when we can increase our theological education. Already our brethren in

Comania, Hungary, Poland, East Germany, Yugoslavia and Czechoslovakia attend cominaries outside their country or have their

Paul said. "We are weak, had you are strong." Thanks for a copy of the Bonciet World, published by the Baptist World Alliance, It was interesting to see how strong you Bantists are in America. Almost 30 million! We Baptiste in Eastern Europe are very thankful for the work of overseas Baptists and the Baptist World Alliance, A brother from Poland vielted us and told of how you helped with that beautiful new building in Blalystok. Also a brother from Czechoelovakia related how you helped in Cheb and Prague.

When we didn't have money to come to the meeting of the Euronean Beatlet Federation in Zurich. how thankful our pastors were for your help. Also our brother wrote and said that he is feeling much better after taking the new medicine you sent. We pray for your churches and are thealthi for what you have done for us. Please tell all of your congregations that we pray for them and are thankful that we are united in the Holy Spirit

We were never strong in your sense. Maube being wenk makes us more nware of the cross. Yes, you are strong. But, to that always good for the soul? Many of our friends and relatives who have visited your country write us of how lukewarm your churches are. We even heard that you bantize children at 10 or 12 years old! Is that true? Have they been converted? Do they know what it means to follow Christ all the way, even unto separation from society, or the sacrifice of their jobs?

We were faccinated to read in one magazine you sent that you had attended a presidential prayer breakfast. The ideology of our country is athelptic and we have

women sitting in the church during a period when no service was schaduled. We learned that they come for the morning service; since it is inconvenient for them to return home in the afternoon, they bring sed lunches and sest and pray in the afternoon while waiting for the 5:00 P.M. service to begin. In Tallian I met a young minister

who had been a deep-sea diver in

the Soviet government. In that job

his income was more than three

times the national average. Feeling

per been levited to eller prepar at any function. It is not popular in our country to be a professing Christian and least of all a pastor. We are accused of being nonproductive members of society. Sometimes wild cartoons are stimted against us. Many pastors have secular jobe.

It makes us happy to think that In your country some Christian pestors can be close to your national leaders. We pray for our leaders, too! The Bible commands us to do that and we do pray that God will bless our country. We are thankful for the bleasings that the revolution brought un. We remember when there was no bread or medical supplies, or even a doctor. Now we are thankful to God that our material needs have been reet. Your questions about freedom are comewhat strange to us. We do not always understand what you

Do we have freedom? was your question. I just re-read your letter and you mentioned how you sponsor radio and TV broadcasts. We are not allowed to broadcast our ectvices as you do in the USA. but we are thankful that Baptists in Poland are able to broadcast over Trans World Radio and those in East Germany over the State radios.

We are also thankful that many churches in Eastern Europe are free to work with the elderly. Many of our Baptist unions have old people's homes, and some have hospitals for the mentally retarded, as in the German Democratic Republic. We cannot stand on the street corners and distribute tracts. But we have our House of Prayer where we meet once a week for prayer meetings, and conduct services three times on Sunday: fram 9:00 to 11:00, 2:00 to 4:00, and 6:00 to 8:00. Also, the choir reheursenet different times during the week.

You ask. "Do you have freedom?" I wish you could have met

the young singing group that vistted our church from Posnan, Poland. They were all tegangers, Their faces were aglew with the abundant life of Christ. One of them played a guitar and one wrote a cong that went, "Two thousand years ego, Christ was born. But the world rejected him. How about you?" These teenagers certainly are free in Christ. Two of them decided to enter the ministry and will go to the seminary in Warsow, Poland. The others want to be engineers and one wants to be a

A wonderful thing happened at one of our little churches in the suburhs of Moscow. A woman from the local government office was there and ake had a wonderful conversion experience. Now, of all things, she is the leader of this village church. She considers her treedom to have begun when she confronted the Lord that evening.

len't this what the question of freedom is all about? Have we been confronted with the Liberator? len't this the real question: Have we met Christ?

Please know that we are praviage for you and our Baptist brothers and eleters in America and around the world. We are thankful for the help you have given us. Greet all of your churches in the strong name of our Savious.

> In Christian love, Brother Stephen

This letter from "Brother Stephen" came by way of Denton Lotz, a frequent viettor to Eastern Europe, and was first printed in Beatter World, journal of the Beptist World Alliance (\$4,08 per year, from 1628 16th St., NW, Weehington, DC 200091

The letter is imaginary to the extent that Dr. Lotz put the words on paper. but it is real in the sense that it is compiled from notes made in converactions with Buptlet Christians in Socialist countries.

Dr. Lots to fraternal representative of American Baptist Churches in the USA to Central and Eastern Europe.



David Wong, president of the Baytist World Alliance, visited Russia. Poland, Czechoslovakia, and Yugoelayte in the summer of 1976. He anyo: "What I report to from what I heard and saw during a very short time. The report is meant to be a personal observation and record."

My wife. Lillian, and I were bvited by the All-Union Council of Evangelical Christians-Baptists of the USSR to visit the USSR. We visited Moscow, Leningrad, Kier, and Thiliel. Everywhere we wall we were received with warmth and love. Russian hospitality connot be excelled. The way they kies and embrace each other in greating is something an Asian has yet to

In every church service or gathering we found singing, praying, testimonies, talks, and fellowship for two and a half to three and a half hours. People do not feel tired, though many stand in the tioles, at the side walls, and on the staircages in fully packed situations. Many participate in the services with deep emotions.

The churches we visited are regstered officially and recognized by the government. They are permitted to operate under government regulations. Usually, these thurches have two services on Sunday, one Tuesday evening, and one on Thursday evening, Church choite practice at some other time.

Many large churches have to hold several services to let all their members come. The Moscow Baplist Church of 5,000 members can **Baptists in Eastern Europe** 

- because they were known to be honest - were allowed to pass the security area to come as close as the movable states for boarding the airplane, to give kisses and hugs to

We enjoyed and were moved by the warmth and love of these Baptlet Christians who are our brothers and sisters in Christ. We were entertained in their churches. in big getherings, and in private homes.

, The Christians in the USSR do not have enough Bibles. The government allows them to print the New Testament in the Russian language in Moscow, and also to get Bibles through the Bible Society in Brussele, Belgium, I would encourage people to send contributions for Bibles for the USSR poople through such channels as the Baptist World Alliance.\*

accommodate about 1,200, includ-

ing people standing. There are

three communion services each

month. During the service, many

dencome sit on the platform to ac-

company the pastor and those who

There are not enough Bibles and

hymn books. People listen to the

reading of the Scriptures. The

presiding person reads the words

of each stanza before it is sung.

There's a period of prayer by three

or four persons in the congrega-

tion. They earnestly gray for the

eick, for peace, for the country, and

As I understand it, over 95 per-

cent of the Baptist churches are

registered to operate. Recently 30

other Bapitet churches have been

granted permission to register.

These churches are independent

and autonomous. Among these 30

Baptlet churches is one in Klev of

which Georgi Vine is a member. I

visited that church, which was

registered in May 1975, at No. 4

General Puchora Street. We met

the deacon who lives in the church.

Four young people were rehears-

ing their music for the next Sunday

As we left the airport at Tbilisi.

Georgia, 19 Bastiste, including

pactore, leaders, and young people

for the people of the world.

participate in the program.

Baptist Christians in the USSR are active and anthusiastic about witnessing for Christ in daily life. God has many ways to use his people to witness for him. In Leningrad we hired two taxis to go to Lenin's hiding place, a place of historical algnificance. On our way our Baptist hosts witnessed to the taxi driver. Young people in the churches are so happy that they sing as they travel in cass, and at gatherings.

We found a "silent witness" at the national Hermitage museum. To the thousands who visit this public place annually guides explain the meaning and history of the Biblical pointings that hang in the large halls.

Much more of our visit with Baptiete of the USSR - the 76-yearold paster of a Thillist church new succeeded by his son after 29 years, and the church in the Ukrains that has doubled its memberohip in ten years — is forever in my memory.

#### Palend

During our stay in Poland we visited Warsaw and Bislystok.

#### BAPTISTS IN EASTERN EUROPE

There are 52 Baptist churches in Poland, with almost 2,500 members, 100 preaching points, and a cominary in Wassaw with 11 stu-

One outstanding characteristic of the Baptist churches to the fact that there are more young people than older folice. In the church in Biolystok we met medical doctors, angineers, and businessmen. The pastor of the church, Peter Dylujonik, is a young man of about 35. The assistant pastor is even

There are about four Baptist comps for retreats and conferences. Each year some 300 young people so there for two to three weeks. Many young people were converted during the camping period. In 1975, 35 out of 100 bantiums were of young people who accepted Christ in the comp.

There seems to be so shortage of Bibles in Poland. You can buy them in most stores in Warsaw. The Bible Society in Warsaw printed a million Bibles in 1975.

The Polish government allows two weekly broadcast programs of 15 minutes each. Many people record the programs and play them for friends. The programs are teped in Wassaw, and broadcast at Monte Carlo, Many Polishspeaking people outside of Polend listen to the broadcasts. Programmers have received letters from Polish-speaking people in the USSR, and from many others who say they have accepted Christ from this radio ministry.

We Baptista talked with the Polish government relaister who is director of religious affairs for the country. He was open and courteous. I thanked him for the religious freedom and help in securing land for church building. I answered his question about my impression of Polish Baptists by saying that they are happy, patriotic, and cooperalive people.

Conchanie valde

Procue is one of the most beautiful cities in Europe, with many church buildings and blatoric monuments. A big monument to two Catholic reformers stands to the center of the Old Town saugre. Our escori was Stanislay Syec. secretary of the national union of Baptist churches.

The Baptlet population in Czechoulovakia is about 4,100 with 27 churches and 65 preaching polute. The two Baptist churches in Prague have memberships of 135 and 65. Churches have to be registered as in the USSR, Pastors' saleries are paid by the government, perhaps the only country where this is so.

We attended a Sunday worship service at one of the Prague Baptist churches, and I gave greetings. A group sang and gave testimonies. la general, any program or performance has to be approved by the government. As far as conducting services is concerned, it seems to be more strict in Czechoslovakie. than in the USSR and Poland. However, they have two services on Sunday, one on Friday evening. and Bible study in church on Thursday evening. There seem to be enough Bibles, some printed in the country and some sent from shroud

#### Ymanalasia

We had a communion service in the Zagreb downtown church at which Josip Horak served the Lord's Supper.

On Sunday morning we drove to the Severin na Kupi church in the mountain region. The attendance was 50 to 60, yet there were representatives from different areas of the country. Some came from 500 kilometera away, near the Bulgarian border. The family atmoaphere was shown in the way the Baptists greeted each other and the informal standing up and expressing of opinions after the main

order of service. This is typical o churches in Yugoslavia.

There are about 60 small churches and another 60 press. leg points in the country. How Bible study groups are the founds tion of their churches. There are not enough pastors. About helf the churches use lay preachers who have regular Jobe to make the living. Baptlet memberehin h about 3,500, as compared to 4 reported 6 million Serbien Orthodes, 5 million Rossen Cathe lice, and 2 million Muslims in a country of 21 million people.

As in other socialist counties however, the Baptist influence is strong. Billy Graham spoke is June 1967 in a town where Roman Catholics had 3,000 times as many people as the Baptists. The government allows them to register a church as soon as organized is 1975 the increase in Baptiet menbership was 6 percent, one of the highest percentages in any country in Europe.

The costs of land and building are high. The Baptists need finascial support.

There is a Baptist seminary is Novi Sad, and Baptists cooperate with other evangelical groups in operating a new seminary in Zegreb with Dr. Horak as dean.

My Impressions of Baptims of Eastern Europe can be summarized as follows: Baptists is Eastern Europe are as individuale tic so those of other countries; they believe in the Bible as the Word of God and the Holy Spirit as spiritual etrength, Just as Christians of other countries face different conditions. Beptists of Eastern Europt struggle to keep their faith, and are eager to witness for Christ.

Christians in affluent and free excisties can learn from the Christion dedication, faithfulness, and witness in the daily lives of Bapilita in Eastern Europe.

"Baptist World Alliance, 1628 Sintsen Street, NW, Washington, DC 20001.



# PAULINE MOOD!

Septiate and other Christians are restricted in their personal lives and in their work for the Lord in the communist countries of Eastern Europe. The limitations vary in entest and kind from one to another of the eight lands."

Perhaps the approximately 400 Baptiets of Bulgaria, whittled to half their former number since Communiste came to power, have the most severe hardships. Close behind is Czechoslovakia. At the other end of the spectrum are Yugoslavia and Poland where there are fewer restrictions. In between these two extremes are Hussary. East Germany, Romante, and the Soviet Union.

In a radio Interview In Lutvia. Soviet Union, John Allen Moore was saked what he felt the religious problems were there. Surprised by the inquiry. Dr. Moore repited that one problem was a good one — that many of the church buildings ere evercrowded. People from the West who visit Moscow return home with slowing accounts of the overflowing service they attended at the church

Crowded churches are common to most of the east European countries. The situation can be partially accounted for by the fact that church properties have been fovernment-conflocated. More than

to share with another one the use of a place.

In one city, where there is the largest Baptist congregation in that country, services were held in an inadequate building which members tried to make attractive. Officials informed them that the structure would be pulled down because of urban renewel; the ette would become a park. The pastor and leaders began immediately to prepare for this eventuality. Several sets of building designs were drawn. none of which were given efficial approval. The Baptists searched in vain for a lot: all were either prohibitive in cost or not approved for their use. Finally officials "encouraged" them to buy a former Lutheran chapel in a cometery. Responding well to the cituation, the pasto commented that the services can now be held in a quiet and peaceful place where members will have space for fellowship outside the building afterwards, and that among the place of the dead they will pray to have a living witness. It will be named The Church of the

Resurrection Bactists in Poznan, Poland were olven a Lutheran change on the Sometimes a small amount of money is given in compensation. grounds of a former Latheren hospital, now State run, in exchange for pometimes another lot with or withtheir former church building. Those times the congregation is essigned in Lealmered, Soviet Union, In-



one Baptiet congregation may oc-

cupy the same building; and in at

land two countries four church

bodies of different denominations

try to stagger the time of their meet-

ings because they have to use the

Officials may take over a church

huilding so that it can be used for a

museum (one is actually an atheistic

maseum) or a "Culture Center."

out a poor building on it, or come-

same facilities.

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#### BAPTISTS IN EASTERN EUROPE

harited a former Orthodox church, complete with onion-style dome, far out on the edge of the city. It is the one Baptist meeting place in Leningrad.

For years 1,000 members and vielture itave crowded into a church building which has a scatting capactty of about 800. Since this building was to be torn down by the city (and perhaps already has been by the time this article appears), the congregation bought property elsewhere. Before construction began, a strip of the relatively small lot was taken to be used as a driveway. Construction was started but Inter stopped. A new law provides that any money from outside the cuntry for religious purposes — in this case by Baptists who wished to help finance the building - must be deposited in a certain bank account and must remain there until legal permission is given for withdrawal, Lucking the permission, and hence the necessary funds, the church is meeting in a still unfinished build-

Hungary and Poland apperently provide greater freedom to construct churches. Southern Baptist gifts through the Foreign Mission Board have enabled several churches to be constructed or renovated.

In one country, not long after the Bapilet youth camp had been completed, and before it had seen been used, it was taken over as a camp for communist youth organizations.

communist youth organizations. A way of choking off the work in another country is by denying training to young men who feel called to be pastors. Not only is there no school for them to attend, but they are not even allowed to attend a seminary in another communist country. At present there are only three full-time pastors. When the minister of the church in the capital city died, another man was called. He lives in a city a hundred miles away. In the two years since he became pastor, he has been unable

to get permission to live there although there is an apartment in the church for him, and his son is a resident of the city. The only arrengement he has been allowed to make is to spend two Sundays a month there. This is working a severs hardship on the church.

In all other European communist countries except Czechaglovskia and the Soviet Union there are Baptist seminaries, although enrollment is sometimes curtailed. In Romania, before Communiste came into power, 95 students were at the certinary; they were needed to serve the large number of Baptists in that country. For many years after it was finally allowed to reopen under the present government, the student number was limited to six. This has been gradually increased until there were 42 enrolled last year. The faculty is inadequate in number and training and experience.

In the Soviet Union, Baptists are allowed to have a correspondence course. Recently it was learned that 500 had applied but only 50 permitted in each class. In the final accepting of those who are accepted the men appear before the Baptist convention officials in Moscow and preach a sermon in order to help the examiners decide.

A lack of Bibles and religious literature for these countries still remains one of the greatest himdrances to Baptist work. Part of the responsibility of the international Department of the Baptist Union in the USSR is to translate articles from Baptist magazines of other countries. The law says that only six copies may be made of the translations, and these are all kept for use by the leaders in Moscow. Pariors throughout the country have little resource material. In a church service in Riga, Latvia, my husband and I noticed a man holding a tagtered Bible with many loose pages. and a hymnal in which each sone had been hand-copied. He probably considered himself blessed to own

these. The paster of a church to be same city told of having two betters within a few months of and other. Both times there were if candidates, yet the poster had an Bibles or any other kind of religious material to put into their hands.

In one country law forbide the distribution of printed religious materials, including Hibles, unless the are published within the country and of course permission has to be secured for their. At least one me has been sentenced to prison to several years and his car consecuted because he used the automobile to distribute tracts printed elsewhere.

In another country a woman translated and typed a number of religious articles, making copies to share with others. Here, too, it is forbidden to make copies; so when the police discovered what she had done, the typewriter was taken sow, and she was warned that if she did is again she would be severely punished.

