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South Alabama summers are always hot; but the women in their long, heavy dresses tried to ignore the heat by singing hyms as they chopped the cotton. Their voices carried to the house where other women were preparing dinner: deep-dish chicken pie (crusty on top with lots of country butter); cracklin' combread: all kinds of garden vegetables; fruit saled topped with fresh-whipped mavonnaise

This was WMU Day for the Baptist women in Greenville, Alabama, in the early 1900s. And there was missions purpose behind the zealous labor in the field: This was Miss Willie's cotton patch. It provided support money for Miss Willie Kelly, Southern Baptist missionary to Shanghai, China.

Although the died in 1945 at the age of 73, I have always felt that I knew Miss Kelly. I remember sitting in my aunt's cool, heavily curtained parlor poring over the missionary scrapbook that was always kept on the best table. Every evidence of Miss Kelly's work, every memento of her exotic country had been carefully pasted in and recorded

To the women of Greenville Baptist Church, Miss Kelly was more than a Baptist missionary to China. She was their personal link to a world far removed from their own and to a calling of great importance.

A Cotton Patch for Miss Willie

Rhetta McOueen Wright

Born and reared in their community, she was commissioned for China in the Greenville church in 1893. From the very beginning, the WMU there pledged to underwrite her salary. Support came in a variety of ways, but the cotton patch was the project remembered most vividly by my father. As a boy, he recalled the time when his father offered to donate some land and put the cotton in the ground.

The women took it from there. When the cotton sprouted, they arranged to come every ten days to till the ground, weed, and hoe, in order to assure a fine yield. Some of the more daring would arrive in that noisy new invention, the automobile. Most came in buggies or on foot. The younger women. bringing their own hoes, would work the field, while the older women prepared dinner under the pecan trees. Large quantities of lemonade filled tubs at the end of well-laden tables. (Tea towel covers kept the bees away). Apple boxes, clumped in a circle in the shadiest part of the yard, served as dining chairs. And, according to my father, the best part was the ice cream. Ice, covered with sawdust and tightly wrapped, was brought from Mr. Porter Martin's icehouse early in the da-

Cantilmed on Inside back cover

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EDITORIAL STAFF Adrianne Bonham, Editor; Dr. Grace E. Márquez, Director; Editorial Department; Cindy McMurtrey, Editorial Assistant Art Staff Martha Bibee, Graphic Artist;

Janell Evans, Director, Art Department Consulting Staff Evelyn Blount, Director, Field Services Department; Bobbie Sorrill, Director, Education Division.

Director, Education Division.
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the Life OF: MARY JO RANDALL

General Evangelist Missionary Kumamoto, Japan

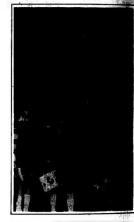
Editor's Note: This is the first in a series of "Day in the Life" .. articles, featuring personal insights into the activities of home and foreign solutionaries in vaciour job categories. Miss Randall, who works as education director. at Higashi Kumamoto Baptist Church, wrote that some of her days are even langer than the typical one she recounts here. The night that I was typing the article I was called to the hospital at 11 P.M. and was there until 3 A.M.," she wrote in an accompanying letter. "A former student in my children's English class ran into a man on his bleycle, and the man suffered a concussion and will not live. The paster and I are trying to minister to the family and help this 16-year-old

boy who is in a state of shock over this." And so the ministries of Mary Jo Randall blend one day into the other...

7:30 A.M. Buddy, my graying dachshund, disturbs my meditation, whining for his morning walk. The cries of the shellfish vendor blend into my obtaya gazzimasu ("good morning") as I greet neighbors hurrying to the bus.

8:15 A.M. Back in my bedroom, I watch the national TV home drama senial, popular even with the emperor. An interesting glimpse into Japanese thinking and customs, this is another small way of identification with a different people and society.





9:00 A.M. slippers have been arranged at the door Now I get out folding chairs. Later, cookies, made by the women of the church, will be taken from the freezer and served with seaweed-covered rice crackers.

10:00 A.M. Turner greetings have ended. Our pastor's pretty wife plays the Autoharp, helping newcomers join in

the hymns. One of our is groups divided by age cet, these housewives are non-Christian. As we immen of the Bible, we mider the questions of an the effort to raise the not women in society. The mt help to relate our distinct on contemporary Japan. As attractive wife listens in-Sie has recently made a mon of faith.



