ROYAL SERVICE January 1978

North Central Missions
Winging Ambitions for
Missions Advance.

How many people in your church never study about missions?

Why not try a new approach to make missions come alive for many in your church who should be concerned about missions but aren't?

A new opproach? It's called

VOLUME LXXII

Canadian geese are frozen in flight over the Greet Lakes region by the pan of artist Marty Bibee: a re-minder of the "winging" ambition of North Central

states to double mission work in their area by 1990

"Give me your tired, your poor, your huddled mass yearning to breathe free, and let them speak English Beptist women can help.

COVE

PRONTIES Barbaro Casteel NUMBER 7

JANUARY 197







HELEN FLING PACKS POR ACTION Lane Powell Breaking new ground to a

way of life for the new Promotion Associate in New Areas.

tra) states have an ambi-tious goal for 1990. You can be a part of this advance.



MUSSION ACTION GROUP Stant Calvet Divorce is producing many single parents today. They need acceptance and sup-

MISSIONS FACT PINDER



CURRENTS

Missions news, spiritual development, and officer helpe in a 16-page section

EDITORIAL STAFF . Lane Por Prester, Editorial Department Anderset: ART STAFF + Mart Blount, Director, Publ Services D Director, Education Director, Education Director, Education Director, Education Director, Education Director, Education, Auxiliary to Southern September 184

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MENT THE Judy Spechies
Collors Colton has a 15story missions field in the
DC area, where she does a
different kind of "jobby-

PARTNER Sign up now for person involvement in the Nort Central Advance.

CHRIST IN YOU Mirian Rabinson Spiritual resolutions can change "someday" into

PORECASTER

CALL TO PRAYER ROUND TABLE

young widow tells be she coped with her husband's death and adpartment to life as a single paramet in this morth's book



PRAYER G High Adventure and F.O.O.L.S. are new unique to



CUILLENT There's nothing slow about the South; including its population growth. Churches stretch to keep

There's no power shortes in God's promises.

Activities like Dinner Theater. Musical Missions Night Out, Build and Operate a Good Time Wagon. Games Night, Missions Trip, Missions Prayathon, and World Missions Fair are part of Missions Night Out. MNO involves people in missions praying, missions giving, mission study, mission action. MNO is for families,

groups of men and/or women, couples, single adults, senior adults, youth. They get together informally, on the basis of their lifestyles, ages, neighborhood, interests.

Explore the suggestions in Missions Night Out Resource Booklet.* Urge Baptist Women to volunteer to help form MNO

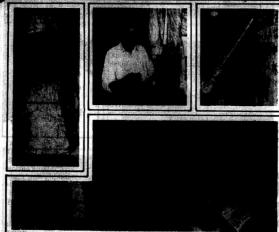
groups. Invite friends who need the missions challenge Make missions come alive in

your church. Take a Missions Night Out.

*Missions Night Out Resource Booklet is available from your Baptist Book Store, \$1,00, See order form, page 48.

ANEW STATES OF THE STATES OF T





"Give me your tired, your poor, your huddled masses yearning to breathe free."
AND LET THEM SPEAK
ENGLISH

Taking pride as we do in words on the Statue of Lib which have welcomed count immigrants to our shores, we we to add that phrase.

Consider what happens to newcomer — the effect, his a knowing English has on the m basic of our freedoms. Is he able worship freely, in a church of choice? Is he free from want, able compete for and hold good jobst he free to express his opinions, vote? Is he free from fear, free discrimination, from those would take advantage of his ignance?

Wet Them Learn English
In the hundred years prior
World War I, over 35 million peo
came to our country from abro
each bringing with him much of
own nation's customs, culture,
language. If there was a "traditio
attitude" about English dur
those early years, it was "Who cu
what language he speaks as long
he does his work and obeys

This was all to change, though with the passage of quota laws 1921 and 1924, laws which reflect the growing isolationism spreads

across the land.
Still they continued to come as do until this day. And they try prove themselves, fit into our eture, live by our customs, and le English. But they have come to different America: an America where there is no longer a fronto which national groups can grate together; an America whitechnological advances hereally lessened the need for skilled labor, and, in fact, he

greatly increased the number of unemployed Americans; a country more suspicious of the ounsider, less willing to listen to ideas expressed with a broken accent, less able to offer a helping hand to all in need; an America with increased awareness of language and education.

In this new America, all systems depend on the use of a single language, English. And no one would seriously challenge the need for one language; otherwise, our schools, coarts, and commerce would be reduced to chaos. But that attitude about language, a kind of take-it-or-leave-it amugness, has blinded us to our responsibility. When we say, "Let them learn English," we must be sure there is a means by which they om.

s It Our Responsibility

It is always easy to place responsibility on someone else's shoulders: "They asked to come here. Let them worry about learning our language," is the prevalent attitude.

But do they really come of their own free will, without outside influence or solicitation? Did you know, for instance, that American companies and furm corporations run add in the newspapers of Poetto Rico asking for farm workers, scampareases, and other laborers to come to our fields and factories? Or that American colleges encourage foreign students to apply by sending posters, brochures, and sometimes even representatives abroad? And let us not forget that political asylum has been granted thousands in the last decade.

No, today it is not simply a question of the foreign citizen deciding freely to apply for an entry permit. America may have taken in the welcome mut; but her comparties, agencies, and colleges continue to eay, "Come!" And they come, thousands each year, legally and illegally, educated and unakilled, with their families and without, for three months and forever.

hat Help Is Currently Available?

Only a limited number of the foreign-language-speaking adults in this country can take advantage of free instruction in English as a foreign language (EFL). This free instruction, for the most part, is sponsored by the Adult Basic Education program of those school districts with large numbers of non-English speakers. Some civic and church groups scattered scross the nation have recognized a local need and responded with free EFL instruction. Again, though, keep in mind that no more than 16 to 15 percent of the thousands needle EFL training are able to find class available locally and free of charge.

For the approximately 90 percent for whom no free instruction is available, then, some type of private instruction must be sought. Some are fortunate and find sympothetic friends or family members who will tutor them free. Some like private tutors, costing from \$3 up an hour. Some erroll is commercial language inatitutes. Still others are fortunate enough to live near a college where EFL classes are offered.

Some may ask why a foreigner living here year after year oan't just pick tap English from watching TV, conversations with neighblors, shopping, and so forth. It sultion works that way, I knew intelligent and well-educated North Americans, for example, who have lived in Puerto Rico for crossy years and still can only just get by in stores, sek directions on the street, or greet sequaintances and sak the time of day. They cannot read Spanishlanguage newspapers, follow TV programs, or hold interesting onn-wrsations with nationals. And the Spanish they do speak is, all too often, the kind that makes the included

No, unfortunately, one seldom just "picks up" a foreign language. To really learn it well enough to understand what you have said be understood in turn, to losow more than just the words of the street, one needs some type of directed instruction. This is particularly true of our linglish language. It is one of the more difficult to learn as a fossign language. Just consider the problems you had learning to spell 23 sounds for five vowels. How more difficult it is to learn to promounce them!

ust Who Needs Help?
In this article, school-age children have been excluded because they have access to our public schools, many of which have begun bllinguid programs to aid them as they more ahead in their general, education and, at the same time, learn linguish. Even in those areas where bilinguish programs are available, however, the drop-out rate for

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the teenage sons and daughters of these non-English speakers continues above the 50 percent mark. These unfortunate teens, called "murginal people" by sociologists because they lack job skills in either their native language or their adopted one, walk the streets and drift from one mental teak to another. English-language training might not solve all their problems but it would surely eliminate the barrier which keeps them from continuing their education or from holding a decent job.

The parents of these teens and children need our help, both those who are at work every day and those who stay home to care for little ones.

Our biggest mistake, though, would be to ossume that only those in low-paying jobs or an welfare need this kind of help. Consider, too, the university student from abroad, the new doctor at the clinic, the karate instructor at the local gym, the Vietnamese bride down the street. These, too, often have real needs, especially in understanding what they hear.

A few years seo, while studying at a Midwest university, I met many adult foreign students, sat with them during class, and walked and talked with them after. At first, I assumed, as do most Americans. that they were completely at home in their second language, that they had no problem understanding the lectures and discussions. From their smiling faces and polite attention, it was easy to take for granted their ability to comprehend.

I remember how shocked I was when, toward the end of a graduate course in education, a mature,

well-educated woman from Venezuele told me she had understood so little of the lectures she had not been able to take notes; she had lotted down only those few items which were occasionally written on the board, or those she could hastily copy from a neighbor's notebook. Now, with the final exam nearing, she feared she would not pass the course. Naturally, I loaned her my notes and helped her during those few remaining weeks.

Was hers, though, an unusual problem? I began to observe more carefully my foreign friends and discovered that the college teacher from Iran, then in his second year toward a doctorate, regularly copied his notes from an understanding neighbor. The Colombian priest, who always staved after dass, waited to ask his questions in private, fearful his English would not be understood, that others would laugh. One young woman from Thailand had misunderstood her major professor's verbal instructions at the beginning of the semester, had enrolled in the wrong courses, and was, at midterm, leaving for her homeland feeling disgraced because she had wasted half her grant. I talked with only a handful in comparison to the thousands in our colleges; but they all agreed that help in listening comprehension and taking notes would have made their learning much easier.

Those needing help with English live almost anywhere in the US. It is no longer true that the foreignlanguage-speaker lives only in New York or Los Angeles. While the largest concentrations are still in perhaps ten of our major cities, in ever-increasing numbers visitors from abroad are moving to states, into towns as well as citi on farms and ranches, where there are jobe they can do.

hat Can We Do?

start. Understanding how it may feel to fail to understand when pur ple ask questions as you shop kneel in prayer, to ask the Lu-"How would I feel if my bushes were transferred to Tokyo or Paris Who would come to help me?"! understand is to know the answer

And that answer is found is knowing what questions to ask. D foreign-language-speakers live, your community or neighborhood if so, does your community provide the means by which these edul may either learn or improve the English? If such means are avail able, are they offered without charge and easily accessible to the in need? Is there perhaps a specific group — teenage drop-out mothers with small children, versity students — who cannot to advantage of what is available?

Could your church undertake, the name of Jesus Christ, the tealing of English as a foreign language to those in need? The program

yould be sustained by the love and ard work of those courageous volinteers who dare to try and by the utpouring of appreciation from hose reached. You will find that oreign-language-apeakers are so hankful for whatever you do for hem that they eagerly do whatever on ask of them. They are highly Understanding is the best way motivated and will study hard, realzing that each lesson will benefit hem immediately.

ple ask questions as you snop at the best teachers or ungum we stop to sak directions on the structure the fear you experience each time the phone rings; the frustration not understanding your own characteristic phone in the structure of the structure who come home from school is school system or a church, are singing and shouting in a unintal ligible tongue. To understand is a structure of the The best teachers of English to be truly sympathetic, overcoming resic knowledge of English prejudices and stereotypes white gammar, and genuinely went to cloud the mind. To understand ist work with and become involved in kneel in prayer, to ask the Lorente lives of people of other culures.*

New Frontier

Many years ago, our country's ravest men and women dated to toss into a great unexplored region - the frontier. In crossing, they tradually pushed it farther and arther westward until it no longer existed

Today another frontier demands ust as much courage and daring as he old. That new frontier is the varrier created by language differences within our nation's borders. On the other side of this language parrier lies freedom for everyone with equality under the law, inreased respect and understanding, people working together in peace and harmony for the good of all. How, then, shall they call on him in whom they have not believed? And how shall they believe in him of whom they have not heard? And how shall they hear without a preacher? And hearing, how shall they understand except someone be sent to teach them? (paraphrase of Romans 10:14, 15).

Mrs. Contact tearlism English as a foreign desynapt a Vollay Baptist Academy, Hartingen, Brists.

visco estates or should plus for a warm waterstown. Contact Mildred Blankers n Board, 1550 Spring St., N.W., Adhart

The workshop is 16 hours to length, fens-day period. It includes helps for mor of other cultures, leachelgase for the ing pards of students, how to place for



ROYAL SERVICE . January 1976







DEBBIE BAIRD

Bernice Elliott, Friends call her Bernie, or Bernice, or Miss Elliott. They all translate into "Bold,", "Ploneer," "writt!"

As WMU's Promotion Associate in New Areas from 1961 until her retirement in August 1977, Bermice Elliott traveled the United States, working primarily in the pioneer awas of Southern Baptist work (areas where Southern Baptists have entered since 1941)

Her calling to denomina bonal service has spanned 33 years. Born and educated in Texas, Bernie was Young People's Secretary for the New Mexico WMU from 1944-1960 before coming to the promotion associate's job headquartered in Birmingham, and jointly sponsored by the Woman's Missionary Union and the Home Mission Board.

Starting out in a red station wagon loaded with projectors, posters, manuals, and WMU materials, Bernie was often on the road two months at a time. She would sometimes park her care in Deroit, Chicago, or Columbus and fly to another engagement — only to return later and continue her assignment by car.

The congenial Fromotion Associate often found she accomplished much in conversations with people — pastors and their wives, Wolfer interiors — as the staved in their humas

"It was in these visits that I received the greatest blessings," recalls Miss Elliott. "I was more able to understand the needs of the people as leaders shared their experiences. I often felt that the best work we did, in many instances, was over cups of coffee—just talking."

Because Baptist work was new in the areas of Bernice Elliott's concentration

she experienced many firsts: the first prayer retreats in Alaska and lowa, the first GA camp in Montana, the first Acteens retreat in New England. She has been present—and influential—in the four new state WMU organizations and several church fellowships.

"One of the most meaningful experiences I can remember was the Sunday I chief the Manhattan Baptist Church in New York when they lettered out 102 members to become the Bergen Baptist Church in New Jersay. We lett Manhattan and drove across the George Washington Bridge to Bergen for the constituting of that new church. More than ten times the Manhattan church all but depleted its membership to begin a new congregation," she recounts.

Whether in New York or New Mexico, Bernie found common needs. Yet some needs are significant only to a specific area.

"It would be impossible to pinpoint any one area to say it was the most needy, or that I enjoyed working there more than any other place," she says. "In every section of our country people are working heroically to meet needs. My greatest joy has been working alongside state WMU leaders in each of the new states — riding long miles, talking about our work, meeting with women in churches and associations, establishing new organizations and encouraging others.

Work in the North Central US (Illinois, Iewa, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, and Wisconsin) is a good example. In an effort to double all Baptist work in that area by 1990, the North Central states requested help from the WMU, SBC. The WMU responded by designing four special projects: Prayer Partners, Share the Leader, Mission Action Workshops, and Mission Tours.

Bernie was given the task of gets the projects underway. Leadership i responding enthusiastically to these plans, and volunteers are being enlist as prayer partners for missions projects.

Bernice Elliotr's first opportunity a conduct advanced WMU leadership maining in a ploneer state was in Indiana. There she was "deeply impressed with the good work we observed."

When on leader training trips she often made two or three meetings one day. In the midst of one such jet in Ohio she got into her little red station wegon, drove to Detroit. Michigan; parked her car; and took plane west for an annual meeting engagement in Salt Lake Utah "Flying back to Michigan I found Frances Brown (WMU executive director) ready for their annual meeting in Flint. The work in Michigan was growing so rapidly a had to get more horsepower to keep's with it - she traded in her Rambler h a Buick. I parked my red wagon as rode with her." After participating the Michigan annual meeting, her itinerary was resumed in Ohio. Wim did she rest?

Over the years the travel pattern, changed, but not Bernie's enthusias or involvement. As WMU work progressed and states employed WM directors, Bernie's role became that a consultant, though she continued a speaking engagements and assisting leader training conferences.

A whole family won to Christ ... attendance doubling and redoubling Missions meetings ... youth group and recognition services being stred in the first time. For Bernie, there are almost as many experiences as there amiles logged.

These experiences make one humble and grateful in the presence dedicated pastors and workers in pioneer areas. They have enriched a

And you have enriched ours, Berne

Mike Baird is new persited for Wamen's Missianszyl Ausliery to Southern Baptes Convention, and se of State Baptiss Charth Center Point in Birmings.



HELEN FLING PACKS FOR ACTION

LANE POWELL

"We can no longer be proxy missionaries, if God is calling us to be personal missionaries," said Pastor Robert Fling to his wife, following a 1968 Home Missions Week of Prayer observance in their church.

An unsolicited call from the Home Mission Board during that same week wealed their commitment, and Bob and Helen Fling launched an eight-year person-to-person relationship with Baptist work in new areas and with Bernice Elliott (See story opposite).

When the Flings moved from the AOYAL SERVICE • January 1978 century-old First Baptist Church of Cleburne, Texas, to the newly-constituted Westchester Baptist Church in Chappaqua, New York, in 1968, it was a kind of culture shock. But the Flings had no time to dwell on their adjustment; they noticed another group in Westchester County facing a greater culture shock than their own.

"When a Japanese grocery opened in White Plains, we realized that Japanese families were all around us," Helem explained. "The men, executives in Japanese companies, commund to Naw York City daily. Because of language burriers or cultural shyness, wives were totally isolated from the English-speaking community and from each other."

The Plings called on the Home Mission Board for training and a mission action group of Westchester Baptist Church began a conversational English program. Enrollment graw to over 60 in a very short time.

During this same time, Helen Fling was also thinking WMU. This was as netural as breething, since Helen was completing a six-year term, 1963-69, as President of Woman's Missionary Union, Auxiliary to the Southern Baptist Convention.

She had witnessed the concern of Maryland and Ohio WMU leaders in resching out to the fellowship of churches in New York, Connecticut and New Jersey, which later became the Baptist Convention of New York. She had seen the supportiveness of the Home Mission Board in providing a WMU Promotion Associate for New Areas.

As "Laborers together with God," the two state WMU staffs and Bernice Elliott had cerried on the task of training lendership and organizing WMUs in churches and associations.

In 1969, Helen was present as Bernie conducted the organizational meeting of WMU Baptist Convention of New York. The state president elected at that meeting served only a short time befurs she and her family moved out of state. The second person elected completed part of a term before her husband was transferred overseas.

Helen then agreed to serve as president of the state's WMU. She served from 1971 until 1976, when her husband retired from Home Mission Board service as pastor-director of Westchester County, New York.

"Those eight years as home ministrates were to hard, so happy and hikmines, so rewarding, that we longed to contribute something to foreign missions as well," explained Helen. So, in August, 1976, the Flings boarded a plane for Munich, Germany, whate they were to serve a year's special satigument as volunteers with the Foreign Mission Board. Their field of service: the Brighth-speaking Beptist church in Munich.

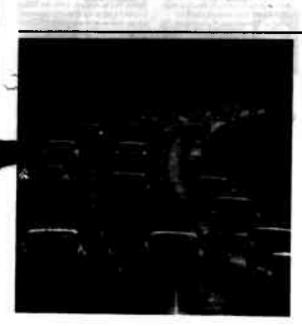
Hales organized a WMU, starting with Baptist Women, and GAs later. "ROYAL SERVICE has never meant more to me," also recalled. "We had It subscriptions that were sent to the church. When they would finally orale it through the artists German stull system, we would calabrate. We fought over those precious magnituse, and shared them all around."