In Bulgaria and Czechoslovakia there is no Baptiat paper. In most of the other countries they come of monthly.

When we asked a nastor in our city about his need for Bibles, be lowered his voice and assured m that at the moment he had a suffcient stock because sumeone had brought him a supply from outside the country. In two other countries, Baptist leaders told of regular sight visits of people who bring publications. One of these, a pastor, did not even know who his visitors were they simply came about once a month, rang his bell, gave him meterial, asked whether he wished them to come again, then were of into the night."\*

In Poland and Yugoslavia these are Bible stores. Formerly officially connected with the United Bible Society, they now are independent in East Germany, Baptists have permission for a religious booksters with stock similar to that in our

Beptist stores but very limited in supply and selections. In Poland and Yagoslavie, Baptists are able to prepare tapes for their own radio programs; these are sent to Radio Monte Carlo for broadcasting.

Coundess restrictions have been placed on Christian work throughout the years since communism came into power. Restrictions are based on the whims of officials, not on the countries' constitutions, which provide religious freedom.

In some cases Baptiat leaders decide to do everything within the allowed framework rather than actempt anything else and perhaps antagonize officials who would then nestrict them even more severely. In a few instances compromising of leaders may have gone beyond what was necessary and in the best interest of the members.

On the other hand, many people are willing to take a stand for what they leel is right. In one country baptists constructed a fine building, is addition to the headquarters

office of the convention, the fourstoried structure housed a seminary, printing office, and living quarters for the students and leaders. When the president of the convention refused to hand over the building to the new Communist leaders, he was exiled.

The permit for a minister to preach and to serve his church can be taken away at any time and for an indefinite length of time. In one country police came to the homes of eight pastors for a thorough search of several hours and deprived them of books, tapes, and correspondence. Later, we learned these were returned.

Southern Baptists have given the greatest amount of help to Yugo-slavia where money is provided for a serninary and church buildings and to help with the salaries of pastors. Money goes to Hungary for the seminary and to aid in the construction of churches. Bibles, concordances, hymnais, and other religious books have gone to the Soutet Union. As-

eletance was started last year to Poland also for the seminary they, were able to reopen. It is impossible to give any substantial fielp in Bulgaria, just personal gifts to individuate.

We can pierce the Iron Curtain. Baptists there welcome the visits of fullow Christians if they are discreed. It means a great deal to them to realize they are not forgotten. But the tool with the charpent cutting edge is prayer.

"Albania, a ninth, is not treated in this article; it is very difficult to visit and officials claim it is completely atheistic.

""How to help get Ethine fata Exetuen Europe: me pages 11-12,

Mrs. Mosse and her hurband, John Miles Moore (formerly Fareign Miscien Board field expresentative to Estopo), here incomity retired from missionary corries.



Same Baptiete and Jews in the Soviet Union have suffered for their convictions. Although the Soviet constitution guarantees treedom of sellgious observance, in practice stany restrictions are placed on raligious groups.

There are two kinds of Soviet Baptists: the registered and the reform. The All-Union Council of Evangelical Christians and Baptists Includes about 500,000 Haptists. Pentecostals, and Mennanities. This group is registered with the government, and may have as many as 5,000 churches altogether.

Another 1,000 churches are called the reform Baptista. They have refused to register with the government or to abide by the government restrictions on publishing or open evangelistic activity.

This latter group has had continual aliemishes with the governmental powers, and several of their ministers are in prison. They are among the "prisoners of conactence," persons who have bean placed in prison because of their political or religious beliefs.

Another group whose freedom has been curtailed are the "re fusentks," most of them Jews who have asked to emigrate from the Soviet Union but whose requests have been refused by the government.

Some of the retusentian have been waiting for emigration clears for everally years. In the meantime, "because you're leaving soon," their phone is taken out, they are dismissed from their jobs, or drafted into the semy. Some have been put into prison, and others sent to mental institutions for "observation."

You may want to join a growing ministry of communicating by mail

with "prisoners of conscience" and refusenthe" and their families.

This ministry of mail is one part of a worldwide campaign of concern for human rights in which Baptists can join heartily.

The Soviet Union has shown itself sensitive to world opinion at this point, it has often responded to the pressure of public outcries by permitting the emigration of those who destruits leave the Soviet Union, and by granting more liberties for those who desire to stay, Here is a differance between the Buptists and the Jews in Russia. For the most part. Baptists have not requested emigration, but many Jews have.

Writing letters to such persons has two effects: If lete the persons know you are thinking of them, and gives them courage. "A total etranger who knows my name, and witten to me."

Second. It lets the Soviet government know of your interest. Some people say that latters provide the only insurance policy they have: when someone is getting 100 carda a day, he will be missed if he disappears, so mail provides a kind of security. A high volume of mail can be one way world opinion to expressed, and the Sovieta are not insensitive to these concerns.

Various organizations have been set up to advance the cause of human rights in the Soviet Union. They have collected the names of "prisoners of conscience" and others who suffer harmanment for their beliefs. They also provide upto-date information about events in the Saviet Union as they relate to human rights.

Many of these organizations exist on the local and state level, and you can look for them in the vellow pages or phone the local dewish synagogue for Information. Others. are national and international. You may wish to write for their materiols, and tell of your interest of writing persons in the Soviet Union. Three leading groups are listed below. They will give you the names of persons interested in receiving mull from the US. The portage on an sirmail post card is 31 cents. Some people insure delivery by sending an airmail registered letter, with recelpt requested (cost: about \$2,73).

Instructions on how to address your mail will come with the names. and can be either in the order we use here, or in reversed order as they do In the USSR. For example, mail to Georgi Vins, an imprisoned reform pastor from Klev, should be addresped.

LISSR Yahutakaya, ASSR Uakutek Bolshaya Marks UaD 40/5 2h VINS, GEORGI

Let your message be warm and non-political in nature. Do not criticize the Soviet government in any way, or bring on your own. to may send a commercial Christa card or Easter greating to a Class tian, or write comething like: Dear Georgi Vins:

As a fellow Baptlet believer from the United States, I want you be know that I am praying for you. Ma God's help be yours.

Your name and address

Your letters and cards will not use be a witness to Jews and Baptistes the Sector Union, but also to Amer. can Jews so you link yourself with them in a project of mutual concess Offer to pray with and for you Jewish friends in their efforts enable fellow Jews to nestgrate from the Soviet Union.

Good fuck in your ministry is mail!

National Conference on Sour Jewry 11 West 42nd Street New York, NY 10036

National Interreligious Task Force on Soviet Jewry 1307 South Wabash Chkego, IL 60605

Centre for the Study of Religion and Communism P.O. Box 601 Elgin, IL 60120

Dr. Iglahaan directs the department a Interfakh Witness, Horse Mission Board Atlante, Georgia.

# How does seculariem affect Baptist RUTH WAGNER MILLER

work in Belgium, France, Austria, and West Germany? How can Bantiel women witness in the growing secularism of the United States? These are the questions we will dismee this month Does religion matter any more?

Do the words of the Bible have any influence on the social, cultural, and political life of Europeana?

If we were to look only at the statistics, our answer would be ves. More than 95 percent of Belgium's 9.75 million people claim to be Catholic. France, with her 52 million people, to 80 percent Catholic. Ninety percent of tiny Austria's 7.5 million are numbered as Catholics and another 4 percent are claimed for the Lutheran church. West Garmans divide their church memberships with 45 percent going Catholic and 49 percent Lutheran.

When we look closes, however, we see that the church membership is on paper only. Belgium's Catholics admit that only about 10 percent of their members could be called active - meaning they attend mass at lesst once a year. Someone has referred to the French as a nation of "baptized heathens." In Germany, only about 14 percent of the Catholica attend church; nor do the Protestants compile a better record. for the Luthernna' attendance is only 9 hercant

To find out how this decline in religious influence has affected Bapfist work, ROYAL SERVICE asked mile-Monative to the four countries mentioned above the following questions: How does secularism affort your work? What are some of the approaches you are trying and

how are they working? How can we pray for you? Here are their an-

#### Helen Wood, Belgium

Helen's husband, Rudy, pastors the French-speaking Baptist Chulch at Nivelles (nee-VELL). chairs the Home Missions Commit tee of the Belgian Bantlet Union. tries to initiate new work, and oversees mission points where people aren't able to support a pastor of their own. In addition to home rasponsibilities, Helen works with preschoolers, does some of the programs for the women of her church. and fills to where needed. Last winter, she taught an English class as on outreach ministry of the nearby English-language church.

Helen says, "When we were on furlough, we often heard people enying, 'Europe? What are we doing with missionaries in Europe?' This is the attitude of many people that those not living in underdeveloped nations don't need missionarice"

Beigium is a difficult spot. Unlike most countries where Southern Baptists have been able to offer medical help, or vocational training, or education to those who don't have it, in Belgium there's nothing to offer except the gospel. Not that the gospel lun't powerful and attractive; but people with physical needs are ready to hear about the other side of life when they see comeone has an interest in their physical needs. In Belgium, people don't feel they have a need.

Social Security completely takes care of the people - their lucus ance, medical expenses, retirement. The school system provides aducation from the disper set straight through the university craw. There is no area Helen and Rudolph Wood have found they can contribute comething other than the gospel, and people simply do not feel their need of it. There is a void, but Balglane den't turn to religion as a possible means for filling the void.

As they work side by side with Belgian Baptiets, the Woods have to be careful not to give the impression that they're trying to take over. Often they must be content to plant the seed of an idea and pray that it will grow.

The Woods have tried to greanize an all-age Sunday School, earnething unusual in Europe, Normally,

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children have Sanday School during the worship services, but the Woods have tried to arrange for an adult Sunday School. It hasn't been totally accepted yet, but some members are gratuful for the chance to study.

For four or five years the Baptist church at Nivelies has held a music festival during Pentecoet Week, a big federal holiday when most of the businesses close. The church brings in singers and Christian pop groups from throughout Europe and the United States to present Jesus Christ in an appealing way to those who would never attend a church service. Although no decisions are called for, seed to planted.

"Pray for us," Helen asia, "that we can establish a coffee-bar miniatry as a follow-up to our music festival, because the majority of those attracted to the festival are young

Helen adds, "Proy that the Holy Spirit will give a vision to our Belgian Baptists. We number only 350 in a population of 10 million. and we suffer from a minority complex. Belging Baptists are untrained In concepts of stewardship, Bible knowledge, and personal witnessing. Proy that women's work will develop. We have few women who are interested in or capable of leadership. As a result of the lack of women's work, we have no missions organizations for the usung people. Proy that God will raise up Belgian workers and make it possible for them to be trained."

#### Jockie Philips, France

Much of the French Emptist effort centers around Paris. In this city are located Emmanuel Baptist Church (English-speaking), a pastors' school, a radio studie, and the Baptist Publications Society which furS 2.972
ALL EUROF

nishes Christian literature to the French-speaking world.

Away from Paris, at Bordess [bor-DOUGH], Gene and Jack's Phillips are beginning a work at the to un old sausage shop, the Philpess have opened an outreach center that includes a small lookstore, an office for studying and counseling, and a meeting room phase they have Bible studies and bope eventually to hold worship

rettetion of the French Bepilet

services.

Jackie describes the French people she's met. 'The men appear to be chauvinistic, intellectual, domineering, proud, and very matenalistic. The women are terribly energetic, domineering, ambitious, and family-oriented even though many of them work. The French the beach; and on the weekends they're on their way out of town. This fact affects church attendance. In addition, Sunday is the day for ball games, races, going to the beach, and grocery shopping istores are open Sunday, beginning at 9 AM, and closed on Monday).

Living is expensive in France. Many men have two jobs. More and more women are going to work. Because work takes up so much time in the French person's life, he hasn't time for religion.

French people consider education terribly Important. Many young people spend seven or eight years in university at government expense, for college is free. Religion seldom Intercents students.

Gene and Jackie Phillips try varied programs to reach the accular French. They provide games and table tennis for the young people. With coffee bars they've successfully reached out to university students and international students from all over the world. Jackie says, "You don't just come in, get a building and say, 'Hey, look, we're having church.'"

Pray for Gene and Jackie Phillips.

Ask God to show them imaginative ways to present the good news to the French people of Bordeaux.

#### Bill Wagner, Austria

Bill Wagner tells how being in the minority affects free-church members. (A free church is one that doesn't accept support from the state.) Because they are a minority, free-church members have built up invisible, psychological, defensive walls against a world that looks down on them. They then become trapped in their own walls. Not only do they fail to grasp opportunities outside their walls, they do not easily welcome inside their walls those who would join their fellowships.

Bill Wagner also explains that the socialist state, where an individual is taken care of from cradle to grave, has influenced the Haptist Union in that it doesn't accept a young person to go into the ministry unless it can

guarantee him a lifelong position and (ake care of his pension. The idea of an individual living by faith is totally foreign to Austrian Baptists.

Two needs of Austrians through which evangelicals may be able to reach them are the need for fellowship and the need for samesance of life after death. Bill telle of elaborate gravevards and the pligrimages that most Austrians make to take flowers to gravealtes. For the Austrian, death seems to be a breaking point, the end of something; for the evangelical Christian, death becomes a beginning. "I feel," says Bill, "this is one way we're going to reach people. In there a life after death? If there is, where are you going to epend It?"

Working side by side with Austrian Baptiete, Southern Baptiete have had most of their success working with young people of the Salzburg area who are actively looking for answers. (See current missions group study on youth work in Austria, pp. 22-25, for more information.)

Bill Wagner asks that we pray for a department of home missions in Austria. "We would like to start Baptist work in three cities — Kiagenfurt, lumbruck, and Bregenz, it we could ever get a home missions board going I feel we could get the personnel and finances to start."

#### loan Ballanger, West Germany

Isam Ballenger has recently been named field representative for Europe, a job in which he will keep it touch with Southern Baptist representatives (appointees and others sent out by the Foreign Mission Board). Before taking this new position, he and his wife worked with an English-language church at Hamm and then with a German-apeaking congregation at Offenbach in Germanw.

Dr. Ballenger reminds us that West Germany is an affluent country. Secularian can be seen in the government, the economy, and the aducational system. Germans want to be thought of as enlightened.

### WHY EUROPE'S SECULARISM?

Ruth Wagner Miller

What has caused such a great falling away from God in Europe, once known as the cradle of Christendom? The answers aren't simple.

We could say that Europeans are caught up in materialism, the accumulation of things, because two costly wars distroyed so much of their property. This is partially true.

We could take the easy way out and blame it all on the communists — but what about the countries that don't have communist governments?

Or we could suppose that the church-sinte relationship, where the state churches are supported by a church tax, has removed the burden of responsibility from the members and in the process relieved members of involvement in church affairs. This theory, too, has some basis in fact.

But the Issues go back farther in time and are buried deeper in the total structure of the Catholic and Lutheran churches. For too long the Pope, the cardinals, and the blahops reserved all the leadership of the church to themselves. This resulted in an untrained, uninvolved latty; but it also resulted in a church hierarchy which was and often still is out of touch with people and their everyday problems.

During the late Middle Ages, monasteries and seligious orders took over public health, welfare, and education. This relieved congregations and individuels from a sense of personal responsibility to the less fortunate. Laier, after the Reformation, muny of these same church responsibilities became the work of civil authorities; and social ministries moved a step further away from the lafty.

Nor can we discount the backlash which occurred when religious freedom finally became a constitutional ideal, if not a reality. Many Europeans, freed from the domination of the church, never intend to let it influence their lives again. People

are leaving the churches in larg numbers. This shows that they had to the church out of tradition, cultural conditioning, and perhafeat, rather than because of appersonal faith commitment.

Yet, it's dangerous to generaling Even as we see the failing away from the traditional church, he loss if religious influence in politics, edecation, social welfare, we must ad lump all Europeans into this category. There are those, both leads and outside the church, with deplie of faith that most of us churchgoling Americans can never appreciate, for our faith has never been tested in the way theirs has.

And some Europeans have found that material success doesn't fill the deep longing in their lives, doesn't give the answers to Why am I here' and What's after death? They are searching. Tragically, they refuse to turn to the church for answers because they do not trust the church as they know it.

people seem to be private and hard to know. They appear to think only of eating, drinking, and going on vacations, i see the young people as generally non-aportive, passive they'd rather watch a soccer game on TV than go out and play (1), unimaginative, and immature—probably because of the close family

Seculation affects the religious life of the people in many ways. Many families own second homes in the mountains, in the country, or at modern in their thinking. Many have the attitude that Christianity is outdated, that the Bible contains nothing but ald stories and tales and is no longer appropriate for our time.

Dr. Ballenger reports. "In visiting the people of Offenbach, we heard time and time again from people that they aspected the church to baptize and confirm their children, to marry and bury them—and more than this they did not expect. For these services, they paid their church taxes." Religious faith and church membership for the German Catholic or Lutheran simply does not involve him personally.

"In our witnessing," says learn Ballenger, "we had to be careful not to ask people to have a relationship with the church, because they felt that they already had that. This is the pertinent question not only in Germany but in all of Europe. Not: do you belong to the church, but do you belong to Chris?"

Although in the minority (67,000 Baptiets in 340 churches and 278 missions out of a total population of 61 million). German Baptists are strong and have good leadership. Most of our Southern Baptist efforts there involve the English-language churches which cooperate in many ways with the German Baptist Union.

The major thrust of German Baptists is to offer an alternative to the state church. They distribute a pamphlet entitled "A Free Church in a Free Society" which explains that a free church means free believers, giving out of free will, having decided out of free will to become a member of the church.