11:30 A.M. The an nouncement of mening home visitation ends the clatter of dishes, folding and the clatter of dishes, folding are to clean up. Japanese are so the that I sometimes feel like a past in my own home. But not all of the women are chattering in the litchen. Some are bowing around me, as I respond: "Yes, I have agreed to speak on American home education at the Chyama PTA. This flower arrangement was done by my sucher. Yes, I'll be glad to the Mrs. Tanaka home."

12:00 P.M. Sitting on a tatami met in a small shop, I watch Mrs. Tankle eating the steaming noodles. Pople like me who must wait for the needles to cool are called ne-

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kujita or "car's tongue.". Team gliaten in the eyes of my friend. Rejoicing in the haptism of her blind and crippled 15-year-old son, she is concerned about her non-Christian husband. "You must not be discouraged because he has to work on Suritiay. The pastor and I will share tapes of sermons with him," I assure her.

12:30 P.M. In a fascinating land of contrasts: dessert next obser at MISTER DONUTS or, if one prefers, the baked sweet potato cart is passing.

2:10 P.M. The doorbell rings; interrupting my preparation for the associational Sunday School training course. A neighbor fidgets as she apologizes for bothering me. "Would you mind translating this letter into English? My son in Izan has been befriended by this family and I want to thank them."

3:00 P.M. Looking like she stepped from the pages of a high-fashion magazine, a young Sunday School teacher arrives for a planning conference. Over a cup of tea, we talk, think, and pray. How can we train the six teenagers who have been baptized recently? How can we reach youth despite the many school, community, and study activities on Sunday?

4:45 P.M. As I drive my narrow parking area of the church building, I stop to move bicycles carelessly left by children hurrying to the mathematics and English classes of our Community Education Center. In the Japanese education system, pupils are under great stress to keep up. Our programmed tutoring increases confidence and ability and also establishes meaningful relationships for witnessing. Parents' meetings, counseling, and visitation provide a total ministry to the family.

5:00 P.M. stam to the second floor of our prefab educational building. A chorus of jurior-high voices chime, "Good afternoon, Miss Randall." The English lesson includes reading, conversation, and dictation with tapes and workbooks for use at house.

7:30 P.M. The paster and I zigzag to the home of a prospect. How blessed I am to work with a true yokefelow like Tokuji Tomono, an outstanding graduate of our Baptist university and seminary with an additional master's degree in education.

8:00 P.M. The family of Dr. K. Fukumoto receives us graciously. famed in agricultural research, he is a leader in Japan's fight against pollution. His admiration of our community program provides an

entree for witnessing in the home.

9:30 P.M. I settle Josh on my lap to practice ventriloquism in front of a large mirror. Flipping through the Bible mutines that I have written or translated, I select an appropriate atory for the children's Sunday School. Then my thoughts shift to Josh's attire. Should he wear a kinono, a Bible costume, or a T-shirt? How nice! The stereo next door is blasting so loudly I don't have to worry about Josh's shrill

10:30 P.M. In a Japabath, soothing hot water submerges shoulders stiffened by the dampness. It's doubly nice, while relaxing, to listen to tapes from the Mission library giving informetion from home.

11:00 P.M. Another tie with home . . . my soval. stavics prayer talendar and Open Windows. Thank you, Lord, for those who send, and for those who sim sent.

The Japanese Woman at Home, in the Church, and in the World

DOIS L. WIEDCY

It was furlough time.
We stood on the deck of the
President Wilson, waving good-bye
to Japanese friends who came to
see us off. They faded in the distance as the ship pulled out of the
Yokohama harbor into Tokyo Bay.
Mt Fuji gradually rose on the
honzon, painting a dark silhouette
against the sunset sky

)ust then, a steward appeared on deck, ringing chimes to call us below to dinner.

The atmosphere in the dining room was festive as excited passengers searched eagerly for their tables and greeted strangers who would become friends during the two-week voyage to San Francisco. We were happy to find that our table companions would be two lovely Japanese women making their first visit abroad.

After introductions and seating arrangements were made, one of the women turned to me and said: "I feel so sorry for American ment"

I was shocked at this reaction.
"But why do you feel that way?" I asked.