Toward the end of their year's assignment, another unexpected invitation was insued to Helen Pling: Would she come to Birmingham, as the WMU Promotion Associate in New Areas, as successor to Bernice Ellioti who was retitine?

"We have often apoken of God's delightful surprises," said Helen. "This is certainly true in regard to our move to Birmingham. We loved our ministry in Munich, and were tempted to extend it at the invitation of the Foreign Ministry in God's plan. Bot looks forward to opportunities that have been mentioned of supply, Interim, associate and/or visitation ministries in the many application. In fact, he believes this is to be a new "missions adventure" for both of us," she concluded.

As promotion associate, Helen Fling will be working with the Division of Mission Ministries of the Home Mission Board and the WMU in new areas and new conventions. When new conventions organize, she will be there to assist; she will also be travelling to conferences and appeaking engagements, and developing missions programs suitable for newer and smaller churches.

She also looks forward to renewing old triendships and developing new ones. "I have a great love for wives of missionaries and pastors in new areas. Having been one myself, I can empathize and share their struggles and their joys."



ELAINE & FORI

The type in a telephone directory isn't too tiny — unless you've be staring at it for three days.

Then, like the Baptist women of Summit Association (Ohio), you can get a little bleary-eyed.

They copied 1,500 addresses to send out circulars about the starts a new Baptist chapel in the Canal-Fulton area, south of Akron in 1974.

"Most of the people who got the circulars had never heard of Edwards, associational WMU director at the time. "When they read the brochures, they found a who Baptists were before the chapt started."

The new fellowship began meeting in October 1974 with a small group. It sputtered along for couple of years; but in 1976 it final died.

"I don't know that any one person is to blame," says associational missions director Frank Miller. "It was a small group. They felt alone. All of us — local people, everyone - could have supported them more.

A church is a risky business. Attempting to double the numb of churches in an area seems like

practical daydream. Yet that is xacily what leaders in the North Central states are proposing to do by 1990.

The North Central states are Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin-Minnesota. Living here are one-fourth of all Americans, about 50 million people.

Fewer than 1 percent are Southern Baptists, In the seven states, about 1,800 Southern Baptist churches are working and growing. Leaders want to double this number y 1990.

Broken down into specifics, this means that in 1978 each state plans to start this many new churches and church-type missions: Illimais, 100: Indiana, 125; Iowa, 25; Michigan, 88; Ohio, 70; Wisconsin-Minnesota, Southern Baptists," saye Sharon churches and church-type missions 19. That's a total of 397 new

> Baptists in the North Central states sizeady have been working toward the "doubling" goal for several years. But much remains to be done: in Ohio's smoky industrial cities, the blue-collar communities outside auto plants in Michigan, Chicago's diversity of ethnic language and culture, southern Indiana's rolling hills, the rural farmland of lows.

The challenge is immense.

n Albia, Iowa, Jean Hulsey pulled her car into Nina Tate's driveway after a morning Bible study.

"I don't think I'll come back," ttempting to start any new Baptist pastor's wife. "I can't see or church is a ricky business hear very well, and I just don't think Mrs. Tate told Mrs. Hulsey, a can get that much out of it."

Disappointed, Jean Hulsey didn't rgue with the older woman.

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But later, Mrs. Tate had a dream that she was going to die. The dream scared her so much, she told a friend, that she contacted the Hulseys, the only Christian people she knew who might help her understand it.

"We've been able to minister to her," says Mrs. Hulsey, and "she's come back to Bible study."

Not all contacts are so dramatic, of course, but in the small farming community of Albia, any type of outreach that works is welcome.

Albia is the county seat and largest town in Monroe County, close to the Missouri border. Albia has 12 churches: the Methodist. Catholic, and Christian are the strongest.

First Baptist Church, pastored by Lanney Hulsey, is one of the smallest; but it has reached out in many ways. The church has a ministry to retarded adults, a crisis closet, and services at a nursing home. During the summers, members bring benches from the church down to the town square and sponsor nighttime services, with singing and a short talk, usually by a local pastor.

"It takes a lot of cultivation," says Jean Hulsey of her field. "We have to reach their needs first."

First Baptist, which has about 100 resident members and runs 60 or so in Sunday School, has started a mission in Knoxville, Iowa, In 1976. they started a Bible study group in Lovila, a small town nine miles away which had no Baptist church.

A resident of Lovila, Iva Hatfield, asked the Hulseys to have a Bible study in her home. Mrs. Hulsey agreed to teach. The group they pulled together, some of them non-Christians, met every Tuesday morning for about a year. The study group eventually disbanded; but through the Hulseys' efforts, four adults became Christlans.

fean Hulsey now has begun a new Bible study in Albia, in the . home of Bernice Hartman, a native Iowan. They use the study material from ROYAL SERVICE; Mrs. Hulsey teaches.

Mrs. Hartman says she "invited a lot, but not many came to the first two meetings. Some gave valid excuses, but one woman told me she was supposed to go visit a neighbor she hadn't seen in a while."

Mrs. Hartman, Jean Hulsey, and other lowers admit the work is slow and sometimes hard. They ask the prayers of Southern Baptists everywhere in growing and starting. churches.

"A lot of pastors up here are on CPA (Church Pastoral Aid) from the Home Mission Board," explains Mrs. Hulsey. "Churches are small They need help, sometimes with literature, sometimes with extra people."

As state WMU director she has seen more of lows than just Albia, and she knows that the needs she sees at home are repeated throughout the state. 'The people here are working," she says, "but there is so much to do."

n Chicago, some of the city's strongest churches are among its. many ethnic people. The Spanish-speaking church in Chicago Heights, for instance, has grown from a mission of 35 members to a church running about 160 in services.

Alberto Josquin (hoe-ah-KEEN), a Lebanese born in South America,

is pastor. His wife, Lydia, was a missionary in Mexico before she instried Alberto. She and their daughter, Belinda, are among the atrongest workers in the growing work with Spanish-speaking.

Belinda, 25, plays piano and guitar and leads the shurch's music program. On Saturday rights she and her mother share telephone duties, calling members to remind them to attend services the next day and encouraging prospects to visit.

"Many is the time I've been at their house on a Sunday morning and seen those two calling people to arrange to pick them up," says "Illinois state missions director Jim Godsoe. "They are a mainstay of the work."

In southern Illinois, a Baptist woman's interest in language work has helped sustain a small congregation of Vietnamese, Cambodians, and Laotians. Elizabeth Paylor and her husband, Leion, who live in Carterville, agreed to sponsor a Vietnamese refuge in the summer of 1975, and that was the beginning of their involvement.

The Iraylors had spent three years in Vietnam in the early 1960s and returned to the US with a great love and appreciation for the country and its people.

When Lewis Myers, former missionary to Vietnam, asked if they wanted to sponsor refugee Ngyuen Huu Phuc, they quickly

Phuc had been in the Vietnamese army but files had time to lead a choir at a Baptist church in Vietnam and study theology with Missionary Myers. When Phuc stepped off the plane, howaver, he

needed a home and a job and a family.

"Everybody was American,"

Phuc remembers about that day

abodian refugees arrived in rensity town of Curbondale, namese wanted to help.

ugh their group was small in their group was small in their group was small in the commute back to Curbondale of the commute back to Curbondale

when he stepped off the plane. "I was very nervous. I didn't know which ones were the Traylors."

Suddenly an enthusiastic woman gave Phuc a bear hug and exclaimed, "Well, you are here!" That was Phuc's introduction to the couple he now describes as "more like parents to me."

Phuc, 30, began attending school at the same time he pastored a small group of Vietnamese sponsored by University Baptist Church in Carbondale, Illinois. "Mrs. Traylor sends us money; she bought Vietnamese Bibles; she is so good to us," he says.

When a group of Laotian and

Cambodian refugees arrived in university town of Curbondale, Vietnamese wanted to help. Though their group was small in number, the Vietnamese collected clothes and food for the new refugees and tried to help them failed and housing Elizabeth Trayinhelped in the outreach and encouraged Phuc when he decide to start a new Bible study group among the Cambodians and Laothans.

Laotans.
Today, both language groups areet at University Baptist Churd on Saturday night. The Cambodian/Laotan service is in French, which Phue speaks with

was offered a job in Paducah, about 68 miles away. He planned to commute back to Carbondale on weekends to continue the ministry to the two new language groups. Going to seminary is a goal for him. "First, I want to help my people."

n Pontiac, Michigan, a new
mission which got underway four
years ago was helped by visita from
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wilkenson.
"They're two of the most
missions-minded people I've ever
seen," says pastor Dwight Young,
who came to Michigan from

ROYAL SERVICE 4 Japuary 1878

Associational missions. They will be able to making the will be able to make you and your group will be able to needy area to one of the North Markits purify the young and area of partnership Control states.

Then, lend your support thing

ability; I thought, why not use it?"

Last spring Phuc finished his

training in dental technology and

fluently. "I had the language

he explains simply

Mississippi 14 years ago.

Under this system, diy could be

The Wilkensons encouraged and trained WMU and Brotherhood groups. Those groups today are still small. But their members form the backbone of the church, and their urge to reach others in the community and the world sparks the church's ministry.

endorsed by the North Capital'

states.

The Clintonville mission, which constituted as a church in June 1974, now meets in a mobile building; but it is looking for land on which to construct its own building.

"People have to see something is going to take place," says pastor Young, "that we're not just here temporarily. A building would be an inspiration — if only we could get it underway."

Twice, plans for financing the building have fallen through. The churth has \$2,000 in its building fund but needs at least \$8,000 to begin building. The \$6 members, some of whom work in the auto, motor, and body plants that dot southern Michigan, are able to contribute toward the work of their church. But the group needs help—in money, manpower, and prayer—to expand and grow.

alls for help are heard all over the North Central states today. To meet the goal of doubling Southern Baptist work by 1990, Baptists from other parts of the US can directly contribute with their talents and time.

Here are some examples, given by mission directors in the seven states, of what Baptist women could do:

 Right now, you, individually or as part of a mission study group. can begin praying for the missions efform in the North Central states. A Prayer Partner system, developed by the WMU, SBC, is designed to match persons from the North Central states with Prayer Partners from the rest of the country. This month's ROYAL SERVICE contains the registration blanks: North Central members, p. 20; other states, p. 40.

 Take a vecation in an area which needs new missions and help with survey, visitation, and training.

• Teach, visit, hold Beckyard -Bible Clubs, at a strategic point:

 Pray for specific areas which need outreach and new churches.

 Send money through the Cooperative Program and Annie Armstrong Easter Offering for North Central states needs.

 Keep these goals before the churches.

 Lead the church to help support a pastor in a North Central state.

 Sponsor a choir, musicians, or a puppet or drama team in a specific area to create interest in and awareness of Baptists.

Come as a short-term or long-term Christian Service Corps worker to a specified place.

 Invite a North Central state or associational director to make a presentation at a WMU meeting or prayer retreat.

a Move to a needy area and work at a secular job in order to be there and contribute talents when a church is being started.

Write letters of support to specific missionaries, in the North

Central atotes.

• Plan a tour of special mission, projects to get an on-aits concept of the work in new areas.

- · Fatablish contact with missionaries in new areas in order to keep aware of current needs.
- Invite missionaries to visit churches in the South and speak about their work and needs.
- · Teach Girls in Action, Acteens, and Mission Friends about missions involvement; cultivate in them a sensitivity to the Holy Spirit's leadership.

Him can you link with one of

these places or some of these people to help?

Pirel, contact your associational WMU director er missions director. He or she should be familiar with a plan of partnerskip endorsed by the North Central atales

Under this system, city could be matched with city, association with association, state with state.

Please do not strike out on your

ewn, but week through cheanels sessciational and state directors missione. They will be able to match you and your group with needy area in one of the North Central states.

Then, lend your support thre one of the methods mentioned above. Or, after you have been assigned, find out on your own what "your" area needs most.

PLANNING THE MEETING

Question: With all I'm involved in here - work, family, friends, my own church — why should I help pport a church in Illinois. Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Ohio? (As a result of this study, members will be motivated to give time/money/energy/prayer to the North Central states.) PLAN 1

Ask participants to draw a small map of Indiana, Illinois, Jowa. Ohio, Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin. Most will draw an inaccurate, funny-looking map! That's OK, It merely serves as a starting point to learn about the North Central states: where they are, how many people live there (50 million, one-fourth of the US population), how Southern Baptista churches are faring there. and what Baptist women can do to

Ask two women to tell briefly the stories of churches in Jowa, Illinois, and Michigan.

Using pen and paper, each weman should pinpoint things which women did to help start a church, then put a check by items which she herself could have done (visitation, survey, etc.).

Ask for prayer for cities in the North Central states which have no Southern Baptist witness. PLAN 2

Ask someone to draw a map similar to the one on page 16. Then ask participants to list various ways in which Baptist women can help.

Compare these lists to the needs mentioned earlier by North Central directors of missions.

Order "The Idea Book" (one copy free) from Robert J. Hestings, Box 3486, Springfield, Illinois 62708. "The Idea Book" lists communities in North Central states where Southern Baptist churches are needed and describes each potential site. Use it as a prayer guide or resource for a church or woman wanting to help in the North Central states.

Split the group into seven groups (or seven individuals) and ask each to concentrate on a particular state. What comes to mind when this state is mentioned? What characteristics of the state do we already know? Now, how can we help with Baptist work here?

PLAN 3

Begin by asking: Why should we help ministry and church extension efforts in other states when our own state needs help, too?

Using your state convention annual, calculate the number of Baptists and churches in your state. Compare this to the total population of the state. Now, compare that figure to the North Central states. In the North Central states in 1977, there were 1,800 SBC churches for 50 million people, a ratio of about one church for every 27,777 persons.

To bolater the understanding of the urgent need in this area, ask three or four women to relate

stories from the study material needs, not as dreams accomplished. For instance, one woman might say: In Albia, low farming center in southern low there was not a Baptist church. nearby community didn't have or either. Then fantasize what difference the First Baptist Chi makes there - since it does exit For instance, one might point or the farming family who did not know Christ, or the retarded adwho had no one to minister to the And so forth.

SOMETHING TO DO BECAUS YOU STUDIED

Pray for a person in the North Central states, or a place that di not have a Southern Baptist witne (see "Prayer Partners Project," | 40). Write the person today to tel Your prayers.

See inside back cover for a Hall Christian Service Corps short-to and long-term needs in the North Central states. If any of the requel match your skills, send in your, application and volunteer to go i one of these areas.

CALL TO PRAYER.

Read 2 Thessalonians 3:1-5. Recognize birthday missionaries distributing small pieces of a maj (tear off small sections of one no longer needed). Pray that no mall! where missionaries are -- in Not Central states — or elsewhere they will feel the support of our prayers.



MISSION ACTION GROUP Ministering to

STUART CALVERT

BEING THE SINGLE CUSTODIAL PARENT OR THE SINGLE WEEKEND PARENT IS AN AWESOME, CHALLENGING RESPONSIBILITY.

Simultaneously the soup needed stirring, the tea kettle whiatled, the children asked for dinner, and the telephone rang.

Terry, one of my probationers, sounded sad: "Hi, Mrs. Calvert. What'cha doing?"

I discovered that Terry's situation was not desperate. She needed to hear a friendly voice. So I explained about the busy mealtime and that I would return her call. On an impulse I added, "Terry, I love you, and I love you exactly as you are right now

"What did you say? Say that again?"

I repeated, "I love you exactly as you are."

In disbelief her voice quivered: "Me? Really? You love me?"

Involved with Self

Everyone needs loving strokes: troubled teens, husbands, wives, single parents. We all need them not because we deserve them but because we are human beings. Loving only if the recipient meets certain conditions is an unhealthy habit. Unconditional love is difficult to share. Yet love - an unselfish, active concern for another — is basic to ministering and witnessine.

Love is learned. First we must learn to love ourselves (review the November mission action group material). As Christian women we must daily talk with God about the masks we wear, the sins that mar human and divine relationships. During these moments of closeness and communion, our thankful refrain is "Me? Really? You love me?"

I'mloved by God because I am his special creation. We are persons, as God is. "God's image and likeness" does not refer to holiness or moral qualities. After man sixtned God lontinued to speak of his image in humanity (James 3:9). In our capacities to think abstractly, to love, to make moral judgements, to have a sense of meaning or purpose, and to choose, we are like God. Every human being bears the likeness of the creator. God. In every person we can find something to appreciate.

Recognizing the importance of persons does not deny sin or the fact that sin separates man from God. Because we are special. "God commandeth his love toward us, in that while we were yet sinners, Christ died for us" (Rom. 5:8).

Knowing that Jesus loves me is the first step in developing a healthy self-love. Jesus' love for me frees me to love others and to see them as special.

In mission action work we must continually remind ourselves that we cannot be loving persons until we love ourselves; love God; and learn to have an unselfish, active concern for the well-being of others.

Gauge your attitude toward others and yourself by taking a "Mission Impossible" guiz.

- Do others see me as a trustworthy person — someone they can depend on not to be phony?
- Do 1 express myself to others in a way that reveals to them who I really am? Or am I playing a role, doing what I think people expect me to do?

- 3. Do I enter into personal relationships in which I care for and respect others?
- 4. Do I need other people to help me make decisions, or am I more of an independent person?
- Am I willing to let other people be themselves — or do I want them to conform to my ideas?
- Do I find it easy to understand others — to put myself in their situations?
- 7. Do I accept other people as they are, or do I set up certain conditions in which they should please me?
- 8. Do I come on too aggressively for people? Do I threaten them, irritate them, make them want to fight back?
- Do I make quick judgements about people and treat them accordingly?
- 10. Can I see others as persons who are in a growth process just as I am? Do I see them with potential, or do I tend to see them as hopeless people who can't possibly change from what they have been in the past?

Involved with the Group

Use a few magic sentences to help build self-love in others.

After discussing the following sentences, decide on ways to use them: at home, in the group, in your place of employment, in ministering and witnessine.

"I'm sorry." One of the masks we wear is, "I don't make mistakes. Others do." Honesty with oneself removes this mask. "I'm sorry" exposes our imperfections and builds a relationship between two people. In ministering situations we do not know all the answers. Sometimes we may give wrong advice. We need to learn to say, "I'm sorry."

"I appreciate you." Everyone possesses qualities or talents beneficial to the rest of us. I excused the clutter in our house by pointing to three active children. So I was surprised that Madge's house was always neat and clean. She was a livays neat and clean. She was a

troubled mother trying to cope was six crime-addicted children. One day when she was depressed, I said, "Madga, since I've known: you, I have become a better housekeeper. You helped me to know I can't blame all the clutter at the children. I appreciate your goal example."

Madge replied, "Everything I touch falls apart. So I'm glad to know that I have helped one person."