German Baptists realize they have a missions field at home, that Germans need Christ. They want to increase their own efforts in missions, personal witnessing, having their people reach out. Pray for German Baptists as they seek to reach their country for Christ.

A Massage for United States Restinte?

What have Southern Baptists in Europe learned about coping with secularism? Here's what they reported during a conference of workers from traditionally Catholic countries:

"Secularism is a problem for all churches, since most people are not interested in religion . . . (but) it also poses an opportunity since so many people do not have a form of religion to full back on and may be prapared for personal religious experience."

J. D. Hughey, Foreign Mission Board Secretary for Europe, Middle East, and South Asia.

"Secularized people, especially young people, are in search of comrounity. The church should be this type of community. . . . Our caring must be disinterested, not a means to an end, not just to gain new converts - we must be a serving church. . . . In a secular world, first of all, what we do must be Christcentered and not church-centered. . . He (secular mon) is called to decide for Christ and not for the church.... He will be suspicious if he haars the message only from professional people, pastor or evangelist. . . People will be suspicloue and feel that the message may be more church-centered than Christ-centered if they hear is only in religious buildings . . . where we lau down the rules of the game.... Our avangelism . . . must never be out of touch with real life. . . . We should listen to people, learn to know them at art with people's questions. . . .

Evangelism must be modern, not in its theology, but in its language... We are not in a position to compel people to learn our 'language of Zion.'" — Robert Sommerville, director of Centre Evangelique and Pastorn' School, Massy, Franca.

"Preaching becomes more speaking with than speaking to... If the
Christian experience is relegated to
a building, the harm comes not in
what occurs within these particular
walls but in the consequent easing of
conscience about what goes on

elsewhere. Religious need not be recital only but can be temporal and apatial."

Lean Ballenger, Foreign Mission Board Bay representative for Europe.

In a Methods Committee Report to this same conference, four them to evangelical church outrasts were cited: the minority complex—"We are small and can do nothing; the superiority complex—have the truth; everyone ske is surong"; the impossibility attinute—"It won't work here"; the indifference syndrome—"After all, we is the different churches believe the same things now; it makes no difference."

Can we Christians of the US lear from what our missionaries have found? As we face our own fulms and see the increasing influence of the godiess society all around as, the answer comes imperatively through — use must.

> ASLIEB AOOB KNOM

Ruth Wagner Miller prepared this month's study and prayer materials on

Europe. A member of Marietta, Georgia, First Bandlet Church, the directs The English School, a ministry to the international community. "When I'm not out with the pulpit committee," she says, "I sing in the church chos and act as secretary for an adult Sunday School department." State te married to Charles Miller, a ealerman for Lockheed Aircraft She and her two teenagers are # involved musically in church and school. Outside interests include organic pardening, sewing. needlework, and travel.

PLANNING THE MEETING

PLAN 1

Hold a press conference. Choose four women to represent the four missionaries, and answer questions from the prese corps (the rest of your members). Provide several questions to members of the audience to start the discussion. For example: 1. I would like to ask Helen Wood how their ministry in secular Belgium differs from that of missioneries to anderdeveloped nations. 2, leam Bellenger, how do you spread intormation about Baptiete to the German people? 3. Jackie Philips, tell us about the French people and your work in Bordeaux. 4. Bill Wagner, tell us some of the problems you have found that the socialistic state adds to Beptist ettitudes in Austrin.

When the audience has finished questioning the "missionaries," the moderator may sum up, adding comments from material in the article which was not covered in the questioning.

Call attention to the list of suggested follow-through ectivities (below) and eak each individual to choose one to carry out. Close with Cell to Prayer (below).

PLAN 2

Put on a European fair. Before the meeting, enlist a hostees for each country, who will be prepared to give a brief automaty of the problens of secularism in that country. invite members to bring for display any curios they may have from these countries. Use information in Know Your Saptist Missions\* to make posters giving missions facts about the four countries. Plan to serve simple foods representative of each country, for example: Garmany squance and rue bread: France seconted cheeses; Belgium crepes filled with preserves: Austria - hot chocolate garnished with whipped cream. Set up four corners of your meeting room with the booths of the four countries.

During the meeting, divide into four groups, one group going to each country (booth). After five to

ten minutes, ring a bell and have groups progress to the next booth. After the "tour" is completed, reassemble. Read the list of followthrough activities (below) and ask each member to choose one. Close with Call to Prayer (below).

PLAN 3

Use a debate forum by dividing the group into two teams. Introduce the topic. Ask teams to choose two debaters and to coach them on what to say as they debate the question: Resolved - The secularism that has affected Europe will not happen in the United States. One team will take the affirmative, the other the negative. Allow about 15 minutes for preparation, then present the debate. Sum up by reading the list of follow-through activities, commenting that each of us must do our part to see that it doesn't happen here. Close with Call to Prever (below).

CALL TO PRAYER

Remind members of the prayer requests listed in the article. Ask them to pray stlently as you read the names of missionaries on the prayer calender. Read Luke 17:11-18 from the Phillips translation. State that one cause of secularium is the failure to acknowledge God's presence in attuations, the failure to cultivate a grateful spirit. Ask members to tell in one or two words things for which they are thankful, addressing their thanks to God. Let this be a quiet, fee-flowing time of preise as mem-

FOLLOW-THROUGH TO STUDY

bere enter into it.

- Take a personal inventory this month of the things you have allowed to come between you and your commitment to God.
- Make a list of the social ministries of your community that rightfully should be the responsibility of individual Christians.
- 3. Choose one of the countries studied about today. Make it your special prayer burden for the month.

\*Check your church media cautet (Matery). Or order can copy only from Fareign Mission Board, Literature, P.O. Box 6597, Richmond, VA 23230.

What can you do with one little ole quarter? Add it to 3 others and you will have a dollar. You can add it to 9 others and you have \$2.50 — to 99 others and you have \$25.00. You can add it to 9.999 other quarters to have \$25.00. That could be the sum WMU magazines will have to pay the US Postal Service next year to notify us if you move. OR, that could be the sum used to make WMU magazines even better for you — if, when you move you send an address label from a recent ROYAL SERVICE and your complete new address.  ATTACH PERSENT ADDRESS LABEL.  HERE THEN PELL IN NEW ADDRESS.	MOVING
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## CURRENT MISSIONS GROUP YOUTH WORK IN AUSTRIA

**RUTH WAGNER MILLER** 

How do you meet the needs of someone who has no apparent needs? First, you look beyond the surface (lust because a person is well cared for physically and has a high standard of living doesn't mean he has no needs). This is what Southern Baptist missionaries are doing among the young people of Austria. Our study this month tokes a look at this ministry.

Austria — fabled land of the Alpa, waltrea, rich food, Mozari and Brahma, culture, and The Sound of Music. A tiny country the size of South Carolina giving to its 7.5 million people one of the highest standards of living in the world. The cradie of Christendom where imposing cathedrals cast their shadows and nine out of every ten persons belong to the Catholic Church. A socialist state guaranteeing its citizens jobs, pensione, and good readical care.

What more could anyone want?
"Nothing," say many of the older people, "We have our bapternal cartificates; what more do we need?"

"Something," reply Austria's young people. "We need comething, but we're not sure whet. We need our basic questions about life answered. Why are we here? What should we do with our lives? Where will we go when we dis? We seek answere."

It was into this climate of nwareness of "comething more" is life that Bill and Solly Wagner was as fraternal representatives to Austrian Baptists in 1965. They were later joined by Tom and Joya Cleary. Bill says. "I felt that if on work was going to have lasting effect it would have to reach the youth of the nation who are the receptive group."

The American Young Pauple
Who are these open, questioning
young people?

By education they may be desired much chance for advancement. Their marks at the end of fourth grade unually determine if they will go on for college preparatory work or pursue a trade. This leaves hills hope for the glow starter or the Immature. Only 15 percent of the young people attend "gymnaskm" (college preparatory school) and only about 8 percent go to the university. This limited apportunity for advancement beyond a certain level causes a listians attitude - 0 "live and let live, let's set out of 🌬 what we can" philosophy.

Young people who don't attend college may go to crade school for total of nine years' echooling, but advancement is difficult. Once trained for a specific skill and as the job, they're attendity ped for that kind

of work. Moving to another field of work, or moving up, rarely comes that way.

Although Austria has historically been a religious nation, the institutional church has little influence in the lives of Austria's young people. The youth have to take religion classes, but the superience only serves to immunize them.

To understand Austria's situation today requires a short history lesson. During the Reformation in Europe, some areas now part of Austria were Protestant. During the Counter-Reformation Isunched by the Catholic Church, many people were cruelly forced back into Catholicism. The established church could not stipe out all son Catholics, however, Today, the 10 percent of the population not Catholic belong to the Lutheran Church (4 percent) and other small minorities, or claim no religious preference.

Baptists are considered a sect, along with Mormons, Methodists, Jehovah's Winnesses, and others. It has only been in the pent 100 years that legislation was passed tolerating these groups. "Even then," writes Bill Wagner, "their houses of worship could not have the front door on a main street, so they put their chapels on back streets. This helped produce a sort of backdoor philosophy." Baptists are timed about pushing too much for recognition.

Yet, Austria's young people offer the hope of turning the situation sround. They aren't concerned about the past and its problems; they don't care about petty doctrines that have divided Christians, God's Spirit is working, and the young people want answers.

Bill Wagner was invited to speak to the religion cleanes in a Catholic school (the religion teacher had given his life to the Lord but choose to remain a Catholic). Bill conducted discussions around the questions: What is a Christian? Where do people go when they die? Where will you go? The students, after eight years of religious instruction, couldn't give adequate answers. Although they knew something about religion, they knew mothing about the claims of Jesus Christ.

#### How Do They Minister?

God has changed the lives of many young people in Austria. In the 20 years prior to the Wogners' arrival there, only one young man had surrendered his life to preach. Now seven young people are training for various natistries. Four attend seminary, preparing for work in Austria. The others, nikhough Bible-chool trained, will perform lay ministries. Considering that there are only 780 Baptista in Austria, that's a pratty good percentage.

The Wegnera and other Southern Beptier adiatonaries, for and Joyce Cleary, work adde by side with Austrian Beptiet churches rather than starting Independent nainistries. Most of the youth work centers around Salzburg: It is an outreach effort of the Salzburg Beptiet churches — one German-speaking, the other English-speaking,

The youth center of Salgburg offers afternoon recreation periods and informal youth-oriented evengelistic programs. One Austrian touched by this ministry was the Catholic religion teacher just mentioned. When a person accepts Jesus as Lord and Savious. the missionaries don't insist on hisbecoming a Bentist. Sometimes the convert decides to stay in his own church, for he sees it as his missions field. Others go back to their own churches, but don't find the fellowship and caring that they need. Then they come asking for memberehle in a Beptiet church. But when they come, they come because they want to and not because of any pressure put on them by the workers.

The Salzburg church (German-speaking) holds weekly fellowships and Bible studies for university students (over 10,000 of them in the city) who have few other Christian student organizations. Although the group is interdenominational in make-up, its members seem willing to attend Baptist worship and evangelistic services.

The English-speaking Beptiet church reaches out to international students and tourists through an informal "share group." Christians from various national and cultural backgrounds experience being "one in the Spirit" through these influentips. In addition, retrests at a ski lodge give further contact and witnessing opportunities.

Southern Baptist missionaries also consider their homes as mission points. It's not unusual for

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#### CURRENT MISSIONS GROUP

Sally Williams or Joyce Cleary, on an rage day, to entertain 15 people in large or small groups, sharing with them the claims of Jenus Chylet

Typical of persons reached in this manner are Herwig Auschitz and Gerein Geiger, Herwig first came to the Wagner home to attend a Christmas party. He found a warmth, and returned with his questions over and over again. Over a period of time he saw the reality of Christ and yielded to him. Today, although he keeps his job as a customs agent he is Bible-school trained, active in youth work both at the Baptist center and the church. and may become lay pastor of a mission station.

Herwig's porents are dead, and he has helped his younger brother. He faces difficulties with his relatives. who cannot understand who he would want to be a Baptist, yet they see comething in his life that they don't see in the lives of others. In due time, he will have a great influence on his relatives and friends.

Gerda Geiger Irnew the Wagners firet, as their babysitter. She surrendered her confused life to

Christ and found direction. At first her parents couldn't understand by the would went to be a Bentlet She met a young man at one of the eki retreate. When they decided to many, her parents insisted that it be in the Lutheran church even though both bride and groom are Bantlet.

Today, Gerda and her husband are active in the Baptist church. bringing new young blood into the congregation. They have won another couple: the man, once an atheist, is a fervent and vibrant Christian, They have started Bible studies for young married couples in their home and in other parts of the

Today, the church at Salzburg has many fine young couples as a result of the vouth center, Probably two-thirds of all the young married Bentlet couples belong to the church at Saleburg as an outgrowth of their contact with the center.

What is the need of Austrian young people that brings them to the place where they can be confronted by the claim of Jeaus Christ and their personal response to him? They need fellowship. They need warm acceptance and

d. They need to be they need to find enquery.

Some Austrian young par traveled with BEI Wa Baptist World Youth Congress in Portland, Oregon, Bill Wasse says, "We stayed with family everywhere we want. One comwho were not Christians when started the trip, gave their lives to Jesus Christ. The main reason we that they were simply taken aims by the love shows them by the Baptists with whom they stayed" The Austrian, told Bill they were impressed with this deep feeling of hospitality, a rendinees to help, a sharing, a wanting to give, "The love," continued Bill, "to what led many of the young people to the Lord.

Baptista everywhere have a per in this ministry to the young people of Austria. Our gifts through the Cooperative Program and the Loth Moon Christmas Offering help support the youth center, the ski lodge, the churches. More Baytin could also have a part (and a blessing) by extending the hospitality of their homes to young visitors from abroad.



of study. 2. Introduce members acting as reporter and missionary. Allow them planty of time to present their material, but reserve enough time at the end for a discussion of follow-through activities (below). 3. Vote on a specific follow-through activity and easign one or more members to see it through. 4. Close with Call to Prayer (below).

1. If members have not read the study material, give them time to read it, or summarize it for them. 2. Choose two members to anouge in role-playing. One will play the part of an Austrian young person who has found Christ and wants to join a Beptist church. The other member will play the part of his parent who is opposed to his leaving his family church. Before they begin playing their roles, divide the rest of the group and ask one half to coach the "young person" and the other half to coach the "parent" on possible feelings and arguments he might use. After the players have exhausted their arguments ask them to tell the group how they felt as the persons they played. Comment that sometimes we have more sumpathy for others when we try to feel what they're feeling, 3, 1f. tires permits, lead the group in a discussion of the question: is it a good idea to let converts on back to their own churches, or should they be encouraged to Join a Bentlet church? Why? 4. Choose a specific activity from the follow-through etudy suggestions below. Ask members to report next meeting on the activity and its results. 5. Close with Call to Prayer (below).

CALL TO PRAYER

Using The Living Bible, read Romans 12:13 and Hebrawe 13:2 aloud. State that today, even as you meet, missionaries around the world are obeying these words. Because they do, the unsaved learn of God's love and Christians are built up in the faith. We, too, can apply these commandments to our own homes.

Ask members to bow their heads and close their eyes. In a time of allent prayer, eak them to picture their homes in their minds and in an act of faith and will, allently give their homes to God, that he may use them as missions points.

Read the names on the proyer calendar (pp. 42-48), Pray that God will provide each missionary a home into which (a) he will be able to welcome those whom God sends.

FOLLOW-THROUGH TO STUDY Consider doing one of the following: 1. Write a note from the group to the people who so to the Salzburg Baptlet Youth Center. (Send it in care of William Wegner, Austrian Baptiet Mission,

Waberbartiweg 14, A-5026 Saleburg, Austria.) Tell them you have studied about them and pray for them, 2, As a group, become pen pale to an Austrian young person. Do this by writing to the Salaburg Baptist Youth Center icare of William Wagner, eddress above). asking them to post your letter on their bulletin board. Have one or two members sign up for each month. They will correspond with any young people who respond. Don't worry about the language problem: most European young people study English in school and welcome the chance to practice it. 3. Consider enlisting church families who would be willing to act as hosts for Austrian young people visiting in your area. Compile a list of names and addresses of those willing and send it to William Wenner (address above). 4. As individuals, analyze your home and ask God to show you. how you can make it a missions point, 5. Share with your family what you have learned through this

Want more information about Baptist work in Europe? Find the April, June, and August 1977 (saues of The Commission, the Journal of the Foreign Mission Board. Barrow them from your church media center (library), your pastor, or another missions-minded person in your church. Subscribing to The Commission vourself and reading it regularly will guerantes you excellent resource material for individual, family, and organization mission study and praying. One-year subscription in \$3.50; write The Commission, Box 6597, Richmond, VA 23230.

study.

#### PLANNING THE MEETING

To the leader: This is your first meeting of the new church year. Make it worthwhile, Your reputation as a dynamic group will bring in more members; and after all, that's the name of the game — getting more women involved in mission study. Whichever plan you choose, be enthusiastic and help your members get excited over what they're learning.

Aim: As a result of this study. Baptist Women should have a better understanding of the needs of young people in Austria and how Southern Boptist missioneries work to meet those needs.

PLAN 1

Introduce the topic. Divide members by forming small buzz groups of not less than four, not more than six, members each. Ask

them to discuss the following questions, using ROYAL SERVICE as a source of information: 1. In what ways are Austrian young people like American young people? In what ways different? 2. Compare the ministries of Southern Baptist missionaries to Austrian young people with the ministries our churches have for American young people. How are they alike? How different?