"Look how the men hurry to open the door while the women sweep through like queens," she said. "Then they dash ahead to hold the chairs while the women are seated with great ceremony. And the poor men have to wait for their dinner while the waiters serve the women first."

This was a rather common reaction years ago when Japanese women first encountered Western culture. They felt more at ease with their own customs based on a fair division of labor between the sexes. This favored status of Western women seemed strange, even unlair, to them.

The Japanese Woman

Increased contact with other cultures, excellent educational opportunities, and international irravel have gradually decreased the differences between East and West. Japanese women of today are aware of the feminist movements, and some of them participate in liberation activities at home and abroad

However, Miss Sawako Ariyoshi (sah-wah-koh ah-ree-yoh-shee), one of Japan's major modem authors, says that women in Japan already enjoy a stronger position than women in the West Miss Ariyoshi is herself an example of this status, being the author of al least 20 books, the last of which, The Ecstatic One, is the top best-seller in Japan'in the last half-century.

Recent surveys show that women comprise more than 37 percent of the total working force in Japan. They are employed in banks, stores, offices, and factories. Many of them are professionals, making outstanding contributions in education, medicine, and the arts. Today a woman is free to pursue a career if she is willing to make the effor in a highly competitive society.

But still, the average woman in Japan chooses to make her gretest contribution through the tamily A recent film, the script for which was written by Miss Manko Bando [mah-ree-koh bandoh] for the prime minister's of fice, reports that 98 percent of the somen marry, usually between he ages of 20 and 24. The averse family has 2.21 children, as opposed to 5.14 in prewar days. A longer life expectancy along with smaller families results in a destic increase of free time for he housewife, which she often used in public service or in study to personal enrichment.

At Home

At home the wife and mother is innut a goddess, the center of the tently and its social, educational, and financial executive. Equily the husband brings home his pay envelope untopened and tent it over to his wife. It is her responsibility to budget, spend, swe, or invest for the family's welfare.

The typical Japanese woman is radigent supervisor, always tryng to preserve the family honor and image in the community, building interfamily relationships, and seeing that each child gets the best possible education. Her reward is the love and respect of oblighten who become happy, usetal members of society.

Miss Chie Nakane [chee-eh nahlab-nebl, professor of social unhopology in the Institute of Oriental Culture at the University Tokyo, explains the strong poston of women in the family in her book Japanese Society. She says that the parent-child relationship s basic to the family and that must women adopt the role of mother rather than wife to their husbands. Miss Nakarie save that this traditional pattern has been itle affected by modern change, so that the mother remains the strong figurehead of family unity. Although some deterioration of andly ties is evident in modern, when Japan, the family is still a strong integrating force in a stable culture This is a great tribute to mothers of the nation.

The Christian woman tries to be her responsibility as mother to the home, at the same time

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learning the role of friend and companion to her husband. Many who have been successful in building Christian homes have found this new dimension a blessing in their lives.

Mrs. Akiko Koyanagi [ah-kee-koh koh-yah-nah-ghee] is representative of the new woman in Christ whom we meet in churches across the nation.

Akiko spent her early days in Manchuria, where her father was a Christian teacher during the Japanese occupation of China. At the end of World War II, the family returned to Japan, where they struggled for survival during those difficult reconstruction days

Her father died during that time, but her Christian mother taught Akiko and her little sister and brother the sustaining power of faith and took them to church regularly.

It was natural that Akiko



Akiko Koyanagi, who grew up in a Ouristian family, sees her primary responsibility now as being a Christian wife and mother.

should seek out a church when she went to Tokyo to study. She soon made her profession of faith and was baptized into membership of the Tokiwada! [toh-kee-wah-die] Baptist Church on the northern edge of Tokyo.

Pastor Shuichi Matsumura [shoo-ee-chee mah-tsoo-moo-ral] recognized the ability and consecration of this young Christian and asked her to become his secretary. At that time Mr. Matsumura was chairman of the evangelism department and was planning a nationwide evangelistic campaign. Duties as his secretary drew Akiko into the exciting work of Japan Baptists.

The following year Akiko met a young Christian man at a Baptist youth retreat. Takeshi [tah-keh-shee] Koyanagi fell in love with her immediately and asked her pastor to serve as a go-between to arrange their marriage.