Perhaps we need to begin our appreciation with those we take as granted — our family or friends. Unless we recognize the benefit; we receive from those closest to as we will not see them in a mission action situation. Consequently enestitude may be, "I can help you, but you have nothing to offer ma"

"I'm not sure about this — what is you think we ought to do?" This question helps others to know the opinion is of value. Many times a troubled person has the answer to problem or the solution to a crist within herself. She only needs reassurance from a listening free

Provertime

Missionaries are parents, too. It you read the calendar of prayer (pp. 27-32) sak the Lord to give special insight to those who are mothen and fathers. Pray for the childreno missionaries in your state. Pray he the children of a divorced friend. Offer your ministering ability to the Lord. Ask him to lead you into I sharing opportunity with a divorced friend.

Involved with Others: Ministern to the Divorced Parent

The announcement of divorce cause children to think about what will happen to them. Where will they live? With whom will they live? With whom will they live? How will things change? Withey ever see the departing pares again? Being the single custodial parent or the single weekend parent is an awesome, challenging responsibility.

Jim Smoke, author of Growing. Through Disorce (Harvest House, 92.95, available through Baptist Back Stores), lists single-parent problems:

"My circuits are on overload."
Too many decisions, jobs, tensions;
too little money and time apart from
child-rearing bring stress to the
single parent.

"Where are you when I need you?" In some divorce situations the visiting parent is consulted only at times of crisis, discipline, decision. He becomes a judge, often making decision based on isaccurate facts. Resentment builds when a visiting parent is contacted

only to solve problems.
"I don't get any respect."
Children lose respect for parents who verbally abuse each other.
They need to hear each parent make positive remarks about the

"Help, I'm a prisoner." A custodial parent may try to fill the void in a child's life by overcompensation. Constantly catering to the child's whims makes a prisoner of the parent.

In your ministry with a single parent, share the book Growing Through Dirocce (\$2.95, available through Baptist Book Stores), which includes guidelines for successful single parenting:

Don't try to be both parents to your children. A single parent probably will fulfill some of the jobs of the other parent, but not the role of the other.

Don't force a child into playing the role of the departed parent. A child may have to assume more jobs around the house, but he should not be told he is now the father or she is now the mother. Children need to keep their own identity.

Be the parent you are. Do not exchange your role for that of a stater, brother, or friend. If you do, the child will feel he has lost both parents.

Be honest with your child. His age and maturity determines how much information needs to be given. Answer each question truthfully. Talk with the child about hOYAL SERVICE • January 1978

what has happened, how the parents feel, and how the child feels.

Don't make children report on the other parent's activities. Children need to privately enjoy each parent.

Children need both a mother and a father. They need to continue relationships unless the departed parent would emotionally or physically harm the child. They will resent the custodial parent whose anger denies them the right to see the visiting parent.

Don't become a "Dianeyland Daddy" or a "Magic Mountain Mommy." The visiting parent often becomes the entertainer. A child resents being bought. He needs to be a part of the departed parent's real world — not a fantasy one.

Share your dating and social interests with the children. They want to know how the new person will affect them and their relationship with the other parent.

Help your children keep the good memories of your past marriage alive. If they want to recall and talk about good memories, let them.

Work out a management and existence structure for your children with your ex-spouse. When the feelings settle, sit down and plan for the best development of the children.

If possible, try not to disrupt the many areas in your children's lives that offer them safety and security. Sameness will help maintain balance. When a move is necessary make it an adventure.

During a divorce a child may become restless, irritable, disobedient. If the negative behavior continues after several months, seek professional help.

A child can find the support and stability he needs in a one-parent home.

To the Group Leader

Today single parents who are coping with divorce are open in discussing their adjustment. If appropriate, interview a willing single parent. Be sure to state your

reasons for the interview and that you want to share the conversation with your group. You may want to ask these questions: How do your children relate to the absences parent? What is the biggest problem you face in being a single parent? Evaluate your current relationship with your children. How did you tell your children about your divorce? What was their reaction? What kind of picture of your ex-apouse do you present to your children.

If your church has a Single Again Department, contact the director. Explain your interest and seek his expertise with your study.

The Lord's daily forgiveness and constant love refresh and humble a Christian woman. Gratefully we ask, "Me? Really? You love me?"

ask, "Mer Really? You love mer"
The process is set in motion: God
loves me, I love myself, I love
others. With joyful confidence we
change the questions into
exage the questions into
exage the desired we have
me!"

1. Place these city and state names at the correct points on the map:

Chicago Michigan
Detroit Ohio
Indianapolis Indiana
Des Moines Illinois
Rochester Iowa
Columbus Minnesota
Milwaukee Wisconsin

(city)	durk inn so
(state)	A 44 - 48 - 54 - 5 - 6 - 6
BANGOR CONTRACTOR	Enclopered
(city)	n am tribut p
(state)	

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17			11 8 6	
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(city)	
(state)	•

	A	
(city)		
(City)		

(state)			
(city)			

2. Almost one of every four five ten (circle the correct number) people in the United States lives in the seven North Central states.

3. Although the seven states are a vital part of the nation's agricultural belt, three out of four people of the area are _____-dwellers. (Fill in the blank.)

4. Look at the figures given below and compare the Southern Baptist situations in the North Central states with those in the South Central states of

MISSIONS FACT-AND

NORTH CENTRAL CHALLENGE



Alabama, Arkansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Missi sippi, Missouri, and Tennessee.

	North CentralS	outh Centr
	States S	tates
Total population	46,881,877	23,044,57
SBC churches	1,782	14,1
SBC members	520,913	5,439,3
People		111
unaffiliated with		1
any religion	17,782,878	7,607,9
Ethnic population	6,204,208	974,00
Estimated lost people	32 007 057	12 627 13

Startling contrasts I see in these figures:	
	- 1

5.	North	Central	state	with	which	I	am	linked	in
DI	oiect:								- 22

For more information and suggestions for action, see page 8 of this issue.

ANSWERS: 1. Check a road map or atlas. 2. Four 3 City. 5. See page 40.

(state)

de phones or cere e il la contra antique de la contra del contra de la contra del la contra del

PAGES OF MISSION NEWS *SPIRITUAL DEVELOPMENT * LEADER TRAINING

preign MISSION BOARD VOTES 1978 BUDGET OF \$63,614,537, an increase of more than a lilion dollars over the 1977 budget. The asjority of the increase will go for appended operating expenses both at home and abroad, totaling \$6,314,775. Included is special 1 million dollars earmarked primarily for field expenses anticipated in applementing the new Mission Service Corps.

HEN THE ASIAN BAPTIST CONGRESS CONVENES in Andhra Pradesh, India, January 8, it will ark the first great popular assembly of Indian Baptists, the first Asian Baptist ongress and the first great international Baptist gathering in India. The 1 million aptist church members in the Asian region make it the second largest regional group the Baptist World Alliance, exceeded only by the North American Congress.

OUTHERN BAPTIST WORK IN THAILAND has been officially registered with the religious ffairs department of the Ministry of Education—a recognition sought since 1950. illiam Wakefield, FMB area accretary for Southeast Asia, cited the relief work among he Vietnamese, Cambodians, and Theis by the Esptist mission and missionaries as a ignificant factor in the registration approval.

"This recognition greatly enhances our official standing in the country and should facilitate our work there," said Wakefield.

ORTH AMERICAN BAPTIST WOMEN'S UNION held its first meeting outside the US and Canada ctober 12-15, 1977, in Freeport, Grand Behamas Island. An arm of the Baptist World Iliance, the group meets every five years. Some 2,300 representatives of 17 Baptist omen's conventions and conferences in 6 North American countries and 4 continents et to affirm the theme: Growing in the Love of Christ. A National Baptist, Marena elle Williams, of Kansas City, Missouri, was elected president. Southern Baptists ere well represented at the conference: Letha Carazza, Washington, DC, presided uring the four-day meeting; Helen Fling, WMU promotion associate for new areas, was lected treasurer.

VANGELISTIC CRUSADES ADD THOUSANDS to Christian family. Witnessing in army camps and risons, pastors and laymen in Koree have reported more than 4,000 professions of aith--3,068 among prisoners: . . Five hundred decisions for Christ were recorded in edro Juan Caballero, Paraguay, during a week-long trilingual campaign in the small own. . . Youth rallies in Zambia prompted 743 decisions, and the Zambia Baptist rusade recorded 4,705 decisions for Christ, including 2,706 professions of faith.

WORLD CONFERENCE OF BAPTIST MEN, the second of its kind, will be held April 5-9 in addinapolis, Indiana. Registrations are now being taken. North American churches and individuals are encouraged to underwrite scholarships to cover travel expenses for one overseas delegates, particularly Baptist men from Africa and Asia. Registration orms may be requested from BWA Men's Department, 1628 16th Street, NW, Washington DC 0009. To make contributions to the scholarship fund, write Floyd W. Harris, reasurer, at the same address.

lissis.

4.572

4,115 9,390

7,925 1,005

7,133

In a

c 3

"It's not just that Colleen Colton says 'hi' to the people in her apartmental behavior night a girl in one of the apartments became depressed and couldn't get a complex. It's the way she says 'hi' that makes her ministry so valuable. She handle on herself. Colleen became concerned and stayed with her until three in it with meaning — like she really cares about the person. It's because she

Arlandria area (Alexandria and Arlington, Virginia) evaluates an unua ministry that has been going on since July 1976.

A Texan from Fort Worth, 30-year-old Colleen Colton is a graduate Southern Baptist Theological Seminary in Louisville. She is the Souther Baptist Convention's first appointed manager-minister. Low-key is the w her unique role. But effective

When Arledge came to the church from Roanoke, Virginia, in November he found access to people in the high-rise and garden-type apartments an impossible barrier. People simply would not respond

But the 32-year-old pastor is not one to give up. Soon after his arrive northern Virginia, he attended a Southern Baptist preachers' forum in Richmond. One subject discussed was how to minister to people in aparta Everyone agreed that the main obstacle involved was to get into the aparts - an obstacle most American churches haven't successfully figured on

In Roanoke, Arledge had known Colton and had worked with her He the Home Mission Board in Atlanta if it would back him if he could get so to start a live-in ministry in the apralments near his church. Collegn was a to give it a try

The hard part was to find an owner who would be willing to have a min of this sort." But in time, V. Brooke Layton, owner of the 15-story War Towers, consented. The building is just a stone's throw from the church

"It's the best thing to happen to our church in 30 years." Ruth Steek long-time member of the church, affirms

Neither Colton nor Arledge is concerned about swelling the rolls of the membership through the ministry in the apartments, although some d people do come to various activities at the church. College has started an for single women with a whole skein of activities. At the church she h Sunday School, gives the children's sermon, and works with teenagers

But the 196-unit apartment complex with 350 or more residents is the mainstay of her ministry. She works at "making the place more of a hom merely a place to pass through." The average person in the Arlandria area for only 1.4 years, a survey indicates

A report several years ago by the Council of Churches of Greater Washing indicated that only about 5 percent of those who live in high-rise apartme to church regularly - considerably less than the average in single-family And apartment-dwellers tend to screen themselves from outsiders

They have been afraid of those who come to their apartments and convert them," Colleen points out. "They get the feeling that they are be a bill of goods, and they become very skeptical and disillusioned."

An advantage in her ministry is a common lobby which helps people know one another. "Many of them would like to get to know their new but they don't know how to go about it. That's where I can help You surprised how a little thing like that can build lasting friendships and bri the personhood of individuals who might be off to themselves

There's so little of real personhood that shows through these days. T point often missed in our church ministries, in our dealings with people. want to get to know one another better, but they don't know how

As manager-minister (she has a MRE degree with a major in social) Colleen takes care of mundane operations such as renting apartments, collecting rent, and listening to complaints. But her human quality is shows through.

"Colleen is a very sensitive, caring person; and it comes through to g that she'll go the second mile with them," Arledge says. "Just as an examp

landle on herself. Colleen became concerned and stayed with her until three in he morning.

"She doesn't look at a resident as simply the person who lives in 301. She oks at the residents as people, and they know it

College says her ministry has been as much a learning experience for her as for the people in the apartments. "I'm not meeting people who are beating a path to he church. But worthwhile things are being accomplished. I'm very pleased

The apartment owner provides her pay, but the Home Mission Board provides this unusual worker her annuity benefits and pays for her health and de insurance.

With the rapid growth of apartment complexes in the United States along with the difficulties of reaching these people. Arledge and Colton may have hit in the secret for a meaningful ministry that otherwise might pass churches by

udy Roughton is photo-feature editor. Home Mission Board, Atlanta, Georgia









JUDY TOUCHTON

ROYAL SERVICE . January 1978

Home Mission Board she

To Baptist Women Members in Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan Minnesota, Wisconsin, Ohio

June Whitlow

If you are a Baptist Women member in one of the above North Central states and would like to participate in the Prayer Partners Project, read on

The Prayer Partners Project is a plan for matching members of Baptist Women organizations in the North Central states with members of prayer groups in partnership states (all other states). This plan is a part of the North Central Missions. Thrust, a strategy for doubling. Southern Baptist missions work in the seven North Central states by 1990.

You may want an individual partner. Or you may be interested in matching your family, your missions group, your Baptist Women organization, or even your church with a family, a missions group. Baptist Women organization, or church. In the case of a family, missions group, organization or church, one person should make the request

Prayer partners will agree on a time to pray for special missions needs in the North Central states, and they will share information by letter, telephone, or visit. Persons in the partnership stale will be praying especially for you who live and witness in the Nor Central area of the United States God is at work in this area. How fortunate you are to be a part of the North Central Missions. Thrust

If you are a Baptist Women rimmber in Illinois. Indiana, love Michigan, Minneseta. Wisconsin Ohio and desire a prayer partner fill in the blank and send it to you state WMU office. You will be sent the name of a prayer partner according to the information onto blank. The cutoff date for signing up for a prayer partner is April M.

PRAYER PARTNER

SIGN-UP BLANK FOR NORTH CENTRAL STATES

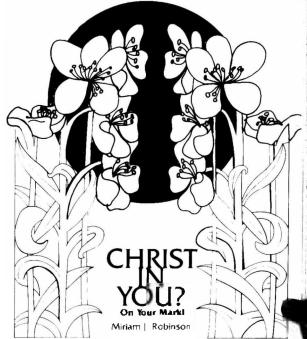
Date

Name Address	
	 ZIP

I would like to have a prayer partner from a partnership state in the following category (check one):

Individual
Family
Missions group
Baptist Women
organization
Church

Send this form in your state WML either indiana — WML Office, P. O. Box Naho, Springheld 62708 indiana — WML Office, P. O. Box 24038, Indianapolis 46224 loss a — WML Office, 400 East High Street, Jefferson City. Mission 65(0): Mis higan — WML Office, 18535 West Evelve Mile Road Southfield 46076 Minnesota — WML Office, 1853 West Evelve Mile Road Southfield 46076 MILE Office, 1809 Baptist Building, Dallas, Texas 75201 — WML Office, 409 Baptist Building, Dallas, Texas 75201 — Ohio — WML Office, 1800 Fast Broad Street, Columbus 432003



This is the "someday" for which you have often longed. You have said to yourself. "Someday I must visit Mrs. ""Semeday."

I'm going to read that book "Simeday I must talk to my child about accepting Christ." "Someday I'm going to quit eating so much."

Would it help us if we could just have an extra day each week? Perhaps Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Someday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Would we fritter away that extra day too, fill it with trivia and excuses?

What better time to start making a hetter use of time than January 1? (Don't wait until January 2.) A happy new year is the fruit of a dedicated will that, by God's grace, can overcome circumstances. Deep

in the heart of every Christian is the power to live purposefully, joyfully overy day. This power is Christ in

Resolutions are voluntary decisions about future action. Let's consider several resolutions for the new year that would enrich our lives and the lives of others because of us.

A parent of a teenager sighs "I pray the Lord will let me live long enough to understand that girl! On your mark: Resolution 1: "I will spend more time getting acquainted with my family."

Are you saying: "What does that writer think I've been doing for the last 12 years? I know the way Mary's room looks. I know how long it takes her to comb her hair. I know

how many excuses she can find to flaunt out of the house before the kitchen is cleaned up. Now somebody tells me I need to get acquainted with her!" Yes! with her!

A boy's parents took him to college in a distant state. The trip took two days and a night. During Freshman Week the boy told his faculty adviser:

"Y'know, I could hardly wait to get away from home. Don't get me wrong. My folks are good to me. Too good, maybe But they wouldn't let me grow up. I was embarrassed about letting them bring me to school. But they wanted a trip and to check on how everything was Wouldn't you know, about a hundred miles from home. The car radio went out. I couldn't fix it. So there we were, on a two-day trip. Didn't have a thing to do but sit there and talk. It was weird! Dad and I look turns driving (after he told me just how to do it, of course - his way) I've been driving three years. Mom slept on the backscat while Dad was driving. I was as scared of Dad's driving as he was with mine. So we ended up talking - and even goofing off together! At times I almost forgot who he was and just bt in, man-to-man talk, about women, about what kind of goals I had made for myself. Dad said a lotta stuff about how much he trusted me il couldn't believe it! Mom still thinks I'm a kid, I guess. But she said some things that shook me up, too. After they left vesterday. I was jogging around the football field to loosen up some And it hit me: "I've lived with these Iwo people for 18 years. But I never really knew them till these last two days. Still wouldn't, I reckon, if the radio hadn't conked out

Someday, even today, there might be a natural situation that could skillfully be turned into an opportunity for you to become better acquainted with your own family. It will lessen the distance between you when separation time comes

Resolution 2: "Someday I must quit feeling sorry for myself." Today would be the best day for that. By no means is this "poor me" attitude always due to circumstances II thrives in homes with apparently happy families. It can live and grow when the children are all still living at home and messing up the house or after they have all moved away, leaving the house stende. Pechaps it flourishes most in the dwelling places of live-aloners. It may be found in the home of a widow "whose husband left her well-fixed" or a single adult who has a good job; or a retired person who sits back and pity-fully lives on the sufficient income previously set aside for that purpose, while whining for the pampering attentions of others.

Totally lacking in qualifications to advise the "poor-me" widow, let me kindly suggest that the woman who is submerged in the ceaseless chares of family responsibility seek the friendship of a lonely mother living in a silent house from which her flock has flown. Their discussions should help each other

With experiential authority and companionable guilt, I would remind the live-alone retiree that this is the soweday we so often anticipated during our most hectic days at work, involved in more things than know-how or strength could enable us to handle. Does this sound familiar. "I tell you, when I retire, I'm going to ..."? Are you? Would you go bark to work if you could?

Two excellent sources of heip are available for adult whimperers Meet one of them in front of the mirror. Give that person a "talking to," out loud! The other source is eagerly waiting for you to ask his help. Generally, you will be more comfortable listening and talking to him from a kneeling position. Following that with a walk, just with him, often helps to relieve self-induced tension. He talked to his first disciples as they walked together. He pointed out needs they

could meet along the way. And when they left his presence, somehow people could tell they been with him. So they busied themselves doing what he told them.