After allowing sufficient time for discussion, resseemble the group and ask for reports. Summarize the study and motivate the group to do nomething specific for the cause of Christ among Austrian young people (see follow-through ideas below).

Close with the Call to Prayer (see

#### PLAN 2

Before the Meeting: 1. Gather ingredients and equipment to serve Austrian-style coffee (a prepared mix is obtainable at grocery store. usually on the coffee shelf). 2. Obtain a recording of the soundtrack from The Sound of Music, and arrange for a record player, 3. Ask two members 10 prepare to act out an interview. Ose member will act as Bill Wagner, missionary; the other as a newspaper reporter from the US asking questions about Austrias young people and his work among them. Use information presented is the study.

In the Meeting: 1. Play background music and serve the coffee as members gather. Use these devices to introduce the topk





BEGIN A GROUP!



So you are not a group leader or one of the other Baptist Women officers. You are "just a member." That may put you in a unique position to begin a mission study group on an informal basis.

Your new, informal group could have only a lew members, maybe even just three. It could meet once a month.

Consider yourself a "key" woman and think of the possibilities. Are there women in your neighborhood who might get together once a month as a study group? Are there some life circumstances they have in common which might help them want to be a group? Such as the fact they work

bands that travel during the week or who are gone at night, or have children about the same age?

Are there women in your office who might meet during the lunch hour?

Are there women you know who have a common interest in the biblical basts of missions, missionsrelated books, or in learning more about Southern Baptist missions work?

The group need not be highly etructured. It simply needs someone to keep things going in an informal way from month to month (the leader), a purpose, and the study material.

rial, and it is easy to find and use. Look now at the three options in ROYAL SERVICE as examples of material available each month for use by mission study groups:

- I. Bible study group material pages 31 through 34.
- 2. Current missions group male rial, pages 22 through 25.
- 3. Round Table group material. pages 29 and 30.

It later you want to know more about how a group functions, cansult Baptist Women Manual and Working in a Missione Group (set) order form, p. 48),



Pastor Ray Reynolds stands at the door of his church, greeting members after the morateg worship pervice. A small church with Sunday School attendance running about 110, it offers the usual Southern Baptiet programs. It could be located anywhere in Georgia, or Alabems, or the Carolinas, but it's not. lestend, it stands at the edge of the SHAPE (Supreme Headquarters Allied Powers Europe - NATO) community in Jurbice (Jue-BEEZ). Bolgium, it is one of the 42 churches of the European Baptist Convention which ministers to the needs of

#### Engiteh-speaking people. A Misietry to Americans

It seems that wherever in the world dedicated Southern Baptists find themselves, they soon realize their need for fellowship, Bible study, and worship with people of like minds. Out of this seed an English-language church is sometimes horn

These churches provide spiritual nourishment for Christians abroad; but they also have an evangelistic outreach, baptizing one person for every ten members - about three times the Southern Baptlet average.

One Christian writer has said that the twentieth-century scattering of Christians around the world because of military and business reasome may be as important to the cause of missions today as the ecottering by persecution of the firstcentury Christians.

Stap right now and give thanks to God for the faithfulness of those who share Christ no matter where they "pitch their tents."

A good example of this outreach is the Baptist Church at Jurbise. It has started a French-speaking work, held Vacation Bible Schools. started a bus ministry, and even established a day-care center.

Ray Reynolds' wife, Helen, tello the touchingly beautiful story of how two British families came to the Lord through the church's GA organizations. The Reynoldses' eight-year-old daughter, Ruth, invited some of her school friends to GA. Two of them who came were eleters. As they began to learn about missions, they shared their excitsment with their parents until one Sunday the parents showed up of church saying, "Our little girls know

RUTH WAGNER MILLER

more about the Bible than we do. We want to come and learn." Before long, this family decided to follow Christ. They, in turn, became burdaned for their next-door neighborn, another English family. Now the neighbors, too, belong to the family of God.

Many churches have a watchcare ministry which extends mess-f bership to born-again believers of other denominations who don't wish to change denominations but who do want to affiliate.

Paetore of English-language churches provide connecting services for troubled marriages, disturbed parent-child relationships, and the many problems that come with adjusting to different cultures. with pulling up roots and moving on every few years as natitary people often do.

Prov for windom and guidance for these pastors.

#### A Help to European Baptists

English - language Baptist churches in Europe establish good relationships with European Baptist churches. For example, they help finencially with missions work at-

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#### PRAYER GROUP

immpted by the Baptlet Unions of the various countries.

English-language churches in Europe have a unique opportunity to show, by their example, the best of the workeble methods that Southern Baptists have learned. Our calsaloansies who work with the individual European churches cannot just go in and any, Look, we have a better way. But the English-language churches, and their individual members, can show hylving example the power of prayer, the joy of sharing, the fruit of being faithful to Jesus' command to "Go ye into fall the world."

Heles Wood, whose husband. Rudy, pastors the French-speaking Baptist church at Nivalias [age-VELL), Belgium, says about the English - language churches: They've had a real influence on the Belgian Baptlet Union, We've seen small groups of Americans come in and build up a church in very little time. We've seen enormous amounts of sacrificial work given by these (English-language) members for all sorts of building repair and construction in the places where they meet, Selgian Baptists have also seen members give liberally of their financial resources. Tithing is something few people here would

do. So that's been a gued influence on our Balgian Baytist Union."

Helen goes on to tell how much these charckes mean in the lives of Americans who meet Jasus Christ In Europe or these who arrive as nominal Christians and go back to the States rededicated, Some have even heard the cell to preach and have gone home to attend sethlany.

Proy for the influence that these English-longuage churches can have among European Boplists. Ask God to send to their fellousahly, not only the faithful, but also the unsured and those who have lost the spark of their commitment.

#### A Vision of Missions

Most English-language churches hold membership in the European Baptist Convention. This relationship helps them channel their money into worthwhile missions projects (including the Cooperative Program of the Southern Baptist Convention). In December 1976 the European Baptist Convention held its first conference on world missions and set its Lottle Moon Christmas offering goal at \$29,000, one-thousandth of the Southern Baptist Convention's \$29 million coal.

Thank God for the generoalty of

these Septists. Pray for their thuis piston of releasers.

The European Baptist Communication analots churches in equalippactors and by aponeoring retreat assemblies, youth work, and Chitan training. The convention per out its own lateracting month newsletter, check-full of brommers on the work and needs of individual churches as well as of the count item. A Southern Baptist salest any, John W. Marrist, serves a executive secretary for the Enegann Baptist Convention, Ameth. Southern Baptist missionsey, Held Ruchtit, is president (see pp. 1-5).

Pray for those who lead the European Baytlet Convention and parties whom the churches call in

A Foreign Minston Board lands has anid. 'The greatest potential by force in foreign missions is made up of Southern Baptists who like abroad.'' There are 2.5 million Americans living oversease in business. Industry, education, government foreign service, military service, or retirement, it's estimated that 100,000 of these, not including tourists, are Southern Baptists.

Prop that Southern Baptists will be Christians abroad as well as at home.

## ROUP GROUP

## EUROPE: FAITOPE: TRIAL

Under the SS Shadow by Traugott Vogel with Shirley Stephens (Broadman Frem \$6.95)\*

To be an SS offices, one of Hitler's personal bodyguards, like his father, was all that Traugott Vogel wanted. As part of the Hitler Youth Movement he played war games, marched in parades, and believed the propagands. Yet his world crumbled around him and Vogel filled his heart with hateful vangence the day he watched his father die at his fest, mechine-gunned down by Austrian resisters.

How does a young man overcome childhood conditioning, bitter memortes, and the poetwar stigme of being the son of an SS officer? Man changes his outward circumstense, but only God changes the heart.

Under the SS Shadow chronicles the life of Trangott Vogel from his Hitler Youth days, through his posture search for meaning in life, to his present life as partor of a Southern Beptist church in Taxas.

East Wind: the Story of Maria Zeitner Linke as written by Ruth Hunt (Zondervan \$6.95)\*\*

Boen in Russia of Garman parents, Marta Zakher Linke kwed as the "enemy" through two world ware and the Russia Revolution. Her Baptist parents knew persecution both for their faith and for their nationality. This book gives good insight into what it was like to tive in pre-communist Russia and to experence World War II from the Gorman side.

Surviving the war was not enough; upon consistent of hostilities, Maria was imprisoned feet by the Russians because she was German, then by the East Germans because also came from Russis. Through bine years of interment her Christian faith and witness enabled her to go on living when dying would have been easier.

These two books, Under the SS Shadou and East Wind, will interest older teenagers. Encourage members to share and discuss the books with members of their families. One way is to ask family members to evaluate the books for recommendation to others.

Discretion and Velour by Trevor Berson (Fountain Books, Collins and World \$2.95)\*\*

Here is a comprehensive and objective look at religious conditions in the lean Companies of Easthern Europe. Just as the community form of government warter from one country to another, so does the church and the treatment it receives. This book is not easy reading, for it deals with historical facts; nevertheless, it is a must for those seeking to understand how God's church can arrive under persecution.

L'Abri by Edith Schneller (Tyndale \$2.95)\*\*

In 1948, Francie and Edith. Schaeffer assured God's call is leave their evengelical Presbyterian pastorate in St. Louis and go to Suitzerland. They were to minister to the generation growing up under a theology and philosophy that claims there is no absolute truth, that all is "relative." The word L'Abri, Franch for shelter, apthy describes the Schaeffers' ministry, for they provide aptrional shalter to those who come seeking asswers to ougettons about life.

Edith Schaeffer's book tells of the house they've created, the people who have come to it, and the wonderful stoctes of nanoward prayer and changed lives. Besides giving a good picture of postwar Switzerland and the problems of evangelicals in a supposedly free country, she longites that readers to have a look at

#### PLANNING THE MEETING

Prayer requests have been written into the material. Ask three members to present the information as it appears under the various headings, pausing when they reach a prayer request so the group may deal with it at that time.

During the meeting, use conversational prayer techniques (see p. 25, Missions Proyer Guide\*) to deal with the requests as they are mentioned. Pray each one through before moving on to the next one.

After presentation of material and conversational prayers, ask members to choose one or more activities from the follow-theough section (below) which, they will carry out as a group.

Close by reading names on the prayer calendar (pp. 42-48), again praying conversationally, dealing with one name at a time.

#### FOLLOW-THROUGH

1. Order a few copies of the leaflet Unofficial Missionaries — Christians Traceling Octracos (free from Foreign Mission Board Literature, Box 6597. Richmond, Virginia 23230) to keep on hand. Appoint someone in your group to be resposible for presenting a copy to members of your congregation who are planning a trip abroad.

2. Make a list of church families who are stationed abroad. Write to: Consultant for Laymen Overseas. Box 6597. Richmond, Virginia; 23230, and ask that each family is sent the Foratga Mission Board packet of material for their include in your request: name, employer, family memben, and ages of children for each family.

\*See order form, mage 41.

#### ROUND TABLE GROUP

their own spiritual purpose when compared with that of L'Abri: "To show forth by demonstration, in our life and work, the extenses of God."

Morie by Marie von Trapp (Creation House \$5.95)\*\*

The name Baronese Marie von Rapp immediately brings to mind pictures of Julio Andrews hiking and

singing her way over the Austrian Alpe. Yet, Marie von Trapp le a living, breathing woman. The Sound of Music, although a delightful family film, covere only one chapter in the life of this devout Catholic woman. In the book Meria we read of her early life, her activities in the Catholic Youth Movement, her disenchantment with religion, her days

in Austria, and her family's enter tion to the United States. The last chapter deals with her involvemen in the neo-pentocortal movements the Catholic church.

Baptist women should enjoy med ing the true story of Marie and learning of the similarities and & farences between their falth and Marie's "new" Catholiciem.

#### PLANNING THE MEETING

#### BEFORE THE MEETING

The books for this month give a balanced picture of Europe: pre-war - poelwar: Eastern Eurone -Western Europe: Protestantiem -Catholicism. Encourage members to read as many of the selections as they can.

Before the meeting assign four books, Under the SS Shedow, East Wind, L'Abri, and Morte, to individual members, asking each to give a five-minute review. Each reviewer should include some interesting factual information from the book and tell how God spoke to her through the book

Arrange for chalkboard or other vieus) presentation equipment.

Study Discretion and Valour.

This is your first meeting of the new year. Start K off right by getting members excited about reading books. Be excited and enthusiastic vouraeli.

#### **DURING THE MEETING**

- 1. Have members review books essigned.
- 2. In preparation for a study of church conditions in Russia, ask members to list ministries and activ-Hies of Southern Bantlet churches in the US. Record their answers on the chalkboard.
- 3. Read aloud to the group the list (in Discretion and Valour, p. 42) of restrictions placed on churches in Russia.

Add other restrictions and herasements which you have learned about from your reading.

4. Lead members in a discussion of how such restrictions might affect

Southern Baptlet work. Discuss how church work is hampered in the USSR.

5. Briefly point out how church itle differs to other Eastern European countries: i.e. strong Catholic church in Poland, the Lutheran traditions of East Germany, etc.

6. If time allows ask members to react to the question; when faced with government restrictions on the practices and obligations of religlove faith (i.e., evangelization, missions. Christian education children, social ministries), should the church (or an Individual) submit to the authorities or resist? Why?

#### **CALL TO PRAYER**

Read aloud Matthew 5:11-44. Is this not the position of Christians in communist countries today?

Ask members to pray that Christians under persecution will be etrong in their faith. Challenge them to thank God every day for the religlove freedome available to churches in the United States. Read the grayer calendar and ask membere to pray for each person listed that be/she will have spiritual discerament in dealing with government regulations.

#### **Book Forecast** Books for November

Peuce Child by Don Richardson (Regal Books \$3.95)\*

At the Foot of Drogon Hill by Florence J. Murray, M.D. (Dutton \$7.95)\*\*

Books for December Jost by Joni Eureckson (Zandervan \$2,95)\*

piritually? An Open Book to the Christian Divorcee by Roger H. Crock

It Hurts So Bad, Lord! by Andrew D. Leuter (Broadman \$3.95)\*\* Books for Jeaners The Single Parent by Vinglais

(Broadman \$2.95)\*\*

Watte (Revell \$5.95) Woman Alone: Epe Without Adm by Sarah F. Anders (Broadman \$3.251\*\*

"Members of Round Table Book Cleb get thank books antequation by, Also suglish through Haptist Book Stores.

\*\*Avallable through Beptiet Book Stern.

ring the sent 12 months the 8 fole only will concentrate on spiritual outh. This is a subject that is goth. This is a super that is integently discussed, but it is not always clearly understood. What does it mean to "grow aptritually"? Is it something the growing physically or mentally, or is it something altogether different? What are the marks of spiritual growth? How can a Christian know site is growing teach.

These questions indicate the imtance of deciding, first, what it ans to be a Christian. It is genereasier to explain how a person t it means to be a Christian. But

tual growth im

spiritual growth.

Romans 8 is a concentrated atement of what being a Christian involves. This chapter shows how the Christian moves from death to life. from being an outcast to being a child of God, from aimlessness to purpose in living, and from futility to

From Death to Life (Rom. 8:1-2, 13)

There is therefore now no condemnation" is one of the most reassuring statements in the Bible. The tion" means a death Those who rebel against God are reaching out to

BLE SILEN CROU

death begins in this eternal life. For eters elationship with Go relationship with God

dom from death in the here freedom from sin in the now (v.2). We may no

MA DARBO BRO

from the power of sin over us. The paralysing power of sin is seen when we say "I can't" abeat our fives, We do not recognize our own powers of growth, creativity, love, greatase. Why do so many paople fad in courage, is overcoming difficulties, while others rise to the heights? It is became the first group gives in to the chromataness that surround them, while the second group rises above circumstances.

Paul expinined this principle in versa 13. Paulis terms "Bash" and "Spirit" are often minunderstood. The "Spirit" obviously means the Holy Spirit. But the "Beah" does not mean our bodies. The Spirit stands for all that is like and power — for Godiliancess. The Seals stands for geakness and unlikeness to God.

Paul explained for the Christian sould escape from the boads of living the way of the flesh, He said that the Christian soust "mortify the deeds of the body." Phillips puts it more clearly for us: "If ... you cut the nerve of your instinctive actions by obeying the Spirit, you are on the way to read living."

This then is the secret: We get out of the rat zacs of living by our lastincia sed our weathersess as we obey the Spicit. And this makes good sense, Paopla who want to break bad habits often make the mistake of concentrating on those habits. But concentrating on a habit only strengthens it. Finding a different way to react — positively instead of negatively — will weaken the old responses. And this is what Paul meant for Christians to do.

This is the basis for spiritual growth. "Where there is life, there is growth," and there is no growth without life. And we know that we have life because we are "in Christ," and we walk by the Spirit of eternal life.

From Cutenet to Child (Rom. 6:14-17)

Paul did not dwell much on the "from" part of this contrast. He had spent most of the early part of his letter dealing with the fact that human beings were out of relationchip with God. They were children of God by creation, neads in his image (Gon. 1:26-87). But, like the Prodigal Son, they had all chosen to go their ewn ways. They had decided to live to a far country, out of relationship with their Creater and Father. So, although by creation they could not escape being God's children, by their willfalence they had become children of errath.

A person who departs totally from his parents' teachings and way of life to still their child by birth. But he to out of relationship, By his own will

Christians have eternal life NOW. We are free from the paralyzing power of ein which makes us say "I can't" or fall to recognize our pewers of growth, creativity, love, greatness.

he is an outcast. If he continues in this path throughout his life, he will die an outcast, no longer part of his family. This is a picture of the condition of persons without Christ.