Today the Koyanagis have a thoroughly Christian home with two daughters, ages 14 and 8. Household duties and supervision of the health, education, and cultural activities of the girls keep Akiko busy.

But a mother's duties often extend into the working life of her husband. As business manager of lordan Press, Japan Baptists' publishing house, Mr. Koyanagi is responsible for the working relations and well-being of his fellow workers. This draws Akiko into the picture as she counsels with young employees, visits their sick relatives, and helps with interpersonal relationships.

The entire family participates in various church activities. As senior deacon, Mr. Koyanagi is Involved in every decision of Okubo Baptist Church. Akiko has served several times as president of the woman's group in her church and continues to teach Sunday School. She also gives many hours to helping to plan menus and social activities for the children and young people.

But in a very real sense, she is a mother to these young people, too. Even though some Christian young people meet and fall in love, they still wish to observe traditional etiquette and customs. They seek out a go-between to mediate between their families and make arrangements for the weddings. The Koyanagis have been called on a number of times to serve in this capacity, helping several young couples to establish the kind of Christian home they themselves enjoy.

The mother figure continues to be homored and revered in Japan. It is a joy to find many of these influential "mothers" give of their time and talents to help develop the Christian community in their land.

In the Church

Missionaries and local leaders agree that the warm, dedicated witness of women is one of the most vital forces of the Christian church in Japan today. From the beginning of evangelistic efforts in the late nineleenth century, women have been active in the work. Through the years they have taught in Sunday Schools and kindergartens, worked as deaconesses and church officers, and served on committees and in many inconspicuous ways.

It would be difficult to evaluate the contribution of Mrs. Yasuko Uchida |yah-sue-koh op-chee-dah| of the Keisen [keh-ee-sen] Baptist Church in Tokyo Her contribution to the Christian community began years ago while she was still a teenager in the city of North Kyushu [kew-shoo].

Yasuko made ber profession of faith and was baptized into the Tomiroo [toh-mee-noh] Baptist Church while it was still just a mission meeting in the missionary's home. Immediately her musical talent was recognized and she was enlisted as organist for the little group.

In the Tomino Church she met and marfied Mr. Hiroyoshi Uchida [hee-toh-yoh-shee oo-cheedah], the young Sunday School superintendent. This was a happy union of dedicated Christian talent, and their friends were happy to see another Christian home established.

Mr. Uchida was a promising young executive in the Yahata (yah-hah-tah) Steel Company, Asia's largest steel foundry. When Brazil asked Japan for assistance in developing Brazilian mineral deposits, he was sent to South America to work for three years.

Of course, Yasuko took their two small children and followed her husband. But she found living conditions in the area very primitive, devoid of the cultural advantages she had known in Japan. Most of all, she missed the church family they had left behind

In order to meet their own need for spiritual nurture, and to share their testimony of God's love, they opened their home to the community of workmen there in the small town in the state of Minas. They organized a Sunday School and held worship services in their home just as they had seen the missionary do a few years before in their hometown.

The missionary activity was just a temporary effort, but the letters and photographs they sent back to Japan encouraged interest by their fellow Baptists Their pioneer work showed the needs in Brazil. The Japan Baptist Convention.

which was studying the possibility of a missions program, sent to first missionaries to Brazil in 1961.

Today the Uchidas live in the suburbs of Tokyo. Mr. Uchida travels a great deal, spending several months abroad each year. Bu Yasuko maintains the family, keeping two college students and a younger son on schedule. She continues her Christian witness and participates in the life of the church and association.

At present Mrs. Uchldavis the organist of the Keisen Baptist Church and president of the woman's group. She has served as president of the Tokyo Association of Baptist Women and as a member of the executive committee of the Japan Baptist Women's Union. Her happy witness reaches out into her community and helps uphold the image of Christ to all who know her.

And in the World

Women also share the reaponsibility of Christian evangelism on a national basis as they work with the men in the Japan Baptist Convention. Through the years a number of talented women have contributed through their work as departmental secretaries, exceptive committee members, and trustics



Nasmi Muzamatsu (right), president of the Japan Haptist Women's Union, docusses the women's magazine Yo No Hikari with Mrs. Nakajima.

en school and hospital boards.
Others have worked as teachers
and evengelists, helping to build
fer shong, indigenous work of
the drutch in Japan.