Resolution 3: "I must dosomething!" The greatest joy in derived from doing things that not required, "going the second mile," doing something anonymously, being in a state of "ready" to grasp fleeting opportunities to reach out beyon self to others. It inevitably also rewards the self who does it. In motivation is care, not "credit" Adults often allow themselves to become involved in too many organizations and their attendant projects. Their individual. awareness is dulled and the joy i creative, unrecorded service is never expenenced. A preacher many years ago jarred me when he said that the church house can bee idol, worshipped by the faithful huddled together in it, safe from the storm of life, and unconcerned about those outside who are been destroyed by it. Some churches have carved over the church entrance: "Enter to worship " Or the inside, over the exit door. departing worshippers are prompted to "Depart to serve" Ministers are aware that all of whi they say is not needed by all of the people who attend the services. In if can be absorbed by a purposet listener, to be shared with those who do not know or care anythin about God or his church. For then Christians are responsible

I RESOLVE TO DO
"Faith without works is dead" ([#

I shame muself to pray.

Hurling the world's woes down best Study Missions Night Out activities Study Missions Night Out Resort Whenever "Da something".

Booklet **

Whining, "Do something!" Smugly evading my part In both cause and cure

2:201

"Ye are the light of the world," hes "Ye are the salt of the earth" "Ye are my witnesses."

And prayer the means by which
My light is made to shree;
My life to add savor to earth's inseptd
face.

What wickedness have I spoken against? What evil practices have I denounced, Save in gossip with my neighbor? What derelict is aware of my concern? What delinquent wears a badge of my

neglet?
What person in a different skin
Has heard me call him "Brother"?
"O Master. Let Me Walk with Thee"
from home to church to school to store
to affice

to dine with friends.

FORECASTER continued from page 26 been reading the monthly feature Christ in You? to share personal-growth benefits they have icceived from the articles. Ask for volunteers to share some spiritual New Year resolutions. Urge each woman to read this month's article, page 21.

BASIC MISSIONS INFORMATION

INFORMATION
Discuss ways to encourage members to use ROYAL SERVICE natenal that supplements and supports regular study. For reample, look at "Missions Fact-Finder" (p. 16), "Travel with Bernie" (p. 6), and "Prayer Partners "lan" (p. 20 and p. 40). Plan ways to all these features to members' otherston.

MISSIONS NIGHT OUT

Check with your WMU director about plans for Missions Night Out. Read the inside frontcover of this issue of ROYAL SERVICE Discuss with officers ways to get adult women (and men) involved in Missions Night Out activities Study Missions Night Out Resource Booklet v.

INLIST MORE WOMEN IN

As an officers council consider appropriate plans for starting new

OYAL SERVICE . January 1978

No more?
'Tis blasphemy to sing and pray And fail to follow.
My master was a worker
So must I be.
Seeing darkness, I must dispel it
Seeing evil, I must condemn it.
Seeing need, I must meet it.
Doing is my reason for being
God created me for it.
With him, I am prepared for it.

Up from my knees
Out of my church
Away from my friends
Into madness
Into sordidness

study groups: choose a key Baptist woman who might take the initiative in starting such groups. Ask an officer (possibly the president) to approach the key person, show her appropriate articles in ROYAL SERVICE for starting these groups. The key person will not have an official responsibility to the organization unless she becomes the group leader. Study group leader kits are available."

WMU HOTLINE

To discover the latest farts and figures about WMU work in relation to missions news and to WMU Focus Week, call the WMU Hotline between January 30 and February 26. Call (205) 251-0830 for a three-minute message from Carolyn Weatherford, executive director of Woman's Missionary Union, SBC. The cost is that for a three-minute station-to-station call to Burmingham, Alabama. The message is changed each Monday morning.

HOME MISSIONS HOTLINE

The 1978 Home Missions Hotline will operate Jatuary 3 through April 30. The number is (404) 875-7701. A new message is available each Friday afternoon.

Into lostness
Into a broken world!
Light? Salt? Witness?
I shall not fail him!
Hw world shall know I case!
I will do something!

"Be ye doers of the word, and not hearers only, decreiving your own selves" (James 1:22).

Let us Pray: O loving, forgiving Lord, keep meclose to you as I try to make every day this year that "someday" I have been forever putting off until tomorrow. With my life, I will thank and praise you. Amen

The cost to the caller is the charge for a station-to-station call to Atlanta, Georgia.

ANNIE ARMSTRONG EASTER OFFERING

Ask officers to lead each member to set personal goals. These are to be hold goals. Relate the goal for individuals to the churchwide goal.

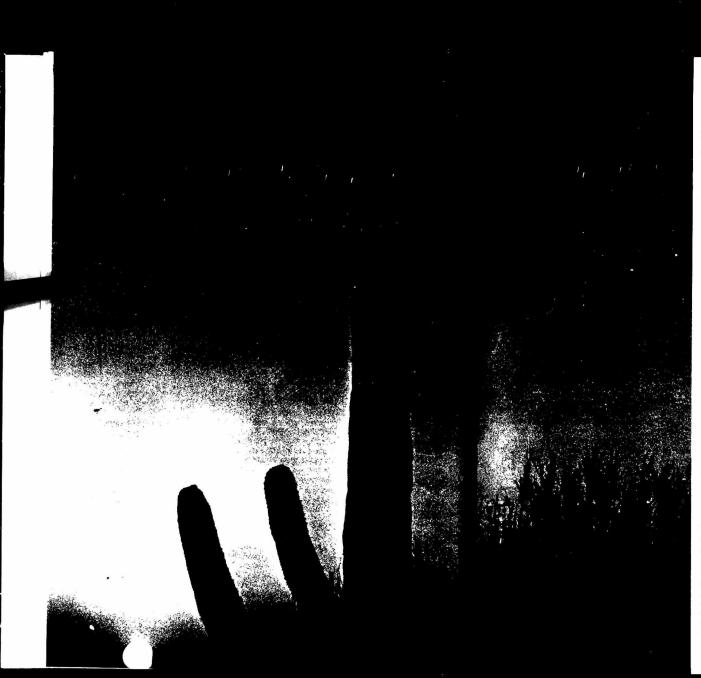
SUMMER CONFERENCES

A centerfold advertising the Cloricia and Ridgecrest conferences is found in ROYAL SERVICE this month Remove the poster and display it in your church Encourage Baptist Women to attend the conference Now is the time to make reservations. Write for information immediately. The address is on the poster.

DIRECT EVANGELISM TRAINING

Terresis tree a 16

Mission Action Chairman Work with the WMU Mission Action director in suggesting that the church sponsor a Lay Evangelism School.



WONDERS OF THE TO WEST AT GLORIETA

A unique vacation with a purpose you can share with your family:

WMU AND BROTHERHOOD SIMULTANEOUS CONFERENCES

JULY 8-14 - 1978

GLORIETA BAPTIST ASSEMBLY

GLORIETA NEW MEXICO.

Programs for every interest and every age

Morning leadership training conterences and Bible Study
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special activities, grades
7-12

Afternoon special interest conferences

Missions emphases and speakers

Housing to suit your needs Campsites to luxury motel type units.

Walle number information: Reservations Glorieta Baptist Conference Center Box 8 Glorieta NM 87535

FOREC4STER

AGENDA FOR OFFICERS COUNCIL MEETING

Plan for Baptist Women participation in Home Mission Graded Series study. Plan an enlistment activity related to the Graded Series study.

Discuss Baptist Women participation in WMU Focus Week

Lead an officer spiritual development activity. Talk about variety in study plans used in meetings

Discuss ways to promote members' use of ROYAL SERVICE and Round Table Book Club Plan to promote Missions Night

Out
Discuss ways to enlist more women in study
Announce WMU Hotling and
Home Missions Hotling
Plan for homebound members

Plan for publicity for WMU conferences Flan for direct evangelism. Plan for use of Basic Information

Plan for use of Basic Information Plan regular Baptist Women activities: General meeting

Mission action project
Mission support activities
Coordinate group plans
Evaluation, based on
achievement guide

HOME MISSION GRADED SERIES

Using the information on the back cover of ROYAL SERVICE this month, promote attendance at the

churchwide study, February 19-22 Study should precede the Week of Prayer for Home Missions

Encourage members to buy and read The Leaven and the Salt' which is about laypersons in missions. Why not include copies in the church budget? If you have only a few books, share with all the members. Each should sign her name in the book after reading it. Study course credit is available. (Instructions for applying are in the book.)

This study has enlistment appeal Assign each member at least one prospect, tractive or homebound member to contact and bring as her guest to the study.

If no churchwide study is held plan a Baptist Women study. If ton few Baptist Women can participate in the churchwide study, plan a study for Baptist Women. The mission study chairman is responsible.

Provide homebound members a copy of the book

ENLISTMENT

Relate this activity to the study of the Home Mission Graded Series book. Look at all women who are members of the church. Make two lists: (1) non-members of Baptist Women (age 30 and over); (2) Baptist Women members. Assign members the names of nonmembers. Every nonmember should receive a face-to-face or telephone invitation to the study from a Baptist Women member. Make these enlistment assignments

If a churchwide study is planned.

invite the entire family. When the invitation is issued tell them about the study, who will teach it and when and where it will be

Provide transportation for the invited. Make books available | WMU FOCUS WEEK

Baptist Women participation i WMU Focus Week (Feb. 12-18) includes these activities:

A churchwide presentation of awards for Missions Readathon (missions reading done since February 1977) When the awar are given, readers may tell about what they have read. Talk with you Baptist Women (or WMU) directs about the Missions Readathon Awards service. It a churchwide: presentation is not made, plan to this in Baptist Women. Two possible ways of doing this are: (1) Give Missions Readathon Awards' to the winners. (2) ask all or some winner. to speak on the significance of one of the books or magazines read.

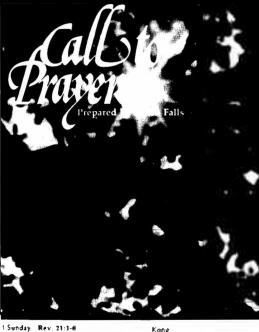
Make a display showing study opportunities in Baptist Women include information, photos, materials related to study in Baptist Women meetings, current missioni group, Bible study group. Round Table group; special activities like Foreign and Home Mission Grade Series studies and studies of the Woman I. Am* series of books.

OFFICER SPIRITUAL

DEVELOPMENT

In officers council meeting read the day's Call to Prayer from ROYAL SERVICE and lead in prayer for the missionaries and other requests. Encourage officers who have

cont on p 2



1 Sunday Rev. 21:1-8 Mrs. Earl Jackson, roraliurhan

Idaho John Lee Korean, Utah Mrs. Oliver Marson, Indian, Mont Ratari Melien, Spanish, La John A. Mouser, Indian, Ariz Vrs. David Rodinguez, Spanish, N. Nico

Mrs. 1d C. Jerry rural urban. N. Mex.

Samuel F. Torres, retired, Tex. Mrs. Feland Warren, Spanish, N., Mex.

Billie I Bridges, pourneyman educ Brazil

Ami Gunter (Mrs. J. V.) Cooper, himochurch, Kurea Helmi Cilmine, edoc., Kenya lames Green, preaching, Panama Kibert J. Harper, durmitory parent.

Argentina Cecile Lancaster retired, Japan Hawaii

Mary McCrary (Mrs. C. D.). (august Hong.

Kong
Daniel Luper educ Brazil
Donald Ocerstreet, preaching, 54
Vincent
Katene Tani (Mrs. | 1-1 Rice, home

church, Venezuela Sue Austin (Mrs. R. A.) Wilson, homechurch, Hondoras

2 Monday Proverbs 3:1-7 Mrs [ose Corroa Spanish, N.] Cordon Logan, metro dir., III Conrad T. Smith pastor director. N.Y.

Alice Nicoletti (Mrs. H. L.) Barrett, home church, Taiwan Mary, Demarest, retired, China, Taiwan

Mary Gordon (Mrs. K. Z.) Ellison, home church, Indonesia Barbara Hipperson, women, Nigeria Edythe Montroy, retired, Nigeria Gordon, Robinson, preaching,

Joyce Campbell (Mrs. C. R.) Rogers. home-church, Indonesia Edward Iron, practing, Ducil Reberca Thomas, poorneyman, educ, Uruguey

9 Toronday Pholim 19:1-8 bibory Con Burgers, US-2; students.

Harry Collins, social minority Week D.C. Earl & Convined, server, day Calif Mrs. Mark H. Darrel, more, April

E. H. Istell, Indian, Ale William D. HeCom, 115-2, students

Mix John W Pierrer, Spenish, Fla. Gene Martines Tancher, Spanish

Jee.

Fernick Scooks, Japanesee, N. S.

Browns, McDenald (Mrs.). P. J.

Berkier, Interchantil, Christian
from Marger's (Mrs. V. L.) Fasik,
publishes, though Keng,
Jean Herskert, pt. other, Monare
Francis Marter (Mrs. E. H.) Laugh
(edge, fernice/bas E. H.) Laugh
(edge, fernice/bas E. H.) Laugh

Hubert Lindwell, preaching, Casternale Charles Mullion, English, unas-

mgrind Refebati Nephor, montagi. India habiti Midertoni, shadonik, Taneun

4 Wednesday Pades 24:5-14 J. Pat Block, charts evil de . Pa Mo. Elizabeth R. Emileste, kinder

Stee Cl. A. Murgan errored bia Stee Stee (company of Petroson, and all morro-

Mrs. W. D. Sharp, repetied, Fla.

ya Jamos Bitner, educ - Chile Raymon Brothers - retired - Nigena Robert Perry, * English - Mexico Cornelia Summons - educ - Yemen Dixte - Silk - (Mis - Mis - C.) - Smith

homelchurch, Uruguav Marjone Spence, retired. Chile Doris Scali (Mrs. A. E.). Spencer homelchurch, Okinawa Erances Talley, retired, Japan. Bradley. Thompson. bus., adm.

Mesico Elizabeth Watkins (Mrs. C. L. l Tribble, homelchurch, Chile Hazel Tanstead (Mrs. L.) Watson, gen. adm., Japan

gen, adm., Japan Edith Rose Weller, retired, Brazil Rudolph Wood, preaching, Belgium

5 Thursday Rom 13:8-14 E. J. Cobb, rebred, Ariz. Ector 1. Hamnick, social ministry Va

James Lynn Lowder, social ministry.

ROYAL SERVICE • langary 1978



Hiroshi Suzuki Master Apts. #1221 310 Riverside Drive New York, NY 10025 January 3

Himshi Suzuki has at leasi 30,000 people to reach for Christ He's a missionary to the Japanese in New York City He was born in Japan the lear World War II began. His father was kilied in the war, and later his mother remarried. Adopted by grandparents, he was graduated from collego in his home cits. Sentits.

When he spent a summer with a chaptain at an Air Force Base, he met Mrs. Ratael Melian, Spanish, La

Mrs. Young-Sik Noh, Korgan, Te-Mertel Callatway preaching Morocco Catherine Carpenter (Mrs. M. C.) Meadows, home-thurch Japan Laura Tollson (Mrs. H. B.) Mitchell social work, Bazzal Billy Paccock, "preaching, Korea Evelon Arnold (Mrs. J. N.) Thomas," homelichieth, Collomber, Company

home church, Colombia Gloria Reece (Mrs. 3. G.) Turman, home church, Indonesia Nan Gregory (Mrs. Robert, Tr.) Sina, home church, Taine

Sugg. homechurch, Taiwan Bobby Twiford bus adm. Rhodesia

6 Friday Eph. 5:8-17 Domingo Fernandez, retired. Fla Mrs. Auslien Dale Maddov, rural urban Ind William F. Tritten, church ext. Neb Jean Gray (Mrs. M.].) Benfield homechurch, Cruguay

Blanchie Edge (Mrs. R. 1.) Baugh, dorm parent, Zambia Richard Eurit, Preaching, Tapan James Lamd, radio-TV, Venezueli, Marv Louise Gulley (Mrs. W. R.) Medling, homelchurch Okinawa Gilbert Nichils, Feduc, Paraguay Sarah Marino (Mrs. A. C.) Scanlon,

home-church, Middle America Sharin Craig (Mrs. 1 E.) Smith, home-church, Japan Neil Tuttle, preaching, Japan Jovee Daniel (Mrs. H. R.) Watson, home-church, Philipppines MISSIONARY OF THE WEEK

his first Southern Baptist. The chaplain helped him come to the United States to study.

After his graduation from seminary in California, the Home Mission Board appointed him to work with Japanese people in New York

At first Hiroshi commuted to the suburbs where big Japan-based corporations had offices. Nearby lived Japanese people who expected to be in the USA only three or lout years. He soon learned, however, they were more interested in sight-seeing and gold than church.

Now he concentrates on a mission church in Manhatian, a more central location. A variety of people worship there. Many are interested in understanding. American culture. Much sensitivity and tactis needed to work with the many who feel isolated and lonely. Social opportunities are limited because of language barriers and culture shock. Many even commit suicide.

7 Saturday Psalm 90:1-12 Mrs James D Back, social ministry, Alaska

Isanas Valdivia, retited, Tex Barbara Parsons (Mrs. D. L.) Bailey, social work, Argentina Audie Ercanbrack (Mrs. E. P.) Bennett homeichurch, Japan

nett homerchurch, Japan Richard Clement preaching, Ecuador Roberta Johnson (Mrs. R. P.) Ellis, 1

home church, Brazil
John Gray, educ, Upper Volta
Mane Havens (Mrs.) D.) Johnston,

home church, Nogena Feggy Howell (Mrs. K. L.) Olephini S home church, Tanzania

Gone Phillips, preaching, France lane Altom (Mrs. C. E.) Purile home church, Dominican Repub-

Dale Thome, educ., Israel Hattig, Leach (Mrs., N., W.) Welch, homechurch, South Brazil Blake Western, preaching, Japan

8 Sunday Mait. 5:13:16
Mrs. James Anderson, Indian. Okia
Mrs. Richard L. Ashworth, rural
tirban Utah.
J. Spane, Natl. Baptists, La.
C. Jice Barrow preaching, Kenva
Rosetta McIntire (Mrs. J. P.) Bedsole,
homeichurch, Ethiopia
Peggy Willetord (Mrs. A., L.) Bunce,
homeichurch Bangladesh
Audrey Temple (Mrs. H. C.)

Gateley, homeschurch, Korea

Trained in pastoral counseling. Hiroshi helps many lapanese with their problems. On Sunday afternoons English classes precede the worship service at two. Called a "worship dialogue." he preaches a brief sermon which the congregation discusses.

This requires much patience. When people do not understand English, the gospel must be explained in terms they do understand Forexample, at Easter Hirosh preached about Jesus' dying for people's sins. Immediately someone asked. "What are sins?" So he feels his role is not just to quote Scripture passages but to translate the gospel into terms which people can grasp.

He admits he gets lonely. Not married, he says, "I hope and pray! will find the woman! I would like to marry." He adds he has learned to trus! Jesus even though he gets lonely and feels sorry for himself.