But shose who are in Christ have a renewed — and even a new — reintionship with God. Paul gave three criteria by which Christians can know they are in a relation of sonable with God.

The first evidence is that we Christians "are led by the Spirit of God" (v.14). This bears out the fact that it is the relationably with God that counts. When we are living as children of God, we desire above all things to do the will of the Father. We are sensitive to the leading of the Spirit. We story not always do the will of God, and sever perfectly. But our wish is to live as his children, in obedience to his good will for us.

The account evidence is that as have the "Spirit of adoption" riths them the "spirit of bondage." The expressions again remind us of the Prodigal Son. When he came has left unworthy to have again the stell unworthy to have again to take so son. He wished to hiv set to his father as a servent. To put the feet under the servent's table in his father as a servent, to put to the father as a servent to the fast inter's home, to work to the fast, inr fields, to see his father's hore those were the highest ambittons is head.

But this was not the day his faite as whim. This was his beloved an come buck from the dead! His embad been se good se dead become the relationship between them we dead. Now the father was willing to restore the son to a place of heats to his son and hetr. He did this symbolically by putting shown on the sent feet (showing that he did not have work), a robe on his back (to infinite the dignity of his family), and a signer ring on his finger (to show his authority as one of the mester's cons).

Jesus described this new relation of the my a Jawish father would have acted. But Paul looked at this situation from the viewpoint of a Roman. And the highest position a son in a Roman homehold could have use not that of natural son, but of adopted son!

In the Roman family the fathers will was supreme, this minor children had no more status than his alayes did (see Gal. 4:1-2; readders for servant). The father could mittent his sone, distables there, could have them killed. And no law would trach him.

But if he should adopt a child, the situation was different. Now the child's status was protected by Roman law. If the law sold that this was the father's son, he could not be disinherited or discovered. No nation what he might do, or what problems might arise between him and be adoptive father, his place as a set was secure.

Paul used this powerful figure in

as children of God. They had been children of God through creation. Now they were children of God through his deliberate choice and will they were adopted?

Se Christians used not feel in "bondage" or "feer" God. Instead, they can boldly call God "Abba,

We are so used to thinking of God as Father that it to hard for an to realize the full power of the word father for God. It was Jesus who first used this term, first for himself and then for his disciples. For those who first realized they could relate personally to God as Father, the thought was singgestingly glorious.

The third evidence Paul gave was internal — heart to heart. He said that the Spirit "beareth witness with our spirit, that we are the children of Gad." Notice two things in the statement

One is that Paul switched from some to children. Some speaks of the formal relation — having the status at a son and hetr. Children speaks of the personal relation, the warm feating of closeness between parent and child.

The ercond thing to notice in that Paul streamd the Inward character of this witness. Often this is the most important, When all outward signs and assurances full, the word that is spoken within our hearts is the best. When we hear an inner assurance that we belong to God as his children, we can believe that securance, it comes from God through his Static

And so all of un who had wandered in a far country and have come bone can revel in the thought that we are God's beloved children. We are children of his just so Christ is his child (see v.29). And he foves us just as much as he loves that only-

'Romano 8:13 from The New Treatment in Modern English.© J. B. Phillips. 1948. Used with permission of the Moccollian Campany.

\*\*2 Cortathiana 3:18 from The New Testumers in Modern English, © J. B. Phillips, 1918. Used with permission of the Macmillan Company.

begotten Son. More, he shows his leve through giving Christ up for us all (v.32). With this relationship we have a secure bese from which to grow and a great ideal toward which to grow — our Elder Brother (v.29).

From Atmissances to Parpose (Rom. 8:13, 17-18)

An important theme in presentday novels is simileasness. Instead of having heroes who have problems to solve or difficulties in overcome, these novels present "non-heroes." These are persons with no aim in life, who are overwhelmed by cir-

"If God had a face, it would be the face of Jeans Christ." We, too, are the faces of God. To glorify God is to show who he is to the rest of humankind.

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cumutances. The novels generally end in frustration or simply stop. As often happens, art imitates life.

An often happens, and Imbasce life.

Airaleasness is a prime problem of
many persons in our society. But
Christians, whether or not they
clearly recognize the fact, have a
wital purpose in tiving. This purpose
is "10 glorify God and enjoy him
former."

What does it mean to "glorify" God? There are a lot of possible meanings, but perhaps it is best to get back to the original meaning of "glory" as related to God.

Exodus 33:17-23; 34:29 gives the account of the way Moses experienced God's glory. Glory there was the aplendor of God so far as man could comprehend it. And this glory. God said, was so excruciatingly bright that no one could experience thand live. It might be compared to

looking full into the our — and bulug struck falled.

Paul commented on this Old Reterment experience in 2 Contablians 4-5. Two verses in these chapters shed light on our purpose in glorifying God. Paul seld in 2 Contribians 4-6 that we have "the light of the knowledge of the glory of God in the face of Jasus Christ." In other words, Jesus shows as what God is like — his glory. Someone has said, "If God had a face, it would be the face of Jesus Christ."

In 2 Corinthiana 3:18, Paul made it clear that we, too, are the faces of God. Phillips puts it this way: We "reflect like mirrors the glory of the Lord." \*\* And as we mirror what we have experienced of God in Jesus Chriet, we "are changed into the same image from glory to glory." We move from one degree of glory, of showing God to the world, to averhigher degrees as we grow into the likeness of Jesus Chriet. So, to glorify God is to show who he is to the rest of humankind.

This is the purpose of the Christian as he grows toward "the Image of his [God's] Son" (Rom. 8:29). And our glarifying of God becomes our own glarification (v.17). Is there a small child who does not harbot the ambition to grow up to be "just like my daddy," or "just like my moning." This is the purpose of our living.

How is this purpose carried out? Paul made it clear that being glorified involves suffering (Rom. \$17). What kind of suffering? Do we seek out trouble or inflict pain on ourselves? Not at all. We suffer with Christ. This means we suffer as he did and for the same reasons.

Jesus lived his whole life in the context of doing the will of God. Carrying out this purpose brought him continually into conflict with the different standards and expectations of people around him. And the tensions that were created caused him suffering.

It is the same for his disciples. In following the leading of the Spirit,

orld. The tension causes adjustue.

But Paul assured his readers that the suffering they would undergo in this life would be as nothing compered to the plory they would have at the end of time (v. 18). And this is a great part of the Christian's vic-

From Futility to Victory (Rom. 8:18, 35-391

The end of a life lived in rebellion equinat God to death (Rom. 8:13). This is the ultimate in fatility: to put in a whole lifetime with nothing to show for it in the end.

But the end of earthly life for the Christian is the glory which is her inheritance from her Father (Rom. 8:17-18). This is the nitimate, it will

#### PLANNING THE MEETING

Alm: As a result of this study. each member should be able to state clearly what makes a person a Christian.

#### PIANI

At the beginning of the meeting, ask each woman to write out a statement of what it means to be a Christian. Urge the members to state their own ideas in their own words.

Then ask members to study Individually or in small groups the four parts of the Bible study. Ask the women to volunteer to study each of the parts. At the close of the study (about ten minutes), call on individual volunteers or spokeswomen from the groups to summarize what they have learned.

Then ask the members to revise. In the light of their study, their statements of what it means to be a Christian. Call on members to share their distements if they will.

#### CALL TO PRAYER

Incorporate into the preventine these ideas about the meaning of being a Christian, Call on three members in advance to be ready to pray for three things in the lives of the missionaries: (1) ability to lead

ed as part of the last fifthis study in this series. But what of the meantime? Do we have to walt till the end of time to only the victory which God has promised?

By no measu! The end of chapter 8 is a shout of victory. God bas already won the victory over all the forces of evil. And we share now in that victory. See Romane 8:37.

This victory comes to us in the form of God's love in Christ Jesus. His love to unconquerable. Paul piled up all kinds of catestrophes and troubles that might befall the followers of Christ. He spake of the persecutions that might well be the lot of those who suffered with Christ. He himself had gone through many of these trials. And he declared that In these experiences Christians are

Then Paul went on to rack to brain for other dispeters while might strike fear to the hearts men: death, unseen aphitual por ere, the unknown fature. At het, at In desperation, he threw in "es other creature." He ecomed to we to be sure that he included all fie created universe. Nothing in the universe, which includes everythin except the uncreated One, God his self, will be able to separate Gods children from God's love.

This is the ultimate victory - as the victory which we shall have a the end of time, but the victory in can know right now. For if we are secure in God's love, who or what can defeat se? "If God be for se, who can be against us?" (Rom. 8:31)

new Christians into better understanding of their relationship with God: (2) power to suffer with Christ as they face onn Christian environments: (3) awareness of the love of

After the names of introlonaries have been read, call on these three members to voice brief prayers.

God in their lives.

Many other Scripture passages deal with the same themes as Romane 6. Members may wish to do comparison Bible study, using other Bible passages along with the Bible study material. They may do this in email groups and then share insights with the total group, as suggested in Plan 1. Also, use from Plan 1 the opening and closing sections and the Call to Prayer.

Possible Scripture passages are: 1. From Death to Life: Romana 5:17-21; Ephesiana 2:4-10.

2. From Outcast to Son: Luke 15:11-24; Galattena 4:3-7.

3. From Almiesanesa to Purpose: Enhesians 4:17-24; 1 Thesselonions

4. From Futility to Victory: Romans 2:5-10; Revelation 21:2-8.

Members may wish to go deeper

into the theological truths related to what it means to be a Christian if so, a number of books would be helpful. Many such books may be found in the church media center (library) or the pastor's library. Others may be bought from you Baptlet Book Store.

## Writer

Writer for Bible study materiale this year is Valma Darbo Brown of

Fort Worth, Texas. She also is a conference leader and teacher specializing in religious education As an editor in the Sunday School Department of the Baptlet Sunday School Board for a number of years, she edited and wrote Bible study materials for adults. With her late husband, H.C. Brown, 4... she coouthared a book for Sunday School teachers, Preparing for Effective Bible Study. She in the nuther of Adult Bible Study materials on the Gospel of John for October-December 1977.



STUART CALVERT

Welcome to an exciting your of misletry and witness through mission ectioni

Ten years ago John Osborne, a chief probation officer, seked me a shattering question. He had opent the morning - between interruptions -- showing use files of youthful first offenders. He explained that the terapore had each made one outoue mistake. Unless their ideals and energies could be channeled into worthwhile purposes, they would make the same migtakes again and again. Repetition would ultimately lead to a criminal way of life.

"They need someone like you. Mrs. Calvert, to take an interest in them. By the way, the interruptions made me forget to ask, Why did you with to see me today?"

Lateramered. "I came for a list of initials of some inventle delinquesto. A group of women in our church wants to prov for them as we go about our cooking and cleaning."

Then came the chattering question. "Have you ever thought about doing something after you prayed?"

The question made me know I could never again be only a spectator in a study sension.

From the kitchen to the court is my own personal adjecey. It began in the warm acceptance of a Round Table group. Our group spent several months studying juvenile delinquancy. The end of the study was the beginning of my involvement as a volunteer counselor with delinquent youth referred by youth courts.

Involvement emphosized my need to train. Continual personal preparation. I found, is necessary to minister and wkness. As a learning woman I can say to other learning women that ministry takes discipline of your time, training of your mind, commitment of your will.

The mission action group material this coming year will provide help for every woman interested in mission action. Members of study and prayer groups involved in projects can use it. Members of misalon action groups using the suppestions for ongoing activities in the MISSION ACTION GROUP

group guidant will receive help for individual and group preparation. The material on these pages will also focus on one target area such stooth (beginning in November). The first coveral asouths will feature ministering and witnessing to percons in civils effections such as suicide threat, unemployment, loss of health. The second group of studies will be on ministering and witnessing to persons in different life-styles such as unwed patents, non-readers, prisoners and their feasilies.

One theme will give continuity to the monthly emphases, Lao-Tzu, a Chinese philosophes, made the observation: "Though I am different from you, we were born involved buith one another."

A woman hurries from one project to another, the rapid pace camoufleging her need to pouse and become involved with herself. Each month a section entitled "involved with Self" will suggest ideas for personal preparation for mission action. The emphasis will be on each woman's uniqueness. "in-volved with Self" will supplement the personal preparation actions deacribed in the Mission Action Group Guides.

A stoman enthusiastically enters into a ministry but folters because of lock of trolning. Each month a section entitled "Involved with the Group" will encourage mission action group members to mage monthly for training, sharing, planning. The amphasis will be on similarities between people which help us identify with othere. "Involved with the Group" will supplement the urientation actions in the group moldes.

Gad glass each woman a tolent or on ability for a purpose. "Involved with Self" makes us aware that the gift is not to edify self. "Involved with the Group" will equip us to use the gift. Even though we may be involved in different enforcings, we all deal with feelings of fear, fathere, aggression, insequency, loneliness. A section entitled "involved with

Others" will suggest ways to share our gift through specific ministries.

Involved with Solf

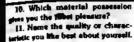
(For Individual study prior to the

Baptist women warr a variety of "hets." The hate identify as as tagl drivers, chefs. surses, caretakers, volunteers, referees, teachers — to name a few. The hete only symbolize various tasks that we perform. They do not make the women.

Take a moment to list all the "hate" you went. Describe youned?— all the characteristics that make you. But who is the woman wearing the hete? We need to pause and say, will the real (tweet your name) stand up? Who ask i? is a difficult question to answer. But the namez is necessary before we can become involved helpfully with others. Many forces, feelings, interactions shaped the traits that make a person different from everyone else.

Take time with this exercise that will help you recall the shaping - perfehices

- 1. Remember the house(s) partived in se a child? What was par favorite room? Why? Try to total what happened there sists smalls, sounds, and people stome to that room.
- 2. What one thing did you min most during childhood?
- 3. Which teacher influenced parmost? Why?
- 4. Except for the Bible, what best has made the greatest impression you?
- 5. Complete this statement The best advice I ever received war
- 6. If you could relive one day a your life, which one would it he?
- 7. What about yourself do you joke about most frequently?
- 8. If you could take one day of next week, how would you spend to
- What possession do you led most continuental about?



"I know who I am.
Not all I once supposed,
But more than I once feared,
Frauch

Enough for me

to rick

ta feel

to care

to anare
to have the time of my life
being me."

Billle Pale

lambed with the Group

(A) the meeting: to the mission action group leader)

Ask group members to be prepared to share the results of itsee questions in the "lavolved with Self section. If time permits or if the group is small, each member could discuss every question. The exercise with one another.

After completing the exercise. explain the material in the introduction: Involved with Self, Involved with the Group, Involved with Others. Allow time for questions and discussion. Emphasize that this will be a year of independent study so well as group training. Challenge mombers to accept the involvemente. A warning: One member may not feel ready to accept the challenge to total involvement. She may need to belong to another type of group. Ask members to consider this possibility. Your remarks will bely the woman who knows she seeds to change groups. Making the transition now to better than becoming discouraged and dropping out

Write the names of the birthday missionaries (see pp. 42-48) on slips

of paper. Put the slips into a hat and ask such member to select a name from the hat. Talk about the missionaries' varied responsibilities. Missionaries need to pause and answer the question, Who san ?? Pray that today they will find a quiet haven and time to be alone with God.

Close the meeting with a commiselosing service. Form a circle and follow the instructions below. Each member will need a copy of the following.

Each member repeats: Lord, I recognize that my "hata" represent responsibilities. I thank you that have the ability to fulfil various tasks. This year I will become involved with myself. I will seek to know the woman who wears the "hata".

Leader: Lord, we dedicate our abilities to you. Help each member strive to reach her potential in order to give glory to your name.

Member: I recognize the importance of being involved with other group members. I will support this group with my presence and my prayers.

Leader: Lord, we dedicate our training assatom to you. Equip us to be better ministers and witnesses.

Member: I commit mysell to invalvement with others. I thank God for the many ways he will use me this year to minister and witness.

Leader: Lord, we commit (nome of your community) to you. Send us out, prepared prayers and deers, with the awareness that "Though I may different from you, we were born involved with one another."

Do you know mount the availability of these materials for mission action groups? Study the lies and accure floor your group will need the comins year. (All are available through Espiter Book Stores: see onlies jurn. p. 41.)

Mission Action Group Guides, one for each of the following larget areas of groups: The Aging, Alcahol and Drug Alusen; Child Cart: Combating Meral Problems: Disaster Relief: Economically Disadvantages! Headthern; Internationals: Josentie Rehabilitation; Language Groups: Military; Nonreaden: Priyoner Rehabilitation; Resort Areas; The Sick.

Special Skills #3: Helping Persons Who Grieve Special Skills for Mission Action #1

(an individual study book)

Special Skills for Mission Action #2:
Wissessing Through Mission Action
Persons, Not Things: Principles of

Mission Action
How to Use Community Resources in
Mission Action

Faith Shoring in Mission Action

"Poem "Enough" from Touch Life (\*) copyright 1974 Breadman Press. All rights reserved. Used by permission.

Writter
Stuert (Mrs.)
Robert)
Calvert,
Ptedmont,

Robert)
Calvert,
Ptedmont,
Alabama, la
preparing
guides for
mission action g
the 1977-78 year

mission action groups throughout the 1977-78 year. She says: "I am a pastor's wife, mother of three children, and a volunteer in probation with the juvenile court. I like to stare at sunests and prepare feacy deserts. I eajoy music — from rock to Rachmaninoff." A popular WMU conference leader and writer of the series: "Personal Primms," Stuert is known to many Southern Baptist women.

ing discouraged and di later in the year. Calcudar of Proper Write the names of t

ROYAL SERVICE • OCTOBER 1977

Plan for or complete plans for members' manual study. Plan for or complete plans for enlisting new members. Plan for continuous leader training. Plan for recognition of new members.