Perhaps we could say that Mrs. Named Muramaku (2000-mh-mah-1800) was born to a place of ledenship in the Japan Baptist Capusation. As the daughter of a



Milegiving priority to her home, Mrs. Kryangi helps her husband at Jordan free by counseling employees and thei families.



Yamko Uchida (right), president of the wemen's group of Kelsen Baptist Churh, was responsible, with her hushad, for inspiring Japan Baptism to high minion work in Brazil.

Signate pastor, she grew up in the durch. Her father served for a time as executive secretary of the convention; her mother was for many years the executive secretary of the women's union.

While still a student at Seinan lo Cakuin [seh-ee-nahn joh gah-loo-en] Baptist Girls' School, Naomi helped her mother by translating articles for Yo No Histori

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(yoh noh hee-kah-zee), the Baptist women's magazine. She soon learned the basic requirements for writing, editing, and printing Christian literature.

After finishing university, she joined her patents in Tokyo. She was immediately employed by Jordan Press, where her experience in writing, translating, and editing made her a valuable asset.

Naomi is married to Mr. Hisataro [hee-sah-tah-roh] Muramatsu, a Christian Layman employed in the Japan Baptist Mission office. Both of these talented young people could command much better salaries in Japan's business world, but prefer to give their service to Christian organizations for the glory of God.

For a time Naomi served as executive secretary of the Japan Baptist Women's Union and editor of the Yo No Hikari. But at present she is back at her old job at the Jordan Press, giving her time voluntarily as the national president of the Japan Baptist Women's Union. She is also the organist for the Urawa Baptist Church and a member of the church building committee Of course, these duties require endless hours of travel, consultation, and committee work, leaving little time for rest and relaxation, But Nanmi works tirelessly, giving of herself, her time, and her talents in order that more of her people may hear the message of God's love and, hearing, may believe

The Same Ie My Stater
Living the Christian life in a
non-Christian society demands
strict discipline and constant perseverance. Only those made
strong by the Spirit can maintain
a vibrant faith under such conditions. Yet the Christian women of
Japan evidence the supple
strength of bamboo as they move
quietly about their daily tasks. As
they maintain Christian homes
and influence their communities
with refined Christian character,

they are helping to build up the body of Christ in Asia.

As we observe the life and witness of these women, we are remainded of Jesus' words in Matthew 12:50, "For whosoiver shall do the will of my Fettler which is in Heaven, the same is my brother, and sister, and mother."

And we point to the Christian woman of Japan and say with Jesus, "The same is my sister."



AIM:

As a result of this study, members should see the Japanese Christian woman as their sister, a person whose faith in Christ inspires her to establish a Christian home, serve through her church, and witness in her community.

PLAN 1

Prepare for a program "via satellite," and present the study as a live TV special. The master of ceremonies may introduce the program by telling the facts under the heading, "The Japanese Woman " Then the master of ceremonies should introduce the three featured Japanese women, played by Baptist Women members, who will tell about their activities in Japan (under the headings, "At Home," "In the Church," "And in the World"). At the end, ask the others present to name some similarities and differences between Japanese Christian women and American Christian women.

Conclude with the statement and scripture verse under "The Same Is My Sister." Discuss Follow—Through ideas and have the Call to Prayer.

PLAN 2

Prepare a tes room with cushions arranged in a semicircle, incing an interest center in which a simple flower arrangement is displayed. Above the arrangement hang a scroll which has been prepared with the words of Matthew 12:50 written vertically in Oriental fashion.



When members arrive, serve hot tea and allow time for contemplation of the interest center Point out the beauty of God's creation revealed in a single

Have four people present the material for study, alressing ways in which the lives of Japanese women are similar to those of American women. Some differences may also be noted.

Involvé everyone in a discussion on how the Scripture verse on the ecroll relates to them and the day's study. Close with Call to Prayer

PLAN 3

Use the study this month as an opportunity to involve any of the Japanese you may know in your community. Invite them to attend the meeting and contribute by telling something of their country, national holidays, and customs If they are Christians, ask them to share something of their knowledge of the Christian community in Japan.

Your own members may wish to participate in a more personal presentation of the material as they tell of travels in the Far East, what they learned about the people, their national life, and the

witness of the churches there. Discuss Follow-Through suggestions. Close with Call to Prayer.