Max Love, preaching, Japan Vera Humphines (Mrs. B. W.) Ornck, retired. Uruguay Matthew Sanderford, Baptist Span-

ish Publishing House, El Paso. Tex Roy Vandiver, bus adm., Ivory Coast

9 Monday Matt. 10:18-27 Mrs Joseph L. Adamson, weekday ministry, Ga

Mrs. James V. Hamblen, metro. women, Md. Mrs. Rodolfo Rodriguez, Spanish,

Tex J. C. Shepard, language special

project. Calif Julian Vigil. Spannish, Ies, James Bartley, education, Uruguay Lucille Dawdy, retired, Taiwan Clavton Hulet, preaching, Brazil Leslie Keves, preaching, Honduras Nellie Jame Sell (Mrs. J. E.) Lingerfelt, retired, Brazil

Betty White (Mrs. E.) Oody, "home church, Liberia Roth Caldwell (Mrs. M. C.) Reed," home-church, Israel

George Watanabe, preaching, Japan 10 Tuesday - John 12:26-36 Joe T. Howard, retired, Oreg Mrs. David F. Meacham, churchest.

Calif Mrs M E O'Neill, Spanish, Tex Mrs Hediodoro Silva, Spanish, Tex Lynn Madison (Mrs. 1. W.) Barrett, home-church, Hong Kong



Mirlam Melian 2222 Lakeahore Drive New Orleans, La. 70122 January 5

Attractive Minam Melani, a product of home missions, is now a home missionary herself. Born in Cuba, she is a third-generation Christian. My mother had the greatest in fluence on my life." She says. She was active in overy church organization and the editor of the Cuban WMU magazine.

Minam was taken to church before she was a month old. She belonged to missionary organizations. Each summer she looked forward to carry.

Franklin Crosby, preaching, Mexico Ann Rebinson (Mrs. H. A.) Fox." home church, Thailand Frances, Marchiando (Mrs. L. E.) Halsell, home-church, Senegal james Hollend, preaching, Mexico Charles, Middleton, publication, Malawi.

losephine Scaggs, retired, Nigeria bigney Schmidt, educ., Singapore

Wednesday - I John 1:1-7
 Wis LaVerne Baker, metro women
 Anz

B Ramsour, retired, Tex inda Lester (Mrs.] B.) Boxwell.* home church, Perulargaret Gasteiger (Mrs. H. R.) Talum retired, Hawaii Shirles Butler (Mrs. D. F.) Harner home church, North Brazil. D. Martin, gen. adm., Brazil telma Butler (Mrs. M. F.) Moorhead, home/church, lanan, utn lerdan (Mrs. J. D.) Moss home church. Mexico. and LeGrand (Mrs. P. A.) Rhoads 1 home church, Korea an Kelley (Mrs. C. F.) Ryther. home church. Bangladesh Villiam Stanley, journeyman, educi, Kenya-

Robert Stuckey, preaching, Indonesia Wilson Tatum, preaching, Yemen

12 Thursday - Psalm 107: 1-15 Mrs. Francisco Bilbao, Spanish, Tex

ROYAL SERVICE . | Isnuary 1978

Share MER

As a young teenager, Miriam was not very interested in boys. However, since her mother marned at 16, she thought her daughter should choose a husband by that age.

There was much discussion between them about why she could not find someone to marry. After a long conversation about this on their way to a church where her mother was to give her uthing testimony, they entered the building to hear a young man give his testimony as church treasurer. Minam said to her mother, "That's the man I'm giunglu marry." Four years later she did

Her husband Rafael was graduated from a Baptist seminary in Havana and became pastur of a country church. In 1962 the family applied for papers to come to the United States. Six months later, leaving all their possessions behind they came to Miam with their three children. There they began a church for the Cuban refusees. aries in that area. Rafael felt he needed more education. They enrolled in seminary in New Orleans. The Home Mission Board was looking for someone to work with Cuban refugees there. The Lord answered by sending the Mehans.

He is now the Home Mission.

After five years as home mission-

He is now the Home Mission Board language coordinator for New Orleans. He works with six language groups — Vietnamese. Koreans. Cambodians, Laduans, the deaf, and Spanish-speaking. There are 150,000 Spanish-speaking there. She works with her husband in all his activities — with meetings almost every night. But she feels her mission field is teaching English to 180 Vietnamese children in two city schools. She teaches a different group every 35 minutes, trunk kindergarten through the sixth grade.

She would like prayer for leadership for the program with Vietnamese in this large city.

Mrs. Delbert Fann, Indian, Ariz Mrs. Eloy Felan, Spanish, Xan Mrs. Leonel Gonzalez, Spanish, Tex Elmer M. Hatifeld, Eskimo, Alaska Norman Coad, music, Upper Volta William Curp, preaching, Ethiopia Mary, Evelvin Fredenburg, * medical Nicena.

Minnie Foster (Mrs.). Wil Moore, retired, China Rita Roberts," social work, Brazil Donald Simms, preaching, Mexico Donna, Williams, journeyman.

educ : Mexico Van Williams,* medical: India

13 Friday (saiah 9:2-7 Veryl Henderson, church ext., Hawaii Mack Burriss," preaching, Singapore Mary Smith (Mrs. D. H.) Burt, wumen, Brazil

Mary Alice Dorsey (Mrs. D. R. I. Dolofka, homerchurch, Tanzania Dot Easterlin (Mrs. T. W.) Graham, homerchurch, Japan (Mrs. T. S.).

Duris Thompson (Mrs. J. 5.) McGee, home/church, Nigeria Julie Spivey, journeyman, medical, lordan Jane Vanoy (Mrs. J. 5.) Weller,

home church. Singapore

14 Saturday Eccles. 12:1-7 Mrs. Job Maldonado, Spanish, Colo Jesse Pedroza. Spanish, Tex LaNell Watson (Mrs. A. B) Bedford," red. educ "Argentina Stanley Clark, educ", Argentina Margie Rains (Mrs. M. G.) Duncan, home church, Kenva Nell Brown (Mrs. J. A.) Hardy, homelchurch, Chile Emily Gordon (Mrs. J. A.) Hill, home church, Philippines Joseph Mefford, music. Spain Maxine Moseley, "women, Chanalean Lee (Mrs. M. G.) Nichols, home-church, Kirea Bettiy Branch (Mrs. P. W.) Noland, home-church, Brazil Lames Rick," bus. adm. Uganda

H. Duane Highlander, social ministry. Tenn Mrs. James R. Markham, weekday ministries, La Eugene F. Trawick, church ext.,

15 Sunday Acts 24:10-16

Cunn. Mrs. Forrest Wiggins, Spanish, Tox. Helen Brandon (Mrs. D. W.) Jones," home-church, Taiwan Nell Blake (Mrs. C. B.) Olive, retired, China.

Laura Lee Gray (Mrs. R.) (Stewart.*
homeschutch, Konya

16 Monday Luke 9:23:26 Mrs. James Abernathy, metro women, N.J. W. W. Grant, rural-urban director,

Colo Gudrun Coffey, journeyman, educ Brazil

Charles Evans, preaching, Kenya Wesley Miller, media, Europe, Middle East, South Asia



1735 Jackson Alexandria, LA 71301 Junuary 14

Stanley Clark is in Argentina as a missionary today because of a woman who led a boys' group in his home church. Sunshing Blake was the Royal Ambassador leader in Olla, La , when Stanley Clark was a nember. She planted the first interst in missions in the boy who would later become a seminary professor in Argentina. This interest was nur tured at a Baptist college and special

Margaret Stripling (Mrs. A. B.) Oliver, home/church, Brazil Patricia Robbins, journeyman, educ . Japan Ruth Ann Posey (Mrs. D. L.) Smith, home/church Tanzania Graham Walker, bus adm., Singa-

17 Tuesday Gen 24:42-52 Antonio Del Carmen, Spanish, Ariz Jose Solis Ramirez, Spanish, Tex. Antonio Rodriguez, Spanish, Ohio Robert B. Rodriguez, Spanish, Tex William Sims, paster, Calif. Richard Bates, journeyman, educ Hong Kong Jennie Shelfield (Mrs. C. D.) Clarke.

retired. Hawan, Japan Juanuta Jo Wilcox (Mrs. Dickson, educ., Brazil

Jackson Glaze, educ . Argentina James Harless, rel educ , Colombia Benjamin Hope, preaching, Brazil Henry Kinchen, educ. Botswana Karen Smallwood, journeyman. educ , Philippines

Kenneth Stephens, hus, adm Dominican Renublic Hugh Young, * educ . Japan

18 Wednesday 2 Kings 5:1-14 Luis Chapa, refired, Tex Mrs. Henry M. Chiles, turalfurban-

women, S.D. Mrs James Cravens, metro dir of women. Pa

Mrs. Minor Davidson, inus., Md. Mrs. Allegra LaPraine, retired, La Milton S Leach, program implementation Puerto Rico.

missions emphases at seminary

Stanley worked one summer as a Home Mission Board student summer missionary in Washington and Oregon. He also was speech instrucfor and debate director in his college. and taught speech as a seminary student. These experiences helped prepare him for his career.

During a study of the parable of the talents in a New Testament seminary class. Stanley realized he had not settled the matter of where to invest his life. Through that study and a series of chapel services, he realized he was "playing it sate with life" by refusing the call to serve overseas. He knew God was looking. for people to boldly invest in his work wherever he led. For the Clarks, that was to Argentina

Since 1964, Stanley has been in Buenos Aires, teaching New Testament and Greek at a Baptist semi-

Mrs Willard Martin, metro dir of women, Mich Glen Prock, retired, Calif. Ibehze Venna, Spanish, Nev.

Jo Ann Wright, US-2, social ministry, Tenn Carolyn Glasscock (Mrs. S. E.) Bergquist, home/church, Taiwan Fern Weaver (Mrs | H.) Bitner

home/church, Chile Harold Blankenship, English, Libva Glendon Grober, rdur Brazil Charles Hobson, preaching, Argentina

Floy Wright (Mrs. R. A.) Jacob, retired China

Wilma Mendoza (Mrs. 1. W.) Mann. homerhurch, Dominican Repub-

Corella Bounds (Mrs. S. A.) Ricketson, educ., Taiwan lla Mae Duncan (Mrs. C. R.) Smith,

home/church Venezuela Bill Clark Thomas, "educ", Germany Samuel Waldron, preaching, Philip Dines James Watters, preaching, Japan

19 Thursday Nahum 1:1-7 Mrs. Henry Amar, Spanish, Tex. Mrs. Calvin Craig. It . Nail Baptists.

Hiram F. Dulfer, Spanish, Puerto Rica Richard L. Methord, Indian, Mont.

Jean Flowers (Mrs. L.) Albright. home/church, Zambia Roberta McBride (Mrs. W. J.) Damon, home/church, Brazil

Jeanine Mays (Mrs. 1 R.) Frierson dorm parent, Ghana

nery. His students come from Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay, and

When he celebrates his lanuary birthday during Argentina's summer, his students will be sharing their witness Some will porticipate in Operation Reconciliation, an effort to sell Bibles and Christian literature door to door as a personal witness for Christ. He is probably leading Bible studies in camps

Stanley and his family spent 1977 on furlough in Louisiana. He taught a course at Louisiana college

He asks prayer that seminary students will be filled with God's Spirit for their witness and ministry and that the Bible studies in camps will contribute to the spirit of revival which Argentina is experiencing.

He is married to the former Nancy Kathleen Hyde Stanley, Jr., is 17 and daughter Anna Ruth is eight

Viola Boyd (Mrs. A. L.) Gillespie, homeichurch, Japan Donald Johnson, preaching, Brazil Nancy Whitlow (Mrs. R. L.) Perry, homerchurch, Mexico. Arville Senter, preaching, Tanzanu Robert Sugg. Jr., preaching, Taiwan

20 Friday Isaiah 59:1-10 Loren B. Ames, metro dir., Mich. Larry G. Wilkerson, Spanish, Puerlo

Mrs. Young Yoon, Korean, Calif. Dutton Bonnell," preaching, Benin Ronald Boswell, preaching, Brazil Shirley Plumley (Mrs. 1. W.) Bruce,

home/church, Honduras Betty Not (Mrs. H. T.) Cummins home-church, Kenya David Davis Students Chana Donald Duvall,* medical, Indonesia. Sallie Cook (Mrs. W. C.) Lanier. home-church, Israel

Fonce McPhail (Mrs. 1. W.) McFadden, home/church, Nigena Arnold Peterson, preaching, Korea Nelwyn Jewel (Mrs. J. C.) Raborn, homeichurch, Hong Kong Mary Sampson, students, Taiwan

21 Saturday 1 Tim. 4:12-16 Mrs. Margarito Barboza, Spanish,

Mrs. C. R. Delmar, rural urban, Wyo. Artho Leo McDaniel, Jr., social minis-

try, pastoridir, Calif. Dean Preuett, social ministry dir.

Ines Sanchez, retired, Tex. Donald Weeks, social ministry, Ind



Carolyn Holland P.O. Box 29 Selebi-Pikwe, Bolowana

January 26 When Carolyn Holland grew up on a Texas farm (a country girl who did not like milk!), she probably had never heard of Angola Yet when she linished her education and married a preacher they were sent to this laraway country as missionanes

When they had been in this Portuguese West Africa country only six months, their home was often surrounded by soldiers because of a civil war. When the fighting was heavy, the American Consul advised all American women and children to

leave the capital. Luanda, and move to Nova Lisboa, a quiet interior town

The Hollands had not been there long when they were again advised to move - this time to leave the country. Missionaries who had remained in the capital had only 15 hours to leave. They collected foud, fuel, and other supplies to drive the 400 miles (through 25 checkpoints) to Nova Lisboa. No way existed to notify the Hollands they were coming But Carolyn was not surprised when the three-car caravan pulled up at the house where she, her husband, and little two year-old son lived. She exclaimed, "I knew you'd

How did she know? No means of communication existed, but God revealed plans on both ends of the

"Flexibility" describes this missionary family. Not only has Carolyn. had to adjust to living in many places but also to learning different languages. When the family had to leave their home of only a few weeks, she drove for two days with a caravan of missionaries

They went first to South Africa where little Loren began to learn still another language. He already spoke English so well he corrected mistakes in British English. He had also learned Portuguese and had begun to learn a South African dialect.

Then this missionary and her family lived in a third country. They worked with an English-language church in Selebs-Pikwe, Botswana, a new town near a mining project. The people spoke still another language From there they went to Mexico. When Laren comes home with his parents for furlough in 1978, he may be speaking any one of four or live languages

Carolyn has adjusted to many new situations as a missionary, but she asks prayer that she may remain stable. Pray also for all the people whose lives she has already touched.

lazel Clark (Mrs. T. Cl.) Barron,* home church, Indonesia lancy Long (Mrs. H. K.) Clark journeyman, educ., Kenya, remove Bell (Mrs. F. H.) Croxton. home/church, France ah Ann Hill (Mrs. J. E.) Green namerchurch, Kenya,

enald Highfill, preaching, Brazil mes Hudson, educ., Philippines dan Frank Kirkpatnick, students. Nightia

red Williams * English, Brazil 2 Sunday Gen. 12:1-9 fis Manuel Alonso, Spanish, Fla

am Blessman, US-2, social minis Robert D. Lewis, evangelism, Calif. Mrs. Genard Ojeda, Sparush, Tex

Mrs. Eliseo Turrac, Spanish, N.Y. car Bozeman, preaching, Korea e Ann Cale (Mes. H. O.) Gilmore, hortechurch, South Brazil ww Green retired, China. Malaysia

wronce Hardy, men. Liberia. uth Ann Joshin, journeyman, teleduc. Hang Kong. fildred Meadows (Mrs.) L.)

Northcutt, home-church, Peruavid Park, educ. Philippines issell Rowland," medical, India Arthur Wyckoff, rel. educ., Brazil

Monday Gen. 32:24-32 Mrs. David Anguiano, Spanish

ROYAL SERVICE • lanuary 1978

B Frank Belvin, Indian, Okla-Mrs. Hubert O. Black, metro.. Calif. Mrs Allen Elston, Indian, Oreg Tommy L. Fewell, social ministry dir N.C. Mrs. Valadean Gardner, social min-

istry. Okla Mrs. Clifford Horne, social ministry.

Tenn Mrs. Clyde F. Lake, Sr., metro .

Lucy Parsons, social ministry, Md Mrs. Bruce W. Pearson, church ext. Calif

Mrs Enrique Pina, retired, Fla Romeo Reves, Spanish, Tex-A W Thomas, metro dir., Calif. Mrs. Cass Vincent, language, Ind. Emma Jean Archer (Mrs. H W)

Barker, home/church, Taiwan Olin Boles, preaching, Brazil Ted Cromer, preaching, Liberia Ruby Edson (Mrs. R. T.) Fleet,* home/church, Brazil Doris Garrett, educ., Nigeria Glenn Green (Mrs.] E.) Ingouf. homelchurch, Indonesia Earl Langley, rel. educ., Taiwan

Mary Anthony (Mrs | W) Monroe. home/church, Rhodesia Betry Lane (Mrs. R. R.) Morris, home/church, Tanzania Helen Green (Mrs S P) Myers,

home/church, Nigena Greene Strother tetired, China, Malaysia William Wagner, students. Austria.

24 Tuesday Gen. 40:9-15 Mrs. Robert Hall, metro., Ohio. Mrs. Harold Heiney, Indian, S.D. Mrs E R Isbell, Indian, Ala. Donald D. Jackson, metro., Calif. Donald W. Knapp, church ext. Pa. Mrs Earley Reed, retired, Ala John Thomas, Natl Baptists, La Mrs Eugenin Valenzuela, Spanish

Martha Darlington (Mrs. C. R.) Blundell, home/church, Tanzania Luther Copeland, educ., Japan Barbara Whatley (Mrs. R. F.) Cridet. home/church, Spain Alma Ruth Franks (Mrs. V.) Gladen hame/church, Mexico Van Gladen, preaching, Mexico Fugene Huckaby educ . Chile Edith McSwain (Mrs. O. B.) Jenkins, home/church, Kenya Maxine Lockhart, educ , Liberia Barbara Taylor (Mrs. J. F.) McCoy

home/church, Nigeria Betty Cecil (Mrs. J. F.) McKinley, homelchurch, Bangladesh Robert Myers," rel. educ., Panama Jayce Roof (Mrs. K. R.) Nicholson, home/church, Liberia Maudie Greenwalt (Mrs. D. G.)