Plan for member participation in individual reading plan. Plan prayer retreat for November. Plan Cooperative Program Dromotion

Promote Missions Night Out.

Plan to start new study groups.

Discuss the use of study Plans 1, 2, and 3.

Discuss reporting and record keeping.

Plan regular work of Baptist Women: Baptist Women meeting, mission action project, mission support activities, coordinate group activities,

Use suggested meditation.

#### Baptist Women's Day of Prayer

Participation in the Baptist Women's Day of Prayer, November 7, should not replace the regular Baptist Women meeting.

The day of prayer is an activity related to the Women's Department of the Baptist World Alliance. Baptist women around the world pray and give an offering for the work of the Women's Department.

Your plans for participation may include meeting with other Baptist groups: meeting as a Baptist Women organization; or meeting as a part of your church's rotal WMU participation (BW and BYW).

October, November, December

Dimension' carries the program material as an insert.

#### Records and Reports

Record and report forms are in the Baptist Women/BYW Record, Report, and Planning Forms.1

If the Baptist Women secretary or president has not been instructed in setting up a master member roll (using Member Record Pad' and Drop and Record Correction Pad'), read an explanation in Baptist Women Manual, 'page 43.

Annual reports are due October 1. The president completes them and gives them to the Baptist Women director (or WMU director, if you have no Baptist Women director).

Reports are made by Individual groups each month to the organization. These are in the Baptist Women/BYW Record, Report, and Planning Forms.

Monthly reports go from the organization to the Baptist Women or WMU director. Reports are based on the Baptist Women Achievement Guide. Organizations that achieve Merit, Advanced, or Distinguished ranking are recognized by the WMU council.

#### Foreign Mission Graded Series

The suggested time to study the foreign Mission Graded Series book, Bivers of Inil, is November 20-23. The study should always precede the Week of Prayer for Foreign Missions. WMU and Brotherhood will promote a churchwide study.

This book by Thomas W. Hill interprets the significance of publications as a tool for church development and evangelism. Provide each Bapdst Women member with a book for Individual reading. This could be done through the church budget or the Bapdst Women budget. Or each person could buy a book.

If too few Baptist Women attenthe churchwide study or if one is not offered, plan for a Baptht Women study of the book. Choose an appropriate time and place and select a teacher, it is suggested the the pastor teach the churchwide study. Invite him to teach the Saptis Women study If you have one. Encourage the teacher, when secured, to attend the association Graded Series Institute. Provide the teacher with a book! and teaching guide' and Resource Booklet (one copy for teacher available free from Foreign Mission Board Literature, P.O. Box 6597, Richmond, VA 23230). Ask the teacher to follow the suggestions in the teaching guide.

Publicize the study with articlesh the church bulletin, promotion in Baptist Women meetings and other church meetings. Send letters to church members. If you have a telephone committee ask them to contact prospects.

Make provisions for children include this information in publicity.

#### Missions Readathon

Mission study chairman: Spend ten minutes in the October Baptis Women meeting promoting individual reading of missions bools and magazines. Explain that Missions Readathon encouraged everyone to read about missions and in areas that expand horizon about the possibilities and problems encountered in missions work. Begun last February during

WMU Focus Week, Missions Readathor also encourages persons to buy books and subscribe to WMU magazines. Missions Readathon will continue until Focus Week in February 1978. (Baptist Women participation in Individual reading, however, will continue throughout the Teach Missions emphasis.) Ask your WMU director for details related to churchwide activities in which Baptist Women will participate.

Recognize persons who have been doing missions reading and encourage others (especially new members) to begin reading. Show members a sign-up chart like this

Rame Manazines Land Pumphists Social Books Seed

For a large organization, records of missions reading may be kept by groups. The mission study chaliman could compile the records and make periodic reports to the organization.

If you have a church media center director (librarian) ask this person to help by supplying a reading list or taking books to meetings to be checked out. If the church does not have a media center (library), women who belong to Round Table Book Club could start a Baptist Women reading shelf in order to share books with others.



2, and 3
To mission study chairman.
current missions group leader(s).

and Bible study group leader(s): Three variations in study plans are suggested each month for Baptist Women meeting, current missions group, and Bible study group. These three plans are included in "Planning the Meeting" at the end of the study material.

After reading carefully all the study material and "Planning the Meeting," choose the plan that will provide the best learning situation for your Baptist Women.

Plan 1 calls for a minimum of outside resources or extra preparation. You can follow the materials in ROYAL SERVICE and have a good study session.

If you're interested in doing something extra — in going beyond the basic plan, consider Plan 2. This means planning in advance, because visuals or other materials may need to be ordered or made; a social occasion like a meal may need to be planned.

Plan 3 will appeal to your organization or group if it likes to get into in-depth discussion and analyze questions. Plan 3 does not usually call for a great deal of preparation time.

Starting New Study Groups

As an officers council consider appropriate plans for starting new study groups. Choose a key Baptist woman who might take the initiative in starting such groups — a creative, qualified woman, one who is not already an officer, one who has a relationship with or who can relate to persons who will be group members. The president should approach the key Baptist woman and show her materials in ROYAL SERVICE which might be used by these groups. The key Baptist woman will not have an official

responsibility to the organization unless she becomes the group leader.

Possibilities for new study groups include:

AUNE FUSELIER

o Study groups in retirement homes and communities. Women who represent several churches may belong, let the group choose the person to represent them on the officers council of the brganization. This might or might not be the same person who leads the group study. Emphasize a shared leader role. Schedule meetings weekly or biweekly. Use NOVAL SERVICE in the meetings, Guide members in the use of Call to Prayer. Point out interesting feature articles to read each month.

Involve group members in other activities of Baptist Women: Weeks of Prayer for Home and Foreign Missions, Baptist Women's Day of Prayer, prayer retreats, Home Mission Graded Series, Foreign Mission Graded Series, reading of The Untening Woman I Ami Messages from God." and mission action projects.

a Additional study groups for women who are interested in belonging to more dass one group, for example, encourage women who are members of prayer groups and mission action groups to join a study group, too.

Ask women to join the group for just one year. (If interest persists, the group can continue.) Use an approach like this: join this Bible study group because we will participate in an in-depth study of spiritual growth teachings in the Bible. Caudons: Do not try to make this a permanent arrangement. Do not coerce women to join additional groups: let tt be a choice because of interest.

 Study groups for working women. Form study groups to meet

36

ROYAL SERVICE . OCTOBER 1977

at times when working women can attend: before work, at lunch, or immediately after work. Meet in an office, a conference room, a lunchroom, or a convenient restaurant. The group will be small. A leader may emerge from the group rather than be formally elected by the organization. The leader will represent the group on the Baptist Women officers council. Emphasize a shared leader role, with various persons responsible for study sessions. Use ROYAL SERMCE: groups can vary the study material used. Encourage members to do prior preparation for study so that the most can be accomplished in a limited time.

What Happens in a Baptist Women a Baptist Meeting?

A Baptist Women meeting (sometimes called a general meeting) is primarily for study, but other things happen. The agenda follows this pattern:

· Call to order and prayer (President presides.)

 Announcements and business (President presides. This part is brief. The real planning of activities is done beforehand by the officers council so that it does not take the time of the whole organization, it is not necessary to read minutes.)

 Study session (Mission study) chairman is responsible, though she involves other members, Study takes the bulk of meeting time never less than half of the time and preferably more.

 Call to prayer (Mission support) chairman is responsible. She leads the organization to pray for missionaries whose birthdays are that day and to pray for other concerns.)

 Discussion of mission action and direct evangelism projects (Mission action chairman is responsible. If the mission action or direct evangelism project suggestion grows-out of the study. It is natural for the discussion to come after study, rather than with other announcements. The basic planning of the project is done ahead of time, so that necessary information can be presented. The project itself is done at a time other than the meeting.)

· Preview of next meeting (Mission study chairman is responsible. Anticipation of the next meeting is created by a brief preview. This is also a good time to make any study assignments that are for the whole membership.)

#### Member Manual Study

This is an additional meeting. Since new officers have just completed Reptist Western Manual' study, let them lead the member manual study. Members should study Part I of the manual

Divide members into groups of four to five, and have an officer lead each small group. At the conclusion of study, join together for a time of group commitment.

Another suggestion: Each officer could invite a small group of members to her home for the study. Choose one week during which you will schedule all the studies.

Officer Spiritual Development

Read the Scripture verse and the names of missionaries listed in Call to Prayer (pp. 42-48). Pray for the missionaries; include other prayer requests. Recommend for officers' Individual use the article series "Christ in You?" which begins this month (p. 4).

Cooperative Program

Mission support chairman: Borrow the October Issue of The Baptist Program from your pastor. find an article in that publication related to the Cooperative Program. Read the article and share information in the Baptist Women

#### Recognize New Members

Work through the Baptist West director or WMU director to permission to recognize new Baptist Women members in Suns or Wednesday evening worship service. If this is not possible, plan brief ceremony for recognition of new members in the general meeting. Use five minutes. Give each Baptist Women member a Baptist Women pin," a copy of Bandet Women Manual, and a copy of ROYAL SERVICE? (or subscription blank\*).

Challenge new members with the purpose of the organization, Man them feet a responsibility to the organization and its purpose. (See ) 5 in Beadet Women Manual.)

#### Enlistment

Plan an enlistment activity relate to the Baptist Women meeting.

Make two lists: (1) All women in the church 30 and over who are not members of Baptist Women. (2) M members of Baptist Women. Ghe each member as many names of non-members as necessary in order for every prospect to be personally Invited to the Baptist Women

Read the October Baptist Wome meeting study material in ROYAL SERVICE (pp. 17-21). Choose three challenging facts or intriguing questions to capture the interest of the prospect. Make an attractive invitation using this information of use the information when inviting the prospect to the meeting.

Provide (through the budget) a CODY OF ROYAL SERVICE" for each Derson.

Follow through by writing each prospect a note.

Mission study chairman: Use ROYAL SERVICE for the Baptist Women meeting. Follow the planning guide (see p. 39) for maximum participation. Plan follow-through involve guests in the meeting.

#### Praver Retreat

Hovember ROYAL SERVICE WILL provide content for a prayer retreat. Use Missionn Prayer Guide' for administrative help. Administrative decisions to be made include publicity, time, place, leader, and length. Making good administrative decisions is as important to a prayer retreat as the content.

Officer Training

Baptist women often ask, "What do we study?" Spend ten minutes in officers council meeting in this

There are four areas of mission study. They are discussed on pages 6-7 of Baptist Women Manual." And them and identify them. Using this issue of ROYAL SERVICE, Identify materials for each of the four areas of

Missions Night Out Guessimate the total number of women, girls, men, and boys

enrolled in WMU and Brotherhood organizations in your church.

The national average is 10 to 15 percent of total church membership. Not too good if we're trying to provide missions education for the whole church.

One plan for involving more Southern Baptists in missions is Missions Night Out. This two-year plan will take many different forms.

informal groups will form, based on lifestyles, interests, age groups, neighborhoods, or other factors which draw people together.

Discussions, studies, same nights. poduck suppers, mission action, missions vacations, and other ideas are suggested in Missions Night Out Resource Booklet' (available after Sept. 1).

Your pastor, WMU director, and Brotherhood director are probably making plans now for launching Missions Night Out with a special banquet with a strong missions emphasis. People in your church who should be concerned for

missions but aren't - these folks should be prime targets for the banquet and for Missions Night Out.

Urge Beptist Women members to volunteer to help form Missions Night Out groups, invite friends and associates who need the missions challenge. Influence "natural" leaders to take charge of groups and enlist their friendship. neighborhood, or business groupings in the church to share in Missions Night Out with them.

'See order form below.
'Order from Woman's Missionery Union. 600 North 20th Street, Birmingham, AL 35203. Price: \$3.50 per year, single copy subscriptions outside the US, add 754 for postage and handling. Subscriptions ed for one of two years. Alabama subscribers add necessary sales tax.

\*Order from Women's Missionery Union, 600 North 20th Street, Birmingham, AL 35203. Price: \$4.00 per year, single copy 454. Please anclose remittance. For subscriptions outside the US, add \$1.50 for postage and handling. Subscriptions accepted for one or two years. Alabama subscribers add necessary sales tax Tree on request from state WMU offices

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ith Sharing in Mission Action	.30
w to Use Community Resources in Mission Action	7.5
e Listening Woman I Am: Messages from God	1.50
ember Record Pad	.65
Mission Action Group Guide: The Aging	150
Alcohol and Drug Abusers	1.50
Child Care	1.50
Combating Moral Problems	1.50
Disaster Relief	1.50
Economically Disadvantaged	1.50
Headliners	1.50
Internationals	1.50
Jananage Crossos	0 5
Military	1.50
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Missions Prayer - de	2.00
Persons, Not The	R
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aching Guide	
Action #1	1.00
ecial Skills for I	1.00
Special Skills #3: Helping Persons Who Grieve	1.50
Working in a Missions Group	.35
Other Items:	
7	$\parallel$
	H
On ash orders, figure delivery	
12.00 to \$5.10, add 75¢	Sales tax
over 100, and \$1.00 Delivery at	d handle



Missionaries are listed on their birthdays. An asterisk (\*) indicates missionaries on furlough. Addresses of missionaries are listed in Missionary Directory, free from Foreign Mission Board Literature, P.O. Box 6597, Richmond, VA 23230, or in Home Mission Board Personnel Directory, free from Home Mission Board Literature Service, 1350 Spring St., NW, Atlanta, GA

#### 1 Saturday Acts 11:19-26

"Prayer is the greatest untapped resource of our Baptist churches," said a foreign missionary. "We are grateful to Woman's Missionary Union for the biggest effort of all in getting people to pray." Let's remember these words all through 1977-1978.

Mrs. David Claybrook, evangelism.

Mre. Elbert T. Davis, church extension. California Gladys Larue Farrar, Baptist center.

Daniel M. Hernandez, Spanish,

Texas Mrs. Robert L. Smith, retired, Texas Max N. Alexander, business administration, Thailand

Rodney E. Batie, agriculture, Ivory

Mrs. Ronald N. Boswell, music, South Brazil D. Fredrick Harner, preaching, North

Robert D. Hazzard, business administration. Indonesia

Mrs. Richard H. Kinney, home and church Switzerland Helen McCullough, retired, China, Mrs. Don J. McMinn, home and church, Korea Gerald H. Milligan, medical, Gaza

Lillie Rogers, student work, Sings-C. Lamar Tribble, preaching, Chile Teddy E. Yarbrough, preaching

#### 2 Sunday Ephesians 4:11-16 Samuel and Marian Longbottom

served almost 14 years in Vietnam. Now in Talwan, they write: "Our special prayer request is for each of the mis sionaries who formerly served in Vietnam and are now in other missions fields -that God will enable them to share his great love with many others. Pray for the Vietnamese Christians, Pray for the churches of Taiwan and evangelistic

ts to reach great numbers of peopravers, but adults in Baptist churches in New Orleans need your prayers. and Lee Ashworth, director of also," says Bill Sumner, youth and family services director, "God can Mrs. T. J. DuBose, retired, California speak to them and then the Holy Spirit can urge them to share their life and T. Howard Potts, church extenlove with the Mikes and Marvs of this

great city."
F. M. Cassidy, retired, Virginia tarold Rutledge, Sellers Home, Mrs. Bertie Fair, retired, North Mrs. Lowell Wright, rural-urban mis-

Mrs. Jack Lee Heath, rural-urban den R. Evans, religious education, missions Kanens William E. Sumner, director of youth rehie V. Jones, preaching, Ecuador

and family services, Louisiana Prank W. Sutton, retired, Arizona Calvin H. King, journeyman, preaching, Ghana Jimmy L. Barrentine, preaching, muel F. Longbottom, Jr., busi Paraguay nistration, Taiwan

Mrs. Raiph T. Bowlin, home and Mrs. Samuel F. Longbottom, Jr home and church, Taiwan Everett H. Croxton, English lan-Donald L. Orr, music, Colombia

guage, France
Hubert A. Fox,\* preaching, Thailand
Mrs. Jimmy J. Hartfield, Baptist
Spanish Publishing House, El Paso, Mrs. Larry D. Phillips, home and church, Hong Kong Mrs. Hugh H. Young, home and church, Japan

Texas Russell B. Hilliard, preaching, Spain Mrs. Charles M. Hobson,\* home and church, Argen

Mrs. Glen L. Johnson, home and

church, Argentina
Mrs. Franklin A. Kilpatrick, home and church. Zambia

Linda Phillips, education, Taiwan Mrs. Edward B. Trott, music, North

H. Von Worten, preaching, Indonesia

5 Wednesday 1 Samuel 3:1-10

"There is speculation and rumor that in the next few years the door to missignaries may be closed in Indonesia," writes Yvonne (Mrs. C. T.) Stephens. Jr. Please pray that Baptist missionaries in Indonesia will be more diligent and faithful than ever in witnessing and

James L. Benson, language missions, New York Susan Brock, US-2, church extension.

New York
Johnnie P. Coffey, retired, Oklahoma Herehel H. Henkel, director of ruralurban missions, Arizona

Thomas Lowe, retired, California Mrs. Abdise Mora, Spanish, Texas Mrs. Lillian Robertson, retired

Mrs. C. Ray Frye, home and church, Malaysia Mrs. A. Amelia Giannetta, music.