CALL TO PRAYER

Pass out little fars on which have been written the names of missionaries who have birthdays today. Especially note any missionaries serving in Japan After these names have been presented read Isaiah 42:1-4, commenting or the marvelous opportunity for evangelism in Japan today. Pray that God's Spirit may direct each missionary as he seeks to give the message of selvation to people with whom he serves.

PLAN FOR FOLLOW-THROUGH

Perhaps there are Japanese or other nationals living in your church community. Suggest that members of the group become aware of these people and the problems of living in America, a strange land for them. Become friends, be helpful, explain your faith in God, and invite them to church. Such a friendship will be a blessing to each one involved.

Delta Junction Church here in Alaska recently had a stirring visit from John and Kathy Dillman, missionaries to Kenya. When the Dillmans told the church about their lack of electricity and indoor plumbing on the missions field, the pastor really got excited about the possibility of making a trip to Kenya to help install plumbing and a wind-powered system to provide electricity. He also said he could help the Dillmans dig a well to be used by them and the community.

Bold Mission "Fever"

So I said, "Ray, if your church will give you time off to go to Kenya, I will raise the needed

money for such a project!" We then both got excited.

The church had a business meeting Wednesday night after Kathy Dilliman had been there on Sunday and agreed to give Ray 60 days for a missions trip to Kenya. In the same meeting, two of his laymen said that they would pay their own way to go and assist the pastor! Now the pastor's wife wants to go too.

To me, this is Bold Missions and I am so delighted with what is taking place.

Judy Rice WMU Director Alaska Baptist Convention



READALERI

Ask your church librarian for a list of available Church Study Course books on Japan.

Other books which shed light on the history, society, and psychology, of the Japanese people include:

The Chrysanthemum and the Sword, by Ruth Benedict, Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston, 1946. The Japanese, Edwin O. Reischauer, Harvard University Press, Cambridge, 1977.

Punching Holes in the Darkness, Ida Nelle Hollaway, Broadman Press, Nashville, 1978. (See Round Table Group curriculum, p. 15.)

Three films on Japan (Another Autumn; Delicate Force, and An Encounter) are available from Baptist Film Centers. Strickeri Pess, a Billy Graham film, may be available for scheduling in your area. For further information, contact World Wide Pictures, 1201 Hennepin Avenut South, Minneapolis, MN 55403. (For a review of the story, see Round Table Group curriculum, p.15–16.)

Vacation Bible School in the Park

DEAS WANTED

The spinions and ideas of you.

m readers, will be the stuff and

ad short prose will be published too time to time, we are mainly

des. Have you tried a new way

Honen that has been successful?

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believe. Although some poetry

interested in passing on new

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well. On the other hand, it may

ter adopting new ideas, think though their possible effects in our situation. Please mail your

notification to Undercurrents, you assuce, 600 Alorth 20th St., leadingham, Al. 35283. Submislion should be lignifed to 200 mode. Articles will not be retented or acknowledged, so letos keep a cupy for yourself.

enething that WMU, SEC

Vacation Bible School at our farl Baptist Church was over. The children playing in the park one block away had not wanted to come. Going by the park and rising among them, I asked if we could bring our Bible stories and pictures to them each day.

Sure," several answered, while the swings kept fanning the breeze and the balls kept rolling.

But it all stopped when our WMU director Mayme Slavin let down the tailgate to her station wagon and placed the Bible story picture upon it. They all gathered listened, and made quiet comments—from 9:30 to 11:00 every morning for a week. Donna Weddle, a high school music student, led the music.

Bible school in the park, under



the shade of tall trees, was a fine tellowship.

Maggie Smith Siloem Springs, Arkanses

HAVE YOU EVER BEEN A MISSIONARY?

Have you ever been a minionary? Have you served on fields afar? Have you ever shared the love of God

With those right where you are?

God has need of many missionaries
To serve his world today;
He can use each willing soul
To serve in their own way.

God has need of you, dear friend Though your talents seem so few; His people are hungry, sick, and

So there's much for you to do.

Have you ever been a missionary Is the abundant life for you? Jesus came to assure that life. Now what are you willing to do?