Overstreet, home/church, St. Vincent

Stan Romanstine, journeyman, music Israel Logan Templeton, bus adm. Hong

25 Wednesday Exed. 3:1-12 Lolard Alan Simmons, rural/orban, W E Allen, retired, Brazil Rodolph Dixon, preaching, Peru Jerry Frazier, journeyman, social work. Japan Anne Moore (Mrs. D. L.) Mitchell. home/church, Indonesia Ruth Holland [Mrs.] E.) Move. home/church, Hong Kong Becky P Pool, education, Japan Glenda Arton (Mrs. W. R.) Reynolds, home/church, Argen-Will J. Roberts, preaching, Kenya Susan Allen (Mrs. W. W.) Smith. home/church Thailand Joann Griffitt (Mrs. G. R.) Tallman homeichurch, Rhodesia Patricia Bennett (Mrs. T. B.) Thompson, homeschutch, Mexico

home/church, Spain Mary Ellen Yancey, women, Nigeria 26 Thursday Exod. 32:15-28 Dewey Wayne Hickey, church ext. Dora Mae Moss, social ministry,

neda Bryson (Mrs. D. R.) White

Tenn Mrs. Ramito Rivera, Spanish, Tex Mrs. Jose Ruiz, Spanish, Fla. Mollie Ellen Stephens (Mrs. F. H.) Anderton, home/church, Italy Brenda Bailey (Mrs. G. W.) Burch homerchurch, lanan

Katherine Tomlinson (Mrs. W. L.) Cooper, retired, Argentina Carolyn Roach (Mrs. J. V.) Holland home/church, Mexica Rex Holt, students, Togo Wilma Gemmell (Mrs.] L | Kidd, 1

mosic Brazil Linda Lawrence, journeyman educ., Mexico. Flizabeth Mincey, journeyman

educ Nigena Christopher Pool, retired Nigeria Libena

Darleene Ryburn (Mrs. J. L.) War. lers, homeichurch, Japan

27 Friday Num. 13:17-30 John Campbell, social ministry, La John H. Cross, Natl. Baptists, Ga.

Mrs. Julia A. Garrison, retired, La. H. Fay Hughes, social ministry, Ill. Mrs. William Irwin, Jr., church ext James McAleece, social ministry,

Kenneth T. Schmidt, social ministry.

Calif Dwight Bass, educ., Kenya Dorothy Richardson (Mrs C D) Brock,* home/church, Philippines Kathryn Batten (Mrs. N. N.) Burnes,

homeichurch Greece Mabel Crabbree retired, Brazil Por tugal

Opanid Dolifka, preaching, Tanzania Robert Dowling, educ., Chile William Hailey,* English, Japan Pauline Martin, educ. Nigeria Helen Holmes (Mrs. W. C.) Ruchti.

homeschurch, Italy Mary Ishee (Mrs. O. E.) Simmons,* home/church, Spain Cherry Kincheloe (Mrs. L. C.) Turnage," home/church Iran

28 Saturday Josh. 6:11-20 Mrs. John Berkuta, Ukrainian, Pa. Frank DiMaggio, rehted, La Mrs. Joe S. Martinez, Spanish, Ariz Ed Taylor, retired, Fla. Katherine Thomason (Mrs. | E) Hallenger, home/church, Europe

Genevieve Billings [Mrs] W) Brizendine, home/church, Guam Farolyn Taylor (Mrs. R. L.) Hensley, homeschurch, South Brazil Leshe Hill, educ., Philippines Cecil Moore, rehred. Chile.

Bobby Simmons, "educ., Philippines Laurence Walker, publication, Brazil Leon White, preaching, Argentina Bill Williams, business administration, Colombia

29 Sunday Josh, 6:11-20 Chifford P. Bruffey, deaf, Wash, D.C. Mrs. Jose Juan Corti, Spanish, N.J. Mrs. Horace Fisher, Spanish, N Mex

Mrs. Daniel Lawton, sonal ministry

Francisco G. Morales, Spanish, Tex Douglas Bryant, preaching, Ghana Mary Buch (Mrs. H. C.) McConnell educ. Chile.

Suzanne Price (Mrs. A. O.) MrGgj home/church, Panama

30 Monday Judg. 5:1-12 Mrs. L. Jerry Jones. Spanish, N. Mrs. Henry Medina, Spanish, Mich. Mrs. John A Mouser, Indian, Ariz. Eugene Wolfe, Spanish, Calif. Connie Bowers, English, Nigeria Theodore Cox, English, Japan Ruby Hickman (Mrs. J. L.) Genty hume/church, Taiwan Billy Gilmore, radio-TV, Brazil Thomas Goodman," medical, Nigeria . A Lee, educ., India Glenn Morris, educ., Thailand Amy Konishi (Mrs. G H.) Watanabe, home/church, Japan Mary Pate (Mrs. C. F.) Yarnell, homerchurch, Guam Florence Zuckero, journeyman, medical, Tanzania

31 Tuesday | Judg. 7:16-25 Mrs. George W. Bullard, Jr., metrc. Mrs. Jack D. Comer, Indian, Okla. Mrs. M. R. Demeree, retired, Fla. Patsy Crowder (Mrs. D. W.) Dison homeichurch, Kenya Sharon Naylor (Mrs. R. E.) Hill," home/church, Liberia Margaret McMullen (Mrs. H. D.) Martin, dorm parent, Nigeria Lillian Maves (Mrs. C. G.) Norwood, home/church, Guatemala Billie Scaggs, educ , Liberia Charlotte Green (Mrs. 5 G.)

Shepard, home/church, Portugal

james Tidenberg, adm., Kenya

Missionaries use listed on their birthdays. An asteriak (*) indicates missionaries on furlaugh. Addresses of missionaries are listed in Missionary Directory, free from Foreign Mission Roard Literature P.O. Box 6597, Richmond, VA 23230, or la Home Mission Board Personnel Directory. free from Home Mission Board Literature Service, 1350 Spring St., NW, Atlanta, GA



SINGLE AND VIRGINIA POUNDS BROWN



The Single Parent by Virginia Watts

Time was when the term single parent brought to mind a mother with a child born out of wedlock No more Today there are 14 million families with only one parent because of divorce, separation, or death. And these one-parent families are increasing at seven times the rate of traditional two-parent families.

Though you may not be a single parent yourself, you probably need to relate meaningfully to someone who is either divorced, separated, or widawed. Whichever your

"Today there are 14 million families with only one parent, because of divorce, separation

separation or death."

curcumstance, Virginia Watts' book gives insight into problems faced by single parents and practical suggestions for coping with these problems

On the day her youngest child was born, Mrs. Watts learned that her minister-husband had a terminal illness. When he died five years later, she was financially and emotionally exhausted and had four children to raise alone. She recounts the self-evaluation which she had to do as a necessary part of working through this crisis. She recalls her struggle in accepting her new role as a single parent. Sustained by the presence of a loving God, she carved out a new life for herself. Today she is a counselor and dean of students in a Christian college

Writing out of her expenence, Mrs. Watts looks at the emotional effect of the loss of a parent on children. She reminds us that children need help and guidance to adjust and find themselves Frequently they feel guilt after the loss of a parent and need reassurance. They don't need a mother who bemoans her single state, playing the martyr role, or one who uses her new role to manipulate her children. Find diverse, meaningful, active outlets for your children, Mrs. Watts advises, which will lead to mature. well-rounded lives. She lists tenareas she personally found to be creative outlets for the family Among these are reading, games, music, travel, sports, arts and

In the chapter "Society and the Single Parefil" the author criticizes the church severely for not helping single parents more — particularly with the need of boys for male influence. The church, she feels, has not arknowledged divorce as a

fact of life in spite of the spiraling divorce rate. She cites Britton. Wood: "The fact is that peuple are divorced." Our concern as the church must be how to minister to these broken lives."

Mrs. Watts urges single parents to form Christian fellowship groups; to build bridges, not walls around themselves.

This is not only a helpful book. It is also a hopeful book. We have hope as an anchor of the soul, she says. With God, Mrs. Walts discovered, you can do the thing you think you can't do

Woman Alone, Confident and Creative by Sarah Frances Anders (Broadman \$3 75)**

Sarah Frances Anders has written a forthright book about single women. And since single women — the never-married, the divorced, the widowed — number over half the lemale population, it's high time we put aside a lot of outdated notions on what lifestyle is "normal" for women and accept the many and changing faces of Eve discussed in this book

If a woman feels like a fifth wheel because she is single, the trouble may be with her and not her singleness, says Dr. Anders Admittedly, one has to work at being successfully single. But statistics show that the single woman tends to have fewer emotional problems and to be better adjusted than her married sister. with the stress of house, husband, and children. This positive attitude of Dr. Anders herself single and an experienced counselor and teacher in a Southern Baptist college - characterizes her practical approach to singleness

Dr. Anders stresses the diversity of single women. They cut across all age groups, all social and economic classes. They do tend to be migratory and urban-bound for employment reasons. Nearly all the single women Dr. Anders interviewed agreed that society stigmatizes them in three importa areas — entertainment, sex, and money. For example, the single woman feels neither safe nor comfortable attending a movie alone. And wumen do still suffe economic disadvantages in employment.

Never-marrieds tend to fare better financially than the divore or the widowed since they are usually better educated and haw started to work at a younger age.

Looking further at the never-married, Dr. Anders discovered in the seventies a dramatic trend started there we 50 percent more singles between and 34 than in the sixties Obviously singleness is increasingly an option. Such an option does not appear alarming. Dr. Anders says, when we conside that the number of former-married exceeds the never-married by 8 percent.

Never-marrieds have been particularly subject to the biologic mythithat only as a wife and moth can a woman fulfill her role in society. To say that "marriage is utopia of happiness and security" as false as saying "singlenessis for from responsibilities and problems," the author points out finding maturity, contentment, and a meaningful life is not dependent on one's marital status.

Looking at former-marrieds (hidworred and the widowed). Dr. Anders reminds us that a divord woman not only faces loss of his social role, but frequently also to of financial security. She is thus into an area where she may he had no experience. Since she also

kely to have custody of any hildren, all of this can add up to a seing of bitterness and frustration. Dr. Anders makes some practical ingestions as to where a divorced erson can turn for help. She also sis: "Ten Commandments for a lolo Mother," one of which is Don't assume and behave as if a me-parent household has to hortchange your child's growth add development." She reminds us hat a happy, fulfilled solo parent

provides a much better growing environment than a mediocre or hostile two-parent household

The second group of formerly-marrieds — the widows — are urged to take stock of themselves, their interests, their talents, their need for a wider social life. Look to the church, counsels Or. Anders, it is a family when you have lost your own family. Perhaps this is the time to ask, What can I do for the church? rather than, What

can the church do for me? Some churches have a widow to-widow ministry.

More than anything else, Dr. Anders believes that a single woman should have the freedom to become a whole person unfettered by the social attitudes that once set the single apart. To that end she has written a forceful and insightful hook.

PLANNING THE MEETING

Work to make this meeting an xercise in understanding and an xpenence of mutual sharing Whatever the lifestyle of most

Whatever the lifestyle of most nembers of your group, the study an be an extremely practical and helpful one. Are most of your group nembers married? Must married ownen face widowhond; many face livorce—and both of this month's books provide help-in-preparation darried women also relate to single women day by day and they need hese books as guides to fresh understandings of others' intuations. Most likely your group is

nade up of some marrieds, some vidowed, some divorcees, some ever-marrieds. For such a diverse roup this study offers an proritinity for practical, in-depth bersonal experience sharing. Urge every woman to read one or oth of these books before the neeting. The best book study will appen in a group discussion based in all members' having read one or oth books.

Launch the discussion by

suggesting the group think about an imaginary two-column poster they must complete. One column reads, "Prublems of Singleness", the other column, "Potentials of Singleness." The problems column may be subdivided into (1) widowed, (2) divorced, and (3) never-married.

Another study approach would be to follow the outline on pages 162-163 of The Single Parent. If any women in the group do not have this book, duplicate the outline and distribute it. Members may use if not only for use in guiding group discussion but also for their individual study and evaluation.

Call attention to the summary practical suggestions at the close of each chapter in *The Single Parent*. Point out also the lists in both books of additional reading. (Why not ask, in advance of the meeting, your church's media center (library) director to bring to the meeting a selection of books related to singleness; encourage members to check them out and read them.)

Book Forecast

Februar

"I Wish I Could Give My Son a Wild Racconn," edited by Eliot Wigginton (Anchor \$4.95)"

March

41 45Y

Open Heart, Open Home by Karen Burton Mains (Cook Publishing \$5.95)*

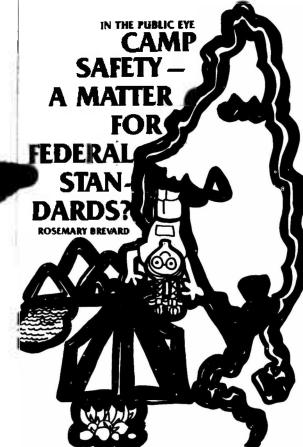
Beyond Feminism by Marilya Brown Oden (Abingdon \$3.50)** Take This House by Evamae Barton Crist (Herald \$1.95)**

April
He Gave Us a Valley by Helen
Roseveare (InterVarsity \$3 95)*
Femel The Hunt for a New Killer Virus
by John C. Fuller (Zondervan

Members of Round Table Book Club get these books automatically. Also available through Baptist Book Stores. NOTE: Your 20 percent discount for ordering three books at a time applies regardless of what combination of books you choose one copy of each book, three copies of the same book at two copies of one book and one copy of another. (You can even moder more than three books.) If you want a combination other than the orual (one copy of each books.), in which is not copy of each books.) In the copy of each books will receive the three or more books at a 20 percent discount.

"Available through Baptist Book Stores





PROPONENT (a parent): "Work for passage of the federal Youth Camp Safety Act¹ Each year 250,000 children are injured at summer camps and about 100 die. We have laws to save fish and birds and wildlife. We must have a law to protect our kids in summer camps!"

OPPONENT (a columnist): "The pending Youth Camp Safety Act

perfectly illustrates the bureaucratic lunacy that afflicts our federal government. Every year a few youngsters are killed, and a few more injured, in Summer camp accidents. The number of accidents is remarkably small. Nevertheless. do-gooders and congressional liberals want to establish a babysitting Office of Youth Camp

Safety staffed by job-hungry bureaucrats, nice Nellies, and various simpering nitwits Bureaucratic bloat!

OPPONENT (a church camp operator) "The Youth Camp Sale Act, if passed, would be a most serious infringement upon the separation of church and state. Federal regulation of church-operated camps would shatter the First Amendment.

Leave camp safety to the states!" What is this controversial You Camp Safety Act? The bill would establish an office in HEW (a) to provide financial incentives for states to enact their own youth camp safety standards, and (b) establish and implement national minimum standards for camps wists. It is at least certain that those states choosing not to end amping accidents do occur, that their own. The standards enacted host parents assume the existence of by any state would have to be at least as effective as the national qualification and equipment and minimum standards.

Grieving parents, motivated by desire to protect other children undards or controls. How one from the preventable camping trews the role proposed for the accidents which maimed or killed ederal government in this bill is their own, have been trying for largely a matter of political several years to push this legislate through Congress. They docume a pressing need for such legislation rescue techniques, (b) a 19-year-d and state counselor who suffocated while waiting to jump from her burning dormitory which was overcrowded trying "church-state violation" control equipment, and (c) a camp other state regulation or fede who was killed in a one-vehicle stants to Christian camps for accident in an overcrowded pidu elf-enforcement of safety driven by an unlicensed, under landards. Support of either of

Many operators of camps with apponents are not primarily excellent safety records support concerned that this bill violates proposed bill or its intent. Amount hurch-state separation. these are the American Camping Association, the Boy Scouts of America, and the National Pares Teacher Association.

However, many other operated

sale camps feel threatened by the gislation They fear harassment nd expense will result from the egulations to be drawn up by the octopus-like federal ireaucracy." Many of these are perators of church-related youth amps who feel the First mendment protects them from overnment interference in their amp operations. These opponents The bill vociferously deny that it is eeded. They make the case that number of accidents is so small hat statistically children are safer in amps than in their own backyards The high level of emotion urrounding the Youth Camp alety Act makes it difficult for a stizen to determine the deeree of leed for it and/or whether it is the est answer to whatever need nost parents assume the existence of minimal degree of personnel acility safety in camps, and that the ast majority of the states have no

ence. Consideration of three factors, by ticking off examples of (a) a lowever, can calm the emotions camper who drowned because at enerated by the charge that the Act counselor present was trained in threatens the separation of church

hilosophy and personal

1. Some church camp operators had no fire escape, and lacked in propose as alternatives to the Act other state regulation or federal hese alternatives shows that these regulation by another level of overnment or receipt of public rants is equally vulnerable to that harge. Obviously, therefore, these

amp operators are waving the COYAL SERVICE • January 1978

fear-producing flag of church-state violation to drum up opposition to federal action they oppose for political or practical reasons

- 2. Separation of church and state is not necessarily imperiled because some level of government demonstrates a compelling interest in protecting the health, safety, welfare, and morals of its citizens For example, most churches are subject to fire inspections and must comply with reasonable instructions. Churches may not like spending their maney on fire doors and exit lights, but essential religious liberty is not endangered by the inspections or the expenditures.
- 3. The staff of the Baptist Joint Committee on Public Affairs closely studied the Youth Camp Safety Act (H R 6761) and found no legislative intent either to prescribe religious beliefs or to limit religious practices Section 17 of the Act is titled "Noninterference" and reads:

"(a) Nothing in this Act or regulations issued hereunder shall authorize the Director, a State agency, or any official acting under the Act, to prescribe, determine, or influence the curriculum. admissions policy, program, or ministry of any youth camp.

"(b) Nothing in this Act or regulations issued hereunder shall be construed to control, limit, or interfere with either the religious affiliation of any camp, camper, or camp staff member, or the free exercise of religion in any youth camp which is operated by a church, association, or convention of churches, or their agencies."

Moreover, the committee report which accompanies the bill and amplifies legislative intent expressly states that "the committee intends that Federal legislation . . . would not, in any way, infringe on religious freedom." Further the report specifically declares that the noninterference section of H.R.

6761 "permits religious groups operating youth camps to select campers and comp staff on the basis of religious affiliation if the camp operator so desires. In any case. however, members of the camp staff must meet the minimum qualifications established by either State law or Federal law, whichever is applicable, for the safe operation of youth camps (e.g., personnel directing swimming must be certified in life-saving]."

The House Education and Labor Committee reported the Youth Camp Safety Act on May 13. The Carter Administration did not oppose the bill but asked that it be shelved pending Administration development of a comprehensive federal health and safety strategy for fiscal year 1979. Counsel for the House subcommittee which held hearings on the bill indicates that its sponsors intend to push for House passage even without Administration support but are having difficulty scheduling the bill

for full House consideration. Therefore, there is probably time for citizens personally to inform themselves about this Act and then form an opinion of its merits. For copies of H.R. 6761 and House Report 95-315 write to. House Document Room, US Capitol, Washington, DC 20515.

Careful evaluation of these documents and, if that is negative, diligent searching for an alternative approach to improving summer camp safety should be motivated by three realizations:

- 1. Most states do not have minimal camp safety standards.
- 2. The statistical insignificance of the number of children killed or injured in camping accidents annually does not excuse us from maximum effort to protect each individual child
- 3. Government safety regulations containing carefully worded protections for religious liberty do not per se violate the separation of church and state.