Mrs. John D. Hopper, home and church, Austria

J. Donald Mason, education, Zambia

Mrs. Donald H. Rodmon, home and church, Costa Rica Mrs. C. T. Stephens, Jr., home and church, Indonesia

6 Thursday Matthew 25:31-40

Deaver M. and Dorothy Lawton served in China, Thailand, and Taiwan. Now retired, they live in Ridgecrest. North Carolina. Wesley and Geraldine Lawton served in China, Hawaii, and Talwan They now live in Dallas Toyas The two men are brothers: the two women have October 6 birthdays! Pray a prayer of thanksgiving for these two

Jerry Potter, deaf, North Carolina Mrs. Boris Rock, Slavic, Pennsylvania Helen Stuart, secretary, Panama Canal Zone

Mrs. Ellis Turner, metropolitan missions, New York

Isam E. Ballenger, field representative. Euron C. Donald Doyle, preaching, Costa

Marcus L. Driggers, \* business admin-

istration, Chile Ruth Ann Hall, medical, Nigeria Mrs. D. Leslie Hill, home and church.

Philippines
Mrs. Deaver M. Lawton, retired, China, Thailand, Taiwan Mrs. Wesley W. Lawton, retired,

China, Hawali, Taiwan Janice Parker, journeyman, student

work, Japan Gerald F. Riddell,\* preaching, Chile Mrs. James A. Williams, Jr., home and church, Mexico

7 Friday Matthew 28:16-20 "Malaga, Spain, with about 400,000 inhabitants, has one Baptist church," says Dorothy (Mrs. H.W.) Schweinsberg. "In June a new mission was inaugurated. Thousands of families live in high-rise buildings in the section where it is located. Pray that the mission may prove to be a place where many people come to know Christ as a personal Saviour, and that a new Baptist church may be established for the glory of God!

Donald Julian Brown, director of rural-urban missions, Maryland Mrs. Clarence Buie, Indian, New

S. L. Faulkenberry, center director,

Joseph Clifford Harris, director of metropolitan missions, California Mrs. Lowell F. Lawson, Christian

social ministries, Michigan Donald Justin Rollins, Eskimo,

4 Tuesday Isalah 6:1-8

rch, Upper Volta

rural-urban missions, Utah

Monday Acts 8:26-39

William T. and Patricia Dunn write

from Lebanon, where he works with

Baptist Recording Studio, Beirut: "In

1978-1979, we will launch a thrust of Arabic programming into every Arabic

country in the Middle East, the Arabian

Peninsula, and North Africa. We hope

in starting at least 15 house churches in at least five of the major countries of this

region. Pray that God will bless the

Arabic people whom we have been

Mrs. Fleet Belle, National Baptist,

Mrs. Vernon Mocks, retired, New

Candido Rangel, Spanish, Texas Mrs. Frank J. Baker, home and

Mrs. J. Franklin Baugh, Jr., \* home

and church, Tanzania
Joe W. Bruce, preaching, Honduras

Larry E. Davie, education, Nigeria

Mrs. William T. Dunn, home and

Mrs. Ray W. Eitelman, home and

Jerold E. Golston. preaching,

William L. Jester, retired, Nigeria

called to serve.

church. Zambia

church, Leba

Equatorial Brazil

that the broadcasts will be instrument

A teenager named Mike has been helped by a volunteer called in by his probation officer. He has begun to believe that someone really cares about what happens to him. "Mike needs your

Mrs. Jurry M. Stubbleffeld, Chrisearles, South Carolina C. Ballard Watte, Indian, South

Mrs. Michael J. Lodbotter, home and church, Mexico

J. Marvin Louch, education, Indoors James A. Lumeford, ratingly Brack Harold E. Beafram, preaching, South

Mrs. Heary W. Schweinsberg, home and church, Spain Mrs. Bobby C. Spangle, honce and

church, Liberia Mrs. H. Thomas Dutton," home and

church, Colembia Marie Von Leas, education, Nigeria

#### S Saturday 2 Timothy 4:1-5

"I work mainly with mothers," Ellen (Mrs. Dickson) Yagi, Japan, begins. "I meet them in kindergerten which our son attends and at elementary achool where our daughter is a third-grader. Japanese mothers are left in charge of households for long hours while tothers are away working. Their handest rueponelbility to the children's education. The race for the best schools begins early. These mothers need prayer, but so do the children who are somet pressured to perform beyond their abil-

Mre. Claude Mennesses, retired. Towns

Mrs. John E. Hubbard, Indian, Ok-Mro. William M. Builedge, Spanish,

New Mexico Mrs. J. Fraderick Spann," home and

church, North Brazil Mrs. Juck E. Tolar, Jr., home and church, Nigeria

Mrs. Dickson K. Yogi, home and church, Japan

#### 9 Sunday Bomana St. 3.2

Lloyd K. Spencer, retired home missionery in Rockford, Elimote, explored the need for a chaptain program in health-care centers and nursing homes in that city. No chaplain was available. During recent months a program has been developed. Pray that this salatery may be enlarged and established to other centers."

Mrs. Thomas Bobart Belote, Christian secial ministries, California Joo L. Buckmer, deal, Kentucky Anthol Espinoes, Specials, Florida Mrs. Victor Leije, retired, Texas Deway E. Magfield, Christian social ministries director. Alabama fee. Poble Niete, Spenish, Texas Mrn. Eugene Sloan, Spanish, OkLingd &, Openson, rutired, Elizale Jimmin D. Honton, preaching, Kenya Mos. William H. Humber, home and church Janes

Derethe Latham, social work, Faustorial Brant Bro. Jarry W. McAtoo, home and

n Nicholo, journeyman, education.

Mrs. Dudley A. Philar, home and church, Malauri Bobart V. Roberte, preaching, Pensons

#### 10 Number Colossians Likeli

Just last month James Newall protect in Orlando, Florida, to begin Christian uninistries in resort areas, including Disney World. Pray for this young sonn who as a US-2er undertakes a two-year prime missions assignment.

tro. Bicardo B. Alveres retired Frank M. Chase, retired, Mas-

Mrs. Ashal Enginees, Sannish.

Mrs. Mildand F. Kally, retired, Geor-

James O. Newell, US-2, special mission coinistries, Florida B. Ciyde Rechett, parter-director,

Massachusetts Radolfo Rodrigues, Spenish, Texas Mrs. Conrado Comero, Spanish. Terms

Tions An This Indepenter California David Berner, Spenish, Wisconsin James W. Coell, general administration, Hong Kong

Mrs. M. Jackson Day, home and church. North Brazil

Decemp Garrett, education, Japan I, Franklin 1886ch all, preaching, Chile J. Lord Mone, education, Equatorial Brest

Mrs. Decial B. Bay, home and chutch, Kowa Mrs. Robert M. Shores, home and

cherch. Japan Mrs. James B. Sinch, home and church, Philippines

#### 13 Tanaday Hobrews 6:12-20

Margaret (Mrs. Archie) Dunaway is teaching and directing the first class of maternity assistants at Sanuati Bantlet Hospital, Rhodesia. Alter one year training these numes will take government executations for registration in midwifary. "Oh, how I need the power of the Lord in this endeavor!" writes Mrs. Dunaway, "Pray also that this school will eventually expand into a training program in basic nursing. Another mis-

sineary nurse, qualified in sursing the cation, will be needed to start a chart nursing. Who will answer the las-

Jane Dos Conko, director of trai

dans bos course, apocrer or ess urban missions, (misses, Mrs. LeViers Basser, mourtain, Nessi, Mrs. Poter Mang, Chinese, Califors Mrs. Frank E. Mandes, Spanish Co.

oraco Lute E. Quille, Spanish, California Mire. B. J. Williamson, chepinia

Mrs. John T. Adems, home mi church, Kenya Robert B. Barker, education, in

ernela Janes D. Brynn, publication, Spain V. Walton Chambleon, Baptist Spa-lah Publishing House, El Pass, Jan-Mrs. Bichard C. Dicharman has

and cheech. Ecuador Mrs. Archio G. Dunaway, dr. pare Physical

Obie B. Dyches, preaching, Chie Todd C. Hamilton, education, Philip place

Mrs. Donnis P. McCatire, muit Paragrav Oran C. Bobloon, Jr., preachte.

Liberia Mrs. Bobart C. Sheers, house ad church, Japan

#### 12 Wednesday Pealm \$2:37-84

"We have grown to love the peeple here," writes Dozothy Dell (Mrs. Hee ard) Shoemake, Documbican Republic 'In our church we have a madea center, where patients can come mi pay just one dollar (pero) to see the doctor and receive medicine her. The also have two primary schools call bookstore." Pray for the Shoemake.

Mrs. Robert H. Dawling, home se church, Chile

Hurbart C. Edminster." education

Robert A. Holdfield, " preaching lab Mrs. Alten L. Hood, home and church, Thelland

Poul D. Los, dr., radio-TV, Spain Mrs. Done W. Moore, home and church, Philippines

Mrs. Bussell A. Marris, bomt at

church, Singapore Jeraid W. Perrill, preaching, Thailani Mrs. Howard L. Shoamsks, how and church Dominican Republic Mre. Langte Turger, home tel church, Zambia

Mrs. Grover F. Tymer, Jr., home and church, Philippines

tt Thursday God 3:12-17

Desirate has been described as creek ing a glass wall which outs deal people of tem others. Southern Baptists have mer a docum unteriornaries working with the deaf, including Jerry and Eride St. John who serve in Columbia, South Caroline. They need our prayers.

Juny St. John, deaf, South Carolina Lantes C. Boud, English language,

Mrs. Bobart T. Golmon, home and church, Philippines Mrs. James D. Hamaler, home and

church, Paraguery L Carter Morgan, education, Hong

Hen. Balord L. Nichola, retired. China, Indonesia Mrs. Desce B. Pertie, home and

church, Equatorial Brasil Mes. Oz J. Quick, house and church. Talmag

Mrs. Joers A. Bankin, home and church, Indonesia Evelya Behwarts,\* californ educa-

tion. Indonesia Rebert W. Simo." business administoulon Ghann

Mrs. Robert M. Stuckey, home and church, Indonesia

Mrs. Pete J. Teherasehoff," home and church, South Breat Elizabeth Truly, education, Nigeria Mrs. G. Kannoth Varner, home and

church, Taiwen No. Guy B, Williamann, home and church, Mexico

#### 14 Felday 1 Poter 3:6-16

"Last year my husband's prayer toquest was for more missionaries for the Gelas Beld. A comple and a single rolerionury came," rejoices Hilda (Mro. George) Cowsert, Brasil, "The Espirito Seets field which had no relectorary. livited us there to work. I will continue setting for WMU periodicals and working with women." Pray for the Countrie on their som flold.

Michael P. Maywood, director of youth and invally services. Virginia Mrs. James H. Mare, Christian social ministrice, West Virginia

Brooks W. Kep, Christian social mintstries director, Texas desea H. Shope, director of church

Witneson Kanaga Mrs. Dwiehe L. Boher, home and charch, India

Carl W. Bachtold, construction. Liberto

Mrs. William A. Backham, home and church, Thailand

Marthu Ann Bloogt, education, South Breed

Men. Stanloy D. Clark, secretary. Argentina W. Burton Cook, Jr., \* preaching.

Internal Mrs. Moneya B. Cownert, home and

church, South Brazil

R. Konnoth Evenson, Beptini Span-ish Publishing House, El Paso, Tenna Har. Orman M. Guppan, \* home and church, Equatorial Brazil

Mrs. Thomas O. High, home and church, Nigeria Mrs. W. Carl Manker, home and

church, Talwas Mrs. Donald M. Slerns, home and church, Maxico

J. Bood Cotton, music, South Brazil

#### 15 Seturday Jeroseleh 17:5-8

In June, Otis and Martha Brady began work to Relies a Carthhean country recently entered by Southern Baptisin. They request "prayer that our lives will be daily filled with the Holy Spirit so that he can direct up in ploneer work in Ballion Progressive the Lord will some and call some key young people to preach. Pray that our lives and witness will be a blessing to the other Christians in Be-

Bobart Nyberg, Spanish, Colorado L. L. Bichardoon, retired, Taxas Gele W. Brudy, prenching, Belien Martha Hagaed, doctor, Nigeria Mrn. Bobart C. Honaley, home and church, Panama

Carol Hanson, religious education. CMA Mildred Lagouron, religious educa-

tion. Mecan Mrs. Darrell F. Ooberne, home and church, Nigeria Mee. H. Michael Owen, home and

church, Gustemala

#### 16 Sander Posts 37:1-9

Mayo Brown, associational director of extenions, Salt Lake City. Utah, requests "prayer that the Lord will lead us to semeone who can serve as director of our Christian Concern Center, u weekday ministry for senior citizens, preschoolers, and youth." Franklie Man Bason, Baptist center,

Mre, Cartle L. Belend, Spenish,

California Mistee Masse Brown, director of metropolitas missions, Utah Mrs. Candido Geneales, Je., Span-

Mre. Ivan Dollann, Spanish. Al-

Mrs. Burtt Pettur, metropolitan misstone, Marylane

Mrs. Carrell H. Adams," dorm pa-

rent, Liberia
Her, W. Jodiann Minie, Roptiet Spenthru Neutonia Minie, Roptiet Spenthru Nicholag House, El Pesc, RazaRabert L. Mardy, preaching, Chile
Hers, Eugeon B. Mimier, Jr., hence
and church, Veneruela

Mrs. Willem E. Kooke, home and church, Yemen Babby G. Manee, music, Colombie

W. Barry Neely, preaching, Equatorial Brack Mrs. Harold E. Syenose, home and church, Philippines

Mre. Bop P. Starmer, bome and

#### 17 Monday Hobsews, 2:1-4

From James L. Burnham, farnel. comes this request: "Please Include in your prayers the Bootlet Village, o parameter conference complete, and retrent center autoide Tel Arriv.

Elirata A. Alvarado, Spanish, Texas E. Franklin Brooms, weekday miris-

try, Kantucky Mrs. Lastah Valdiria, retired, Tense Mes. C. B. Beard, home and church.

L. R. Bench, dr., greaching, North Bregt James L. Burnham, projeching, larged Mrs. J. Dale Carter, education, North

Brazil Mrs. James E. Crittonden, home and church, Philippines

Mrs. Tod E. Cramer, home and church, Liberia Mes. Samuel M. James, home and

church, Feet Asia Edmand B. Moons, medical,

Men. J. Konnath Park." home and church, Chile Mee. P. Colvin Parker, home and

church, Japan 2. Don Booos, dorm parent, Nigeria Edward O. Sandors, preaching, in-

Bay E. Shelton, preaching. Urugwy B. David Bruitt, mate, Mexico

#### 18 Tonodo: Romans 1:8-17

Evelon (Mrs. Gary) Harthcock, Autigun, writer: "Blogitimacy is prevalent here. Many teenage giele become mothers; some 18-year-olds have two or three children. I work with Beptist Young Women in our church, I also work with teenagers at one of our missions. These who are Christians would put us to shows with their year and dedicat but many have not accepted Christi I need prayer to help me know the best way to communicate with them God's plan for their lives."

Mrs. Cartur E. Boardon, deal, Georgie Roy Enturline, National Baptist, Ok-

lahoma

Tempy Bardin, retired, South Carolina

Pirs. Norman H. Languten, US-2,
special mission ministries, Oregon

M. E. McGinney, director of restropoliten mission ministries. Navada-

ropolitan mission ministries, Nevada Majer V. Means, director of razalurban missions, Arkons Jaman Margan, Christian nocial

ministrica director, South Cerolina Robert Planskatt, Christian social ministrica area director, Washington Rodolfo Rojes, Spanish, Artena Joch I. Washington, Christian social

ministries director, Alabama
Mea. David P. Daniell, home and
church, Mexico
Mes. D. Carter David M. home and

church, Grenada L. Byron Harbin,\* education, North Brazil

Mes. E. Gary Harthouck, home and church, Antigua Mrs. Juniorous A. Los, home and

church, India James F. Lesger, English language, Turkey

Jack L. Martin, preaching, Thalland Mrs. Corf E. Pats, home and church, Teltran

J. Thomas Warrington, preaching, Costa Rica

Mrs. James A. Yarkswugh, home and church, Nigeria

Nova (Mrs. Ed) Thomas, La Junta, Colorado, la concerned about the parants of the children and young people who sitund mission services. "The young people read snooursgement in their Christian living from their parants. How can these parants help when they don't know the Lord?"

Mes. John T. Davis, sural-urban missions, New York

Mes. John T. Permete Challeton and J.

Mrs. John T. Bysnott, Christian social ministries, Tennessee C. L. Hannhaw, Jr., director of paral-

Delans M. Byata, director of curalprism missions, South Carolina Delans M. Byata, director of church extension, New York

Mrs. Ed C. Thomas, Spanish, Col-

David B. Warren, Indian, Oklahoma Smean Carl, Journeyman, medical, Yamen, India

James L. Houses, preaching, Kenya Mrs. Dald C. Lindstrom, house and church, Venszuela

Charles W. McClettand, preaching.

Rhodesis Mrs. W. B. Sherwood, ratired, Brazil 20 Thursday 2 Chronides 20:3.

"Frankly, I have so many preyer requests that it is difficult for me to nerrow them down to a special one." Prey sald one missionery homemaker. Prey for the five missioners homemaker. Prey for the five missionaries today who help tell the good news of Jeaus by witnessing through home and church.