Mrs. Elizabeth Ford



Asking and Receiving

For the past year and a half, women in my church have been praying daily for missions volunteers. As a result one couple recently committed their lives as career missionaries. Two other couples are feeling the call but have not yet made their commitment. This past summer, we also had four Acteens to make decisions for missions in the future, and one of our college girls served as a summer missionary in New York.

I do not write these things to boast but simply to say that prayer brings results. It is God's way and the only way to start in helping to bring the Bold Mission Thrust into reality.

Dorothy Hudson Jackson, Tennessee

Day of Prayer, Succeed

It is 8:30 a.m. and I have just come from our Baptist Women's Day of Prayer service. We met a 6:30 a.m. My faith was awak: I prepared 50 copies of the program and ran out. My church had not previously observed the day. We publicized in church mail out, newspapers, and on yesterday lagged those who said they would try to come. Women who are never in our meetings came, and four men joined us.

The spirit of prayer was great; as they arrived we gave them of fee and a sweet roll, and they have respect for the signs of Salence and sat down quietly for mediation.

The offering was \$68.72. All were blessed and were happy to be a part of this worldwide service.

Loss Cobble Knoxville, Tennessee

CELEBRATING

Lois Wha

Japan Baptists:

Dr. C.F. Clark, Jr., eximinary dector, is on the staff of Japan Bapilet Hospital, Kyoto, which handles users than \$0,000 calls annually.



A new day has dawned for minions!

At the end of World War II a small group of tired, discouraged Christians, suffering from the ravages of war and defeat, gathered in Eukuoka [Foo-koo-oh-kah], Ipan, to organize the Japan Bapilis Convention. There they experienced the resurrection of faith and hope.

It has been 31 years since that day. Certainly they have been years of miracles. Last year, when the convention celebrated its thirtieth anniversary, it had much to elibrate. The convention stands alongside Baptist unions of the wirld as an independent organization. It is completely self-supporting and ready to assume its task of Christian witness in Ipan, Asia, and the world.

Dr. Shuichi Matsumura (Shoo-e-che-mah-isoo-moo-rah), mesiden of the Japan Baptisi Convention, communicated this in a letter to Dr. Baker J. Cauthen in August of last year. He wrote: Day Dr. Cauthen:

On the occasion of the thirtieth mantersary of the organization of lapon Baptist Convention, we wish to express to the Foreign Mission Board and to all Southern Bepitst our deep gratifude for the merous assistance you have rendered during these years following

the tragic war between our two countries.

Because of your generous support, our convention has grown from 16 churches in 1947 to our present strength of 174 churches and 72 missions, with a total membership of 24,607. No other major denomination in Japan has shown such remarkable growth.

You have contributed to our growth in four notable areas. First, you have sent us more than 300 dedicated and well-trained missionaries during this 30-year period. Some of them endured physical hardships in the early postuar years, and all have felt the pressures of life in an alien culture as toell as the tensions that have arisen from time to time in our churches. ... We give thanks for these modern apostles.

Second, you have provided the financial assistance so greatly needed in this period following the devastation of war. Property in Japan is extremely scarce and expensive But nearly all our churches and missions have land and buildings which were made possible by grants from the Foreign Mission Board

Third, you have imported to us the spirit of exangelism and missions. Through missionaries and other specialists, through teams of ministers and laymen, and through your own example in America, you have laught us the centrality of evengelsen. Following your example, our convention sent a missionary couple to Brazil in 1964 and continues to support their ministry there.

Fourth, you have taught us the importance of religious education, especially through the Sunday School. ... We regard our strong church education program as a rich legacy from Southern Baptists.

Yes, we are deeply grateful for your contribution to our convention's growth over the past 30 years. But we deerish your continuing support as we move into a new era. We look to the future with confidence that our partnership has only just begun.

Sincerely yours, Shuichi Matsumura, President Japan Baptist Convention

Work of the Convention
Today the Japan Baptist Convention operates hand in hand
with Southern Baptists in a program of evangelism. Its witness
extends throughout the islands of
Japan and abroad. Operating with
a very small staff, the convention
depends largely on the voluntary
service of pastors and laymen in

Enthusiasm for Round Table

Enthusiasm is a great asset. A group that radiates enthusiasm is on its way toward being successful. These ideas flashed across my mind when I kept hearing about Round Table at