ESORT MISONS

 An outdoor movie at a logging camp in Idaho for workers who have been bypassed by churches

 A New Jersey couple working on a Sunday School building for Navaho Indians at Steamboat. Arizona

• Two weeks at Camp Living Water with 39 conversions

 Backpacking in Colorado, New Mexico, and Virginia

· An old farm near the nation's capital needs work teams to convert it into a camp for inner-city youth

· A baker's dozen state and national Campers on Mission rallies

These recent experiences in resort ministries are representative of the work loel Land leads as an assistant director in the Home Mission Board's Department of Special Mission Ministries.

Looking ahead to the camping and vacation season, Joel urges special prayer for campers. Pray that Christian campers will be sensitive to opportunities to witness and to minister to others. He also asks us to pray that these campers will avail themselves of the power and presence of the Holy Spirit.

People in resort areas are often more open to the gospel than they might be at home. The Broadman filmstrip, Resort Missions (available through Baptist Book Stores. \$9 50), suggests at least four conditions which seem to encourage this openness. (See especially frames 8-16.) These include:

1. Vacationers are searching for new experiences and may be willing to explore Christianity

2. Relaxed morals may create a crisis to which Christians can respond.

3. After allong trip, family relationships may need bolstering by friendly Campers on Mission

4 Beauty in nature may silently speak of the Creator

were provided by loel Land. As we consider these recent events, we should:

give thanks to God for courageous and inventive approaches to witness

pray for individuals and groups going out this coming season



consider how we can initiate or relate to similar ministries

At a logging camp

Larry L. Maxwell of Kamiah. Idaho, reports:

"In August, a seminary missionary and I presented the Billy Graham film, Time to Run, at a helicopter logging camp near the small logging fown of Headquarters, Idaho Forty people attended the outdoor presentation in the mountains.

"Churches have bypassed these people, and they were eager to view this film. One woman made popcorn and arranged for the showing. We hope to extend the ministry to several logging camps in the woods."

A New Jersey couple, the William Michels of Egg Harbor, who travelled in 23 states one summe had these experiences:

'We spent five days on the Navaho Indian Reservation working on a 56-foot trailer addition to be used as a Sunday School building. We attended Sunday worship service in a Navaho hogan church in Steamboat, Arizona, I heard my testimony of salvation translated into the Navaho language.

"In each of the 23 states we traveled, we met brothers and sisters in Christ and witnessed by the saving grace in the Lord less Christ, giving an invitation to the unsaved to receive the eternal security he offers."

At Living Waters

Glenn Gillespie has gone for be summers from Crystal River, Florida, to Camp Living Waters of the Great Smoky Mountains:

Tam a member of Campers of Mission Also, I have been a part-time missionary for the part eight years. I work mostly with American Indians, Bible camps, and old-time gospel camp meetings. The past two summer worked at Camp Living Watering Great Smoky Mountains. We read children and teens, from age eigh to fifteen. My work with the India has been a great blessing to me.

"I try to be a witness and ambassador for Christ every day. While at Camp Living Water, Ther had many opportunities to withe to the young people, teach, give testimonies, pray with, counsel. conduct devotionals, and try toler them to accept Christ at our evangelistic services each night. During the two weeks at Camp Living Water about 39 were sayed F.O.O.L.'s in Augusta

A minister of music and youth

nald W. Bowden, Jr., in Augusta, eorgia, has been chaplain for a toup who call themselves OOL's (Fellowship of Outdoor

"We made use of our puppet inistry, along with congregational nging, quartets, and solos ccompanied by guitars with public ddtess systems during the season. te held friday evening services fter community meals in which we nvited other campers in the park to oin us for food, fun, and ellowship

Services were marked by Bible iudy, prayer, devotional nessages, noting particularly God's eliability in creating good and eautiful creatures of us as he has reated the beauty of nature

the mountains, west and east

Iwo home missionaries direct lackpacking trips known as hristian High Adventure. These 'stress camping" ministries are for ilder teens and young adults.

Chuck Clayton, who lives in Montrose, Colorado, led peditions last summer beginning rem Montrose, from Glorieta, new Mexico, and from Bristol. litginia. Coy Finley, Eagle Nest. lew Mexico, directs trips from orthern New Mexico

LANNING THE MEETING

If there is a state park or other ecreation area nearby and the reather is mild, why not plan to neet there?

If a member of your group has a ecreation vehicle, meet in or fround it at the campsite.

Since prayer suggestions are in he content material, you may lead the group through, stopping for prayer after each segment

If you use the filmstirp, Resort dissines you may show it in its entirety, using the cassette tape harration (or script). Or you may

ROYAL SERVICE + January 1978

Chuck also directs leadership training expeditions for church leaders who want to use trail camping as a tool for Christian

Christian High Adventure challenges the best in a person. physically and spiritually, and

ministry

On an old farm near Washington, DC

Last year, the call went out for camping families to come to Washington, DC, to convert an old farm into a camp for youth from the inner city. Along with the hammering, sawing, and painting, help was needed in teaching camping skills and leading Bible study

Joel Land points to this project as simply one example of requests he gets "Many other needy missions projects are available for assignment from the Campers on Mission office at the Home Mission Board

A national Campers on Mission rally was held at Toledo Bend Lake near Many, Louisiana, at the Texas border. Activities included a potluck supper, hobo style, music and drama features; conferences on family camping ministry and missions assignments; campfire singalong, worship walk, preaching, fellowship, and Bible study.

State rallies for Campers on Mission were held in 12 states last year: Alabama, Georgia. Oklahoma, Missouri, North Carolina, Louisiana, Arkansas, Virginia, New Mexico, California. South Carolina, and West Virginia



seeks to blend these dimensions of personality

limit your viewing to frames 8 through 16.

For the calendar of prayer, ask a member to research resort areas near each missionary whose birthday is today. These areas should be mentioned as each name is called.

Pray that each missionary will take time for rest and relaxation during the year ahead.

FOLLOW-THROUGH

Ask group members to respond now to the convention-wide Prayer Partners Project, explained on p.

40. North Central Baptist women are to use the blank on p. 20. Before the meeting, read the material on these two pages and also the explanation in the Baptist Women meeting material, pp. 8-12

Mission Action Group Guide: Resort Areas can provide excellent help. The guide is listed on the order form in this issue, page 48.

Write your state Baptist convention office to learn of state rallies for Campers on Mission.

fely Webb to poster of Ridgerson Baptol Church, New

What?

The Prayer Partners Project is a part of the North Central Missions Thrust, a strategy for doubling Southern Baptist missions work in seven North Central states by 1990 The prayer plan is to match members of Baptist Women organizations in North Central states with members of prayer groups in partnership states. Partnership states are all states except the North Central states (Minois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, and Wisconsin. and Ohio).

Who

Members of Baptist Women prayer groups in partnership states may request a prayer partner. If you live in one of

PRAYER PARTNERS PROJECT

the North Central states, see page 20

When

The cutoff date for signing upfor a prayer partner is April 30.

How?

A member of a prayer group in a partnership state will clip the sign-up blank, fill it in, and send it to the state WMU office. A member of the prayer group may sign up for herself, or she may be interested in matching her family, her missions group, her Baptist Women organization, or lecturch with a family, missing group. Baptist Women organization, or church in, North Central States. In the case of a family, missions group, organization, or church, one person should make the request for each, prayer partner will be sent according to the information on the blank.

hv?

This is an effort to lend prosupport to persons living a witnessing in the North Central states Persons living in these states Persons living in these states will share information about mission work in that area, and person partnership states will properlikally for these needs. Think of the impact this kin of prayer support will have missions work in these state.

On this muggy spring morning the big double-decker bus is aswarm with tourists, many wielding their pocket cameras

"Click"

A gray-haired matron from Curcinnati captures Charleston's beautiful azaleas and camellias on film. "Click!"

At a stop near a weathered cemetery, a bearded student records the graves of Civil War suldiers and lawyers and statesmen prominent during the Revolution.

Later, Iwo young women gaze upward, marveling at the chandelier in a restored two-story home A family from Atlanta enjoys the chanting sales pitch of shripp and flower sellers on the street corner, remembering this was the scene which inspired George Gershwin to write Pergy and Bess in the 1930s Another visiting couple sits down to a sumptions dinner of she-crab soup and roasted oxters.

This is Charleston — at least, it's how many visitors see this old seaport town — done up in her spring best: carefully restored Colonial-era homes, neatly swept streets, men in white suits conducting their busi-

ness in genteel Southern fashion.

Aut the proud historic town and its people are much more.

Charleston's a military town, the Navy yard employs thousands of persons, many of whom live here for a few months, then move to their next station. Varied industries — electric companies, lumber and paper mills — contribute a bustling business air to this South Carolina seaport city.

Tourism and government are the other major employers, drawing hundreds of families to new homes in Charleston's suburbs.

The town's people and progress in 1978 can be better understood, however, by taking a quick look at Charleston's history.

English explorers came here in 1663, returning home with reports of South Carolina's rich soil and mild climate. In 1670, the first set-

PRAYER PARTNER FOR PARTNERSHIP STATES SIGN-UP BLANK

	Date
Jame	· ·
ddress	
	ZIP
I would like to have	a prayer partner from a North Central state in the following category (check one):
	Individual
	Family
	Missions group
	Baptist Women organization
	Church
Send this form to y	our state WMU office

11870 Montgomery 36111
ALASKA - WMU Othre, Stat Route A
Box 1791 Anchorage 99507
ARIZONA - WMU Office 400 West
Camelback Road Phoenis 85013
ARKANSAS - WMU Office, P. O. Box 553
Little Rock 72203

ALABAMA - WMU Office, P. O. Box

CALIFORNIA — WMU Office, P. O. Bus 5168. Fresno 43755 COLORADO — WMU Office, P. O. Bus 22005. Deriver 80222

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA WMU Diffice 1628 light Street, NW, Washington 20009 FLORIDA — WMU Olfice, 1230 Hendricks Avenue, Jacksonville, 37207 GEORGIA — WMU Office, 2930 Flow Road, S., Atlanta 30341 HAWAII — WMU Office, 2042 Vancos

Drive, Honofulu 96822 KANSAS NEBRASKA WMU Office, 5410 West 7th, Topeta Kansas 6666 KENTUCKY — WMU Office, P. O. 666 93433 Middletown 40243 Cont. on p. 45



DYAL SERVICE . January 1978

tlement was established and named in honor of England's Charles II: Charles Towne. The village later moved ten miles southeast.

In 1680, an English captain named John Thurber brought a bag of Madagascar rice with him and gave it to a leading Charleston businessman before sailing home When the rice was planted, it flourished in South Carolina's swampy riverbanks. Slaves were brought in to work the fields, and rice soon became so valuable a ctop that it was nicknamed "Carolina" gold."

Today, the old rice plantations of Magnoba Gardens and Middleton have been carefully preserved. The stately homes have been carefully preserved. The stately homes and gardens draw hundreds of fourists each year

Production of rice and indigo (a blue dye) helped Charleston grow in the eighteenth century. Beautiful homes were built and expert cabinelmakers made the city a center for line furniture. Its citizens apprenated the detailed construction of English-style houses, they created appealing gardens to enhance their beauty.

In 1861, Fort Sumter, guarding the Charleston harbor was attacked by Confederate soldiers. The April attack, one of the immediate causes of the Civil War Taunched the city into the bitter conflict and the aftermath of Reconstruction

As twentieth century industry began to change the charac of the city. Charleston's citizens made an effort to maintain the elegance of the homes in the Battery, the city's harbor area. More than 2,000 homes. have been restored. Row upon row. they stand graceful and colorful. hues of rose, deep yellow, lavender, blue and green brighten the narrow streets.

Charleston is a historic city for Southern Baptist work, as well Some of the churches here are among the oldest in the Southern Baptist Convention Leaders like Richard burman got their start here.

Charleston was for years a stronghold of Baptist work. But despite its status as a beginning point for Southern Baptist life, Charleston presents fresh and challenging missions opportunities.

Today Charleston, as well as other large Southern cities, is playing the game of "catch up" where Baptist church extension is concerned

Are you sure that's true"" asked a puzzled church member "We have so many Baptists here

Southern Baptists are the largest Protestant denomination in the United States, it's true.

But active Southern Baptists (approximately 7 million of the 11 million members) make up only about 3. percent of the total United States population (220 million). The populating is growing faster than Southern Baptists are growing

As a result, churches are forced to reach and serve more and more people, in a society which moves faster and faster

The task facing many Southern

Baptist churches, then, is a little, trying to make a three-pound roast serve your family plus a do, neighbors who dropped in un-pectedly. It can be done, but u wouldn't want to keep it up Su after Sunday

Most SBC leaders conclude we need to plant new chui where the population is now a

y church That's 1.5 million South irolinians who seldom hear a rmon, sing a hymn, study the hie with a group, attend a church

population in South Carolina is increasing, but our average Sunday School attendance is not." he says "This is true everywhere, Per-

centage-wise. we're just not keeping up. Bryson says

South Carolina is growing at the rate of 9.9 percent, and that much of this growth is taking place in the cities. He notes that in 1970 in his state, the ratio of churches to all persons (not just Southern Baptists) was one church to

widowed, or divorced. As the city sprouts new suburbs. Bill Bishop notes how Charleston is divided into recognizable territories "South of Broad are the restored homes. These are the gra-

Thirty percent of those 14 years old

and above are separated, single,

cious, stately homes restored just as in pre-Revolutionary days, If it were not for these." Bishop beheves, "this part of the downtown area would be transitional just like every other downtown area.

The upper part of the city -Peninsula Neck - is undergoing racial and economic transition. Be cause churches likely will be affected by this within four years. Bishup estimates, the association is involved in a pilot project (in cooperation with the Home Mission. Board) on the area

West of the Ashley River are established suburbs and some of the association's largest churches.

On nearby James Island, to the southwest of the city proper, are four Southern Baptist churches

In the Sullivan's Island and Farley Beach resort areas, the pupulation swells and drops with the seasons, making it difficult for the churches there to grow

"The metro area is fairly well churched, but the growing areas are not," says Eishop. "A lot of people still travel downtown to church, but a church works better when it is close to the people it serves."

In a section of growing Goose Creek, for instance, a survey four years ago located 3,000 families but no church. Highland Park Raptist Church agreed to sponsor a mission, which met for months as a house church. At the time, property was cheap, and a church site was purchased. Pastor Clarence Butler and his congregation expected to move into their new building by early 1978. "If we had to buy that property today," Bishop says, "if would cost us \$40,000 an acre

As Charleston encroaches into formerly rural areas, it becomes even more important to plant



In South Carolina, for instant the total population is around 2 million. Of these, about 660. claim affiliation in a Southern b tist church. That means about in four persons is a Southern &

But South Carolina missions points out that 52.3 percent of t people in his state are not related

synagingue, or proclaim any relameship to a religious group or

In a survey conducted by the tist Ithough many of these are wouth Carolina convention with the ime Mission Board, Bryson disivered that two out of three perparlment director Larry Brys are moving into the state are PPer middle-class white, not reted to any religious group. "The

sociation has gained one new church a year Today about 300,000 persons live in Charleston County. Of these, 32 percent are non-white. About 20 percent of Charleston's people have incomes under the poverty level.

every 1,500. By 1975, that ratio had

worsened one church for every

1,700 persons. "It would take us

starting 225 new churches by 1985

just to regain the place we once

Nowhere is the need more evi-

dent than in South Carolina's urban-

In 1977, the Charleston associa-

tion claimed 47 churches and three

missions, with a total membership

of about 39,000. The former associa-

tional director Bill Bishop says

during the past four years the as-

areas, the growing cities of Colum

bia. Greenville, and Charleston.

had " the missions leader says.

churches in those areas. Stono Baptist Church, for instance, began as a mission of Johns Island Baptist Church They purchased ten acres for a building site and plan to be ministering from their new building by the end of 1978

For the most effective church extension, state missions leader Larry Bryson believes education is needed among grassroots Baptists "From the directors of missions to the pastors to the pews," he says

In a September 1976 meeting. Bryson and the Home Mission Board's Quentin Lorkwood led a meeting of Baptist realtors and land developers and directors of missions. Thirty-eight realtors and developers came to explore how they could work together with the missions leaders, and what each group could contribute to the other. As a result of that meeting, several associations now meet regularly with the realtors in their area

Bryson says he often gets calls notifying the state office of a subdivision being planned. "This means we can get in on the ground floor of the planning

In one case, the convention was able to buy a ten-acre church site for \$3,350 an acre. "When broken intolots," notes Bryson, "this is going to cost \$364,000

As the state and association band together to start new churches, they also encourage church growth through new ministry by existing churches

Multi Ministries

Sometimes reaching out awakens a church to its potential impact on a community

Park Circle Baptist Church in Charleston has "gotten a new lease on life," says Bishop, because of its involvement in a ministry to sea-

Led by D5-Zers June and Ken Below, the port ministry now has more volunteers than it needs. When Park Circle got into it, they knew it would be a multi-ethnic

ministey and they dealt with it healthily," says Bishop, "One ministry led to another. Now they've opened their door to Hope Center, an organization for the retarded."

Two men, Jim Morgan and Richard McQueen, are jointly appointed by the Home Mission Board and the South Carolina convention to encourage churches in ministry. Morgan concentrates on weekday ministries through local churches. McQueen is experienced in youth and family services

McQueen recalls 12-year-old Doug, a slender, black-haired boy who was having trouble at school. His father had medical problems. the family, which lived in a lowrent district, was having trouble making ends meet.

The summer he met the family McQueen invited Doug to the associational camp, a two-week outing designed especially for youngsters in trouble with the law or coming close to it.

During the two weeks of swimming, hiking, Bible study, and triendship. Doug decided to become a Christian. When he returned to Charlesion, he became involved in an RA group at Hampion Park Baptist Church, then later joined the church with several of his friends from camp

About half the boys make professions at the camp," McQueen says, "but we discover that when they get back home, their parents often could care less. We always try to follow un-

Taking a personal interest is the key McQueen remembers one family, whom he learned of through the courts, who had seven children The father worked in a paper mill, the mother at a cleaning establishment. "They were hard workers but having a tough time of it," he recalls. McQueen referred the family to a local pastor on Johns Island

Through the pastor's interest in the family, they became involved with the church group. The pastor baptized six family members on Sunday night after they had made

professions of faith

On another morning, a man the city housing office calle McQueen with a problem.: " have a young mother and three by over here. She's got a job but wo be getting a check for two week They have no furniture, no foo Can you help?"

McQueen searched the clothclosel at the Baptist building (whi local churches keep in good on c study material, then pick one ply), then arranged for the woman pret of the city to describe. One to come over and pick out see clothes. He supplied food and sometime historical emphasis of the used furniture until the family gods, another might comment on the on its feet.