Miro. Yatao W. Camphall, Christian social ministries. North Carolina Bamiro Espinosa, Spenish, Texas Mro. Jamao K. Underwood, Spenish,

Mrs Mexico Mrs. Laster C. Bell, home and church, Portugal

Mrs. Trent C. Butler, home and church, Switzerland Mrs. John C. Calbonn, dr., home and church, Guam

W. Lewrap Cooper, retired, Argentina Mrs. Edward J. Parkle, home and church, South Brasil Mrs. J. Loud Moon, home and

church, Equatorial Brasil Dudley A. Philer, preaching, Malawi Edgas J. Thaspe, preaching, Hong Kone

21 Friday Lube 17:1-6

William I. Barkley, Jr., superintendent of missions, Waldorf, Maryland, writes: "Establishing new congregations is our number one priority. A part of my work is to serve as founding pastor for these congregations. We have a good of one new church-typs mission each year for the next five years. Prop that God will lead us in selecting the size, obtaining the resources, and developing new missions."

William I. Barkiny, Jr., director of rural-urban missiona, Maryland Carria Bocklaman, retired, Georgia Mrs. Charles Celm, rural-urban mis-

tions, Wyoming
Emnico Haath, Baptist center, Tennes-

Suby Miller, Spanieb, Florida Bidney Smith, Jr., National Haptist, California

Antenia Hilarto Valdes, Spanish, Virginia Mrs. Preset E. Brown, Sr.,\* home

and church, Bahamas Charles A. Collins, preaching,

Gustamela Mrs. David A. Holton, home and church, Mexico

Annie Haever, religious education, Japan Mrs. William P. Malens, Jr., dome

parami, Argentine
Mes. Richard W. McDade, home and
church, Colombia

Mrs. Major C. McDaniel, dv., home and church, Korea

and church, Kores chi Jerry E. Moye, education, Hong Kong Jose

22 Saturday Moveleties 34.2

Please pray that we will be strength to do the work the Lord hatted do," requested one unisities. Pray this prayer for each person so, has a birthday today.

has a birthday today.

Jos Arizona
Nima Gillespie, Chiness, Arizona
church steresian, Arizona

Mrs. Charles E, Magrades ropolitan missions, Ohio Mrs. J. Howard Taul, Christian acid ministries director, Kantucky Mrs. Mosac A. Valdos, Spanish

North Carolina

Williams, National Baptis,
Louisiana

Mrs. 2. Byres Harbin home sai church, North Brazil Mrs. 2. William Rayes home sai church, Mexico

Mrs. Thomas J. Konnedy, education

Kenya Mrs. H. G. Margrett retired, Arms

Hubert B. Tutum, English language,

23 Sunday Lake 5:1-11

Bertie Lee Kendrich, ratized, son serves as a volunteer representative of the American Bible Society in her church and the surrounding area in Spindale, North Carolina. "I rejoke in this opportunity to make available The Bible in Today's English Vension set other materials to a growing number of specific who are interested in Bible study. Pray that I may have health and strength to help get God's Word out to lost world."

lost world."

Isolae A. Bast, retired, Texas

Mrs. Ellas Daigade, retired, California

nia Mary Ellanboth Duna, US-2, chircle externion, Alabama Mrs. John Fortin, US-2, Christia

Pers. John Ferrin, US-2, Christian social ministries, Georgia Deborah King, US-2, Christias social

ministries, Louisianu Mre. Doan Premett, Christian mini ministries, Illinois Nrs. Jaco L. Racalos, kindergetta,

Toxes

Mrs. Spurgeon Sutumey, 3r., outday ministry, Virginia

G. Webster Carrell, preaching.
Uganda
Wibad H. Canadan, construction.

Nigeria

church, Philippines
Josephine Harris, retired, Hensi

Mrs. Othe M. Hall, home and church,

Columbia

Burtis Les Kandrick, retired, Hewall

Benid K. Loing, English language,

South Brazil

Brs. Benjamin H. Lawten, howe and church, Italy Brs. Rebert E. Parker, Jr., home and

church, Rhodeste Mrs. Bobby E. Minmons,\* home and church, Philippines

24 Houdey Panim 119:105-113 Carl Holden, Christian social ministries director, is in his seventh year in Mercestar, Mansachusetts. His ministries range from literacy training to hot lunches and Bible study for senior citisun. Also he works with alcoholics and visits shut-ins. Pray for the Holders.

Agent Agriege, retired, Texas Mes. Weldon I. Barnett, rural-urban missions. New Mexico

Mm. Drus Casarez, Spanish, Taxa.
Delina V. Haggun, Indian, Mississippi
Carl Helden, Christian social ministres director, Massachusetts

Mrs. H. Duana Ivoy, church extenrion, New Jersey Michael Narando, Indian, New Mexico

Michael Narango, Indian, New Mexico Mrs. Otha Winningham, area missions, Minneauta Hashari L. Barrett, business adminis-

tration, Talwan Itra, Dallas L. Bateman, home and

church, Kenya Glas T. Bayd, music, Kenya Mry. L. Rayman Brothers, retired.

Nigeris Mes. Ciles E. Buttumare, \* home and church, Costa Rice David M. Culemare, husiness adminis-

tration, Rhodesia Chaulas W. Dickson, education, North Brazil

North Brazil Wagne C. Hollenbaugh, Journeymen, religious education, Liberta

First Reymond D. Horme, home and church, Togo Nes. B. Johnson, retired, China,

Indonesia John W. Morrist, English language.

Germany
Herold E. Mitchell, dentiet, Tanzania
Luther M. Maryhiw," English language, Germany

Sunge, Germany Nes. B. Lynn New, home and church, Taiwan

D. W. Oerick, retired, Uruguay James W. Smith, prenching, letzel John W. Umberger, Journeymen, preschip, Tanzania Charles W. Wiggs, business adminis-

bellon, Kores

18 Tanoday Paalm 37:23-31 Marths (Mrs. Harold) Lewis, Sutham, has had a "aick" year. Her requests include "prayer for physical health and strength that I ruight be able to minister to the spiritual needs of the people with whom God has called me to

Podze Arvambide, Speniah, Trzue dames Bowen, Indian, New Menica Juan Dittmar, retired. Oktoborus Lowell F. Lawoon, Baptist center,

Michigan
Mira. Eichard McQueen, Christian
social ministries. South Carolina
Mes. Kaponoba McLumoto,

Japanese, Texas Baberi L. Smith, retired, Texas Pire. V. Watton Chambiane, Haptist Spanish Publishing House, El Pago,

Mrs. Harold W. Lowis, home and church, Surinam Passell A. Morris, preaching, Singa-

pore
John A. Purker, preaching, Chile
Margarat Famble, coctal work,
Equatorial Brazil
Led D. Wylia, music, Philippines

26 Wednesday Luke 15:11-24

"Since we first came to Morocco, we have seen religious liberty come to Spain," writes Arlene (Mrs. Merrel P.) Callaway. "Pray that we might ose it come here. My husband preaches in English to two congregations in two cities. We have recently purchased a bookstore which can (raport Bibles, All these ministries need your prayees." Kannach Chadwich, Spanich, New

Mexiko John Couper, deaf, Indiana Alten Dallete, Spanish, Illinois Gennala H. Graupera, Spanish,

Florida Larry W. Mignes, Baptisi center. Logislana

Birs. Blokerd Wilson, Baptist center, Louislans Mrs. John L. Bice, ratired, Brazil Mrs. Marrel P. Callaway, houst and

church, Morocca Charles G. Campbell, radio-TV. Rhodesia

G. Doos Dickens, English language, Philippines Kanngth L. Good," business adminis-

tration, Philippines
J. G. Goodwin, Jr., mission adminis-

tration, Korea Charles C. Hardie, education, Taiwan Ervin E. Hastey," presching, Penama Gay Jalmose, Journeyman, education, Konua

Robert J. Page, education, Philippines Ann Pearce, none, Paraguay Mrs. Willem R. Swan, home and

church, Hang Kong

Delbart L. Taylor, preaching, Colombia

Thomas D. Turnbull Journeyman

Thomas D. Turnbull, journeyman, religious education, Spain

27 Thursday Romans 15:22-29

"November 8-10 our first state Native Baptist Conference convenes in Fair-banks," writer Valeris Sherard, Aleaks.
"We need prayer that nestive Baptists will become excited about ft, Pray that the meeting will be Spirit-directed each the people be an filled with love and compassion that they will want to win others to Christ."

otorer to Crime Baker, director of metropolitan missions, Artsona Márcea Castre, Spaniak, Texas Lazare Garcia, Spaniak, Colorado Mrs. William Ganald Locke, turni-

urban miestone, Kansen Mro. Gene Snachen, kindergarten.

Texas Valeria Sherard, Eskimo, Alaska Mrs. Ngrusead Wateshesses, church extension, Connecticut

extension, Connecticut

Otive Allem, retired, Hewell, Thelland,
Vietnam

Mrs. Karl D. Babb, home and church, Rhodests Babby D. Evans, preaching, Malaysia William P. Malawa, Jr., dorm parent,

Argentina

Mrs. S. Thomas Tipten, ratired, Tanzenia, Kenya, Uganda

28 Friday Job 31:1-13

Ron and Peggy Pinkerton moved to Winston-Salem. North Carolina test towards a few and the sale of the

Statutes Station, etudent worker, Illiprote Dayld Mannes, Spanish, Terzes Mrs. Romald J. Pin igeriana, Christian social ministries, North Carolina Danied Eag Zealler, Christian social ministries director, Kentucky Engels Mannes, myse, Indonesia

29 Saturday Isainh 30:15-21

Mes. Churles G. Taher, nurse, Kares

Eugene R. Krieger, Pine Ridge Beptiet Center, Topeka, Kaesaa, aharee need: "Pray that one day we will acquire more space by building the lated of facility that is needed. Pray that is the rementions we will have parlance and windows in setting

1

priorities for those needs that we can resistically soluter to." Marthe Thomas Ellis, retired, Gene-

gla Engano B. Mrioger, Christian social ministries, Kanana

Mrs. Warren Danne Prott, Indian, Ohleheesa

Mes. C. Don Bilbery, home and church, Antique

Robort B. Comphar, preaching, Philippines B. H. Palwell, education, Hong Kong

David L. Miller, preaching, North Brazil Jemes Miller, religious education.

Ecuador
Josephine Word, retired, Chine.

Tolwan

#### 20 Sundey Lake 17:11-19

Rebekah Lambert, Korea, propores a Bible study each week for a group of ten comen at her church. "We are doing a wrvey of the Bible — all 66 books in a year's time. Pray for me and pray for the women, most of whom ear young Chrisstans. This type of study would be hard arough for me in English; to Korean you can impagise!"

William J. Austin, director of reralurban missions, Colorado

Nrs. Bessell Richardson, evangeliem, Mamechusetts Nrs. Elisso Bedrignes, Spanish.

Florida
Claude N. Roy, director of metropoliten missione, Michigan

Marry E. Bjed, education, Guatemain Dwight C. Clark, preaching, Babburge

Margaret Fetrhern, women's work. Liberta Mrs. Russell B. Hilliard, home and

church, Spain

Bobokah Lambert, medical, Koreo
Francia L. Lamber, education, In-

Francis L. Lowis, education, Indonesia

J. Themse Narman, preaching, Co-

Nanosh Plowden, retired, China, Hawaii

James M. Richardson, education. Kenya

Mrs. J. W. Bichardson, Jr., doctor, Nigeria

#### \$1 Monday 1 Corinthiana 18:9.

A recently retired missionary couple where, "We miss Louisians and our work there so much — even more than we thought we would." Pray for all retired wissionaries, including the three having bribdeys today.

Mrs. Mamis Cabanies, retired, Louisians

Maron Both Marone, US-2, church extension, New York

Pire. Antento Bodrigora, Spanish, Ohio Mrs. Robert Tramaine, church exten-

Roseld St. Ballard, preaching,

Peraguay
Mrs. Hebert B. Berker, home and
church, Venezuele

Anita Coloman, education, Japan Mrs. Objo D. Dyches, home and church. Chile

Bobart T. Galmon, music, Philippines Mrs. Donald B. Johnson, home and church, Equatorial Brazil Jamos D. Johnston, prenching,

Nigeria Mrs. Charles L. Hiller, home and church, Philippines

Sophia Nichola, women's work, South Brazil Mes. A. Banjamin Olivar, retired,

Brazil, Angola Mrs. Sharred S. Stever, retired, Brazil

Writer

as Call to

Prayer writer. Her church, Sandy

Ridge Baptiet, and missions have

Even after Illness restricted her to

bed and wheel chair, she has kept

up missions participation through

correspondence with missionaries. She says, "Geographically, I didn't get far; but a loving heavenly

Father deviced a magnificent plan for the world to come to me via my

Richardson lives with her father in

the 100-year-old home in which

she was born in Monroe, North

mailbox." A widow, Mrs.

Carolina.

her writing and her personal

been very important in her life.

ROVAL

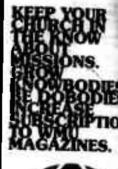
SERVICE

readers wel-

come back

Richardson

Verne G.





### E DALERT E DALERT EADALERT EADALERT EADALERT EADALERT EADALERT

<sub>Breathe</sub> on me, Breath of God.

Fill me with life anew, That I may love what Thou dost love, And do what Thou wouldst

-Edwin Hatch

"Breathe on Me, Breath of Gad" is the UNU byen farthe year. The watchword for 1977-78 in lantah 40:31. Why not adopt a personal reading plan this year in keeping with the WMU emphasis? Spiritual growth to theme. Much help is available in the area; the secret in finding the help is to stick with a regular quiet time of study, meditation, and prover.

Reading to a basic part of such a discipline. Offered here are recommendations for reading that could carry you through a whole year; clip this page or cave it to guide you in a year's reading program.

\*Follow Velma Brown's Bible study helps and Mirlam Robinson's stricles "Christ in You?" month by month in movat SERVICE

\*Check the Round Table group pages in ROYAL SERVICE when opin fural development in featured — December, March, June, September. "Book Forecast" indicates the ites three months in advance.

"Choose at least one of the following books for personal study (all except those marked "out of print" are available through Baprist Book Stores; also check public and church (livaries):

Seekers After Motore Faith by E. Glenn Himson (Broadman \$3.95). Subtitled "Deepening Devotional life with Help from Christians of Past and Present," this book provides helpful guides to study of the devotional classics from the early Christian era to the twentieth century. (Out of print.)

The Practice of the Presence of God by Brother Lawrence (Reveil \$1.95 and 75 cents). This is one of the classics presented in Hisson's book above.

Why Line the Christian Life? by T.B. Maston (Nelson \$3.50). A fresh interpretation of Christian concepts

such so the nature of God, his love, and his will.

William Barclay: A Spiritual Biography (Eerdmans \$5.95). The great English Christian shares his life as a Christian author and teacher as a journey of personal inth.

A Serious Coll to a Contemplative Lifestyle by Glenn Hisson (Westminster \$2.85). Answers to such questions as Why pray? What does prayer do? Suggestions for meaningful activities based on presser.

From Here to Maturity by John lohee (Brondman \$1.95). To help the reader grow in a Christian life-style, personal awareness, commitment, and devotion to God.

A Diary of Prioate Prayer by John Ballie (Scribners \$3.95). Here see 62 prayers expressing the confession, gratitude, and humility of those who want help in putting their feelings into words.

Real Life in Christ by T.B. Maston (Broadman \$2,25). Devotional Bible studies offer help in solving everyday problems through Christion faith.

"Use your favorite Bible version so part of your spiritual-growth reading. Consider also at least one additional version you have not used. Here are some that are available:

The Good News Bible (Today's English Versian) (\$3.95 and \$4.95)

The New International Version: New Testament (various prices, beginning at \$3.95)

The Living Bible (paraphrased) (various prices and editions)

The New Testamens in Madern English translated by J.B. Phillips (various prices) Z 7710 F
DARGON CARVER LIBRARY
127 FTH AV N
NASHVILLE TN 37234

# BOLD

## ARE WE?

June Whitlow

Let the Church Reach Out — Bold Mission" is a plan supported by all Southern Baptist Convention agencies from 1977 through 1979. This emphasis calls for the commitment of every Southern Baptist and every church to present the gospel in every county and state in America and in every nation.

This is a bold goal. Is it possible? Yes, if every church member makes a bold commitment of witnessing, teaching, and reaching out.

October 2, 1977, the first Sunday in this two-year emphasis, has been selected as a "Bold Day of Commitment." This day can set the pattern for a church's involvement in this effort to reach America and the rest of our world for Jesus Christ.

On this day church members will be confronted with the needs of our world; they will be shown the resources which the church has to meet these needs; and they will be given opportunity to make a personal commitment to a Bold Missions thrust. This will call for

a personal response from every member of Woman's Missionary Union

Woman's Missionary Union is serious about this Bold Missions thrust. Bold Lottie Moon Christmas Offering and Annie Armstrong Easter Offering goals for 1977-79 have been set. Realizing that financial resources are necessary for such a thrust, WMU challenges Southern Baptists to give \$34,000,000 to the 1977 Lottie Moon Christmas Offering and \$13,000,000 to the Annie Armstrong Easter Offering.

Some of the other activities which WMU is promoting are: Bold Missions Information Center, Career Missions Volunteers, Missions Prayer Retreat, Prayer Partners, Missions Night Out, All these projects depend on the commitment of each individual.

Bold Mission says these things are possible, but only with your help. Will you make a commitment now?

Mine Whitlow is assistant to the executive director, WMU, SBC.

# ROYAL SERVICE

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