McQueen and Morgan rely a ention the high number of mili-individuals in local churches to be ry persons, and so forth. Thank muscle to ministry. And McQuer cse "visitors" to Charleston for sees much room for growth, "O problem is not so much lack! churches but lack of involvement the churches we do have." h

He points to churches who a involved as examples of what confi be done Hampton Park. Citad uman needs in Charleston Square, First, Ashley River, Syn more, and Rutledge Avenue

At Fort Johnson Baptist Chief fork on these assignments at the on James Island, association eginning of the session. Use about WMU director Charlene Kirk is \$2.15 minutes to go over the study. spearheaded her church's year laterial. Then come back together round effort to provide Christon or the bus tour and Baptist leader gifts for patients at the universit medical center. On the state that LAN 2 tional level, she has led a project. LAN 2 Pass out large sheets of poster. provide kits to prisoners at the dispersion large sheets of poster pre-release center. The kits, on pard, magazines, and felt-tip martaining comb. shaving creat ers Using the study material as a razor, towels and washcloth, made up by mission action group at two churches each month.

Many of these men have not nickel when they arrive," says Mr uide information, or magazine ar-Kirk "This is our way to show th

We care

ANNING THE MEETING

pestion: If I were to visit Charles-South Carolina, what sort of are and people would I enunter? What are Baptists doing to sound to needs there?

vide, ask each woman to make a

(Supplement the study material

11th encyclopedia reports, travel

cles. Because of the recent

ileto, USA, festival of the arts in

Charleston collage

Simulate a bus tour of Charleston

rasking several women to read What could new churches do? pect of the city to describe. One oman might have a sentence PLAN 3 Using the statistics given on the ratio of Baptists to total US population, explore the subject of church extension by dividing into two stored houses, another might groups. Ask group A to take the position that existing churches should reach out in ministry more often, such as the ones mentioned pir observations, then ask other in the study material. Ask group B. omen to assume the roles of Bapto take the position that existing a massiums leaders in Charleston churches cannot meet all the needs. Using the study material as a and therefore new churches must iede, ask them to point out ways in be created near population growth. high existing churches and centers to handle such needs. anned new churches are meeting

Allow both groups about 15 minutes with the study material to pre-You may wish to divide the large pare their points, then discuss roup into two smaller groups to Each group should come to realize the validity of the other's viewpoint SOMETHING TO DO BECAUSE

YOU STUDIED.

Charleston, many magazines car-

Allow about 30 minutes for each

woman to create a picture-portrait

Divide into pairs, asking each

pair to explore. What are Charles-

ton churches doing to meet needs?

ried articles about the city.]

of Charleston and its needs

Often a new church can begin with a Baptist Women meeting, or with a Baptist Women ministry.

Since much of the population growth in cities takes place in apartment complexes and mobile home parks, investigate the possibility of beginning a study group

If at all possible, meet in the home of a member who already lives in the apartment or mobile home park An alternative is to request permission to use a "community room" and invite residents

CALL TO PRAYER

Read 1 Corinthians 3:5-10 Pray for Charleston and other Southern cines as they seek to establish new churches and help old ones reach

out into their communities. Lead in a time of prayer for missionaries with birthdays today.



Elaine Furlow is editor of Book Publication Services at the Home Mission Board in Atlanta, Georgia. In this capacity she edits books in the Home Mission Graded Series and is responsible for editing and producing the Human Touch series of photo-text books. She is author of two of the books - The Human Touch and Love with No Strings. Elaine is married to Robert S. Fur-

confi trom p 40 LOUISIANA - WMU Office, P. O. Box 311. Alexandria 71301 MARYLAND - WMU Office, 1313 York

Road, Lutherville 21093 MISSISSIPPI - WMU Office, P. O. Box \$30, Jackson 39205 MISSOURI - WMU Office 400 East High

Street, Jefferson City 6510) NEW MEXICO - WMLI Office, P. O. Bo 485 Albuquerque 87103 NEW YORK - WMILITING 500 S. Salan

Street Suracuse 13202 NORTH CAROLINA - WMU Olice, P. O. Box 26508, Raleigh 27611 NORTHERNPLAINS - WMU Office, P. O.

Box 1278, Rapid City, South Dakota 57709 NORTHWEST - WMU Office, 1033 NE6th Avenue Portland, Oregon 97232 OKLAHOMA - WMU Office, 1141 N Robinson, Oklahuma City 73103 PENNSYLVANIA SOUTH JERSEY -WML Diffice 900 South Arlungton

Avenue, Harrisburg, PA 17109 SOUTH CAROLINA - WMU Office, 907 Richland Street, Columbia 29202 TENNESSEE - WMU Office, P. O. Box 347. Brentwood 37027

TEXAS - WMU Office, 408 Baptist Building, Dallas 75201 UTAH-IDAHO - WMU Office, P. O. Box 2545. Salt Lake City, Ctab 84110. VIRGINIA - WMU Office, P. O. Box 8435 Richmond 23226

WEST VIRGINIA - WMU Office 801 Sixth Avenue St Albana 25177

BIBLE STUDY GROUP GROWING POWER AND PERSIS-TENCE

VELMA DARBO BROWN

This month we study the third couplet in the elements of Christian growth. This pair is power and persistence.

The elements of spiritual growth may be compared to some of the elements necessary to constructing a building. Whether a small cottage or a lofty skyscraper, some of the elements are the same

First is the necessity for a strong and secure foundation on which to build. It is said that the reason Manhatian can have some of the highest buildings in the world is that the island is on solid rock. Christians, too, have their "solid rock" foundation: Jesus Christ, Ourrelationship to him as Savior gives us a secure foundation for our lives in this world as well as in the next.

On top of the basic foundation comes the foundation of the building itself. No matter how strong the foundation in the earth is, no building can be more steady than its own base. For the Christian this foundation is found in self-worth and integrity. A person who does not know basically who he is, or who God intended that he be, can never fully develop his own personality in spiritual growth

Next come the materials for the building: cement, wood, brick, metal. These materials may be compared to faith and wisdom in the Christian life. These two elements provide, or make available, all the materials necessary for building a strong and beautiful Christian

Now we look at the final elements in our series. Power may be compared to all the power tools and sources of power used in building. And persistence may be compared to the workmen's contract to continue with the job of construction until it is completed.

We will later look again at the way all the elements fit together. Now we want to study what the Bible says about power and persistence We will not take these passages in their biblical order. Instead, we will study them as they logically relate. to our subject.

We Need Power for the Struggle (Ephesians 6.10-13)

In our day we hear little about the struggle of the Christian against evil forces. The modern secular rejection of belief in a personal devil has largely contributed to this silence And so, too, has the present-day psychological understanding of life's problems. We are fold that these come from parental influences, bad environment, or a corrupt society

But we have lost sight of the fact that all these influences reflect the presence of evil in our world. Satan and the forces of evil range against everything in life that is under the influence of God. Therefore, the Christian's efforts to grow spiritually may collide with the forces opposing such growth. The result is struggle.

Paul recognized this struggle and counseled about it (Eph. 6.10-18). He urged the Christian not to attempt to fight in his own strength Instead he advised the believer to "be made powerful" in the power which God's power supplies. (v. 10. is more emphatic when all the words relating to "power" are so translated.)

How should this power be used? Paul's metaphor was familiar to every person in the Roman Empire: the heavily armed soldier Rome kept the peace by stationing soldiers in all parts of the Empire An the heavily armed foot soldier, will sis armor, helmet, and sword, gar a formidable picture of the might.

The idea of persistence has been sized already in the last passage, low it is emphasized, a formidable picture of the might.

offensive. He need not hunt or needed to be able to "withstand... and to stand."

The armor Paul recommende was the armor of God. The emph sis in verse 11 is not on "whole," be on "of God." We do need all the armor, but we need God's arms most of all Isaiah 59.17 compare God to a soldier armed for battle Paul may have had this verse i mind when he wrote Ephesians A any rate, it is clear that Paul's enphasis was on the Christian's has ing the armor provided by God as endorsed by him.

Notice how, over and over, Par emphasized the word "stand" i these verses. The Christian's job i against the loe. His task is to "stan firm." The devil's attacks will com thick and fast. And he has val resources (v. 12).

It is hard to know exactly whi Paul meant by all these phrase Perhaps he was not sure himself But he did know that there we tremendous power in the attacks evil. He wanted to warn his reade to be alert against attacks from at direction.

In verse 13 Paul encouraged # believers not only to "withstand but to "stand" A victory that is we at the cost of disability or ultimate weakness to the victor is not lob victory. But this is what is promise to the Christian struggler: If I takes the armor of God and is will ing to be empowered with God power, he will come through the struggle intact. His victory, in God strength, will be complete. We Need Persistence to Finish O

(Hebrews 10:35-36)

0.36 is translated in most other Such might, Paul then said, we ressions as "endurance" or "pa-available to the Christian solding bent endurance." The idea is of a His job was more defensive the teadlast, unwavering endurance ometimes we think of patience as a evil. He could be sure that embassive reaction: "the patience of would search him out. Then he ob." But this passage clearly states hat endurance means continuing ctivity

In verse 35 the writer to the Herews urged them to "cast not way" their confidence in God Perhaps they had gone through a period of trial and testing, and had ome through victorious. This is the langer time — when the fighting is tone and the struggler can relax. then it is easy to wonder why the ewards of the struggle are not imrediately forthcoming.

It is a fact of the human condition hat we leeter back and forth beween strength and weakness, asurance and fear, highs and lows the lows generally tollow the not to run away, nor to advant highs. How often have you had a nountaintop experience which was mickly followed by a spiritual rough? This is what the writer was warning against.

And how did he say that such a ow could be conquered? By patient ndurance — by persistence. In resse 36 the writer reminded his eaders that there often is a long gap of time between doing the will of ood and receiving the promised eward Chapter 11 remembers nany of the "heroes of faith." In all hese cases the reward did not come or many years, or did not come at ill in the person's lifetime. These all re examples of patient endurance

We Christians who are working or spiritual growth need the lesson il Huberova 38:35:36. Getreetti se a ong, slow Often we look or evidences of growth before they have had time to develop. Then it is lasy to become discouraged. It is important to remember that God's ime is not ours. He works slowly put surely. And in time, when we

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have done his will, we will gain the reward. In this case the reward will be the beauty of Christian maturity

We Need Assurance in Our Praying (Ephesians 3:14-16,20-21)

As a climan to our three studies of the elements of spiritual growth. we look at a great graver of Paul. We will not examine all of it. The body of the prayer, for Christ's love, belongs in a later study. But the manner and assurance with which Paul prayed can be a means of bolstering our own praying. Our greatest resource for Christian living is prayer. Too often we pray with little faith. Paul's prayer here can strengthen our sagging faith

Paul began by recognizing God as Father The Creator is also Father. He is the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ Because Jesus trusted in God and was never disappointed, we can trust likewise

God is also the Father who gives his name and his sanction to all the families of the earth. This word includes not only human family units. It embraces all social groups So, every society which has a common head and original founder derives from the one true Father. Recause of this fact, we can look to our Father with increased assurance. God is concerned with us, not only individually, but corporately. The greatest human society is the church. God, the Father of all societies, will not forsake his special. group, which is the body of Christ-

Verse 16 reminds us of the infinite resources of the Father. We have received some takens of those resources. We know something of the power of God in our lives. But these are only a tiny portion of his actual power. We see a pinpoint of light from a vast star one hundred thousand light years away in space. This light can indicate, but never express, the total power of the gigantic star. So it is with our expemence of the power of God.

Paul reemphasized this point at the close of his prayer (v 20). "Exceeding abundantly" is an attempt to give some idea of God's ability to answer our prayers. All his infinite resources are available to us, in accordance with his will.

And his will is that he be glorified, both in the church, the body of Christ, and in Christ, who is the express image of the everlasting Father.

How does the church glorify the Father? By becoming, corporately and individually, more like his Son. As we grow spiritually into the likeness of Christ, we are bringing glory to God. Certainly, then, we can expect God to answer our prayers for power to grow spirit-

Linking the Elements

Consider how the elements of spiritual growth are linked together Self-worth helps us to know, appreciate, and accept who we are. We get from this a kind of blueprint of the way we can reflect Christ in our individual lives Therefore we will ask for wisdom to work out that plan under God's guidance.

Integrity causes us to sland in fear of God, lest we fall short of his will for us. And our integrity causes us to have persistence in carrying out his will

Faith knows to ask for power and wisdom and to believe that it will be

So all the elements work together for the upbuilding of the Christian. to the glory of God the Father.

PLANNING THE MEETING

STUDY AIM

This study is the culmination of three studies. Therefore a cumulative aim is needed. Consider this: As a result of this study, members will be ready to employ power and persistence to their own spiritual growth.

PLAN 1

Point out the words "power" and 'persistence" in the Bible study title. Call for volunteers to recall times when they have found power and used persistance in their Christian lives. Then lead a brief discussion of the meanings of these words and their use in Christian living.

Lead the group through a study of the Bible passages related to power and persistence Leave the last passage. Ephesians 3:14-16, 20-21, to be used as part of the Call to Prayer

Ask members to look at the summary paragraphs under "Linking the Elements." Distribute pencils and paper. Ask members to list the elements and then to write beside each one answers to these questions.

What do I understand by this element?

Where do I find it active in my life?

Where do I find myself lacking in this element?

What can I do to increase it in my life?

Following this period of selfexamination, lead into the Call to Prayer

CALL TO PRAYER

Read Ephesians 3:14-16, 20-21 and give an interpretation of these verses. Call for the reading of the names on the prayer list. Ask the members to engage in silent prayer for these persons. Ask them also to pray for themselves in line with the needs they have found in their lives by answering the questions. Conclude the silent prayer by reading Ephesians 3:20-21

PLAN 2

Begin as suggested in Plan 1. Instead of giving the interpretation yourself, divide the group into subgroups. Ask each one to take one the Scripture passages for study, the close of the study — about 10 12 minutes — ask each subgroup report to the whole group on findings. Then proceed with a summary study and the call prayer.

PLAN 3

Members may wish to spend whole time in a deeper consideration of the six elements of sprint growth. They should study the a terial for this month's Bible study advance. Members may then divided into three groups, each study one pair of the element Following group study, get repoin the various elements. Then consider the summary paragraphs at continue as suggested in Plan Conclude with the Call to Prayer

nort-term volunteer service way of becoming involved Mission? the lists of current needs

the lists of current needs flow do your qualifications missions needs coincide? fover

urri - Needs Overseas

For more information about the oflowing, contact William Eugene Grubi Foreign Mission Board, O. dox. 6597, Richmond, VA 3220

Sewing team, Kingstown, St Vincent, Train nationals to make dothing on a commercial basis Need to bring machines and mate-

WIN School, Dommica, Team of four to conduct two WIN schools in March 1978, Accommodations will be arranged

Secretary, Mexico Must speak panish. One-year assignment, Round-trip transportation and hogsing provided

Secretary, Kenya, to Mission reasurer Bookkeeping helpful but tol necessary. Six months: Rounding transportation and housing monded.

Director, American School of Recite, Brazil. Salatied position, must hold masters degree in school administration.

School Administrator, Dominican Republic, Salaried position Private Christian school for MK's and Dominicans, Knowledge of Spanish needed. Wife may teach

Piano tunet, Kingstown, St. Vincent. One-work assignment

Plano tuner repairman, Honduras Ten days Meals and lodging provided

Volunteer Medical Needs

These overseas assignments are for three weeks to three months. For additional information, write to Hars Id Hurst, Foreign Mission Boars P. O. Box 6597, Richmond, VA. (230).

Dentists: Antigua, Honduras, Trinidad, Dominica, St. Martin, Dominican Republic, Barbados, Botswana, St. Vincent

Physicians:

GP — Rhodesia, Thailand, Yemen, Honduras, Kenya, Dominica, Antigua

Internists — Ghana, Rhodesia. Yemen

Pediatricians — Gaza, Ghana, Nigeria, Iordan

Śurgeons — Gaza, Ghana, India, Nigeria. Rhodesia. Thailand. Yemen, Jordan, Dominica

Ophthalmologists — Dominican Republic, India Dermatologists — Dominican

Republic, Korea

Gynecologist — Dominican Republic

Pathologist — Dominican Republic

Urologist — Yemen

Certified Laboratory Technicians

— Ghana, Yemen, Nigeria, Gaza

Radiologist — Indonesia

Nurses — Needed for a number of countries for a minimum period of three months

Needs in North Central States

Both short- and long-term volunteers are needed in home missions. If interested, contact Department of Special Mission Ministries, Home Mission Board, 1350 Spring Street, N.W., Atlanta, GA 30309

Most short-term needs relate to Bible study, beginning new missions, construction. Vacation Bible School, etc. In some cases housing and/or meals are provided, depending on the ability of the missions field to provide such Travel assistance may be available in special situations involving extreme dis-

Monrovia, Indiana, Construction

at a camp — insulators, electricians, plumbers, painters

New Whiteland, Indiana Summer Backyard Bible clubs, youth ministry, start new missions, visitation, bus ministry.

Midland, Michigan. Crew of men to help church finish building Skill in finish carpentry, plumbing, electrical work would be helpful.

Sidney, Ohio. Weekday ministry needs to be started in an inner-city

Steel Valley, Ohio, Interim pastors and persons willing to work as core personnel in starting new work.

The following long-term needs call tor persons who are willing to move to another area for a time and secure employment (or provide their own support), helping the missions work in their free time.

Decorah, Iowa Help a new work gel underway, especially in music and youth work.

Belpre, Ohio One or two couples to revive a once-thriving mission

New Whiteland, Indiana Youth and music ministry

Canton, Illinois Student-tostudent worker with several uni-

Madison, Wisconsin, Serve with small-membership church in a lown. Or, help begin a new chapel in a city. Or, conduct resort area ministries in Wisconsin Dells

Bill Wilson, consultant, Christian Service Corps, says: "We are trying to recruit adult mission groups to answer needs for 1978. We hope to have 50 adult mission groups."

Will you be one of these volunteers on Bold Mission?



VOLUNTEERS NEEDED

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A schoolteacher willing to seek a job in an unchurched community and patiently build a fellowship of Christians?

A "free day-timer" who loves to work with people, fix things, and do something constructive about community needs?

Married to a retired carpenter or builder or doctor who shares your eagerness to travel and give volunteer service in another state?

If you are, you can share in the work of home missions. Experience the book The Leaven and the Salt: it will challenge you to consider lay involvement in home missions. This book by Wendell Belew focuses on lay persons — all unordained, both salaried and non-salaried — who work in church extension, language missions, Christian social ministries, and evangelism. They are in the middle of a revolution in missions which calls for every Christian to carry the gospel: to proclaim, teach, and minister in the name of Christ.

Materials you need for Home Mission Graded Series study:
Book. The Leaven and the Salt by Wendell Belew (\$1.50)*
Teaching Guide by Phyllis Merritt (80¢)*
Filmstrip and cassetts. Laypersons on Mission, with manual (order from Home Mission Board, 1350 Spring Street, NW, Atlanta, GA 30309, \$3.00)
*See order form, p. 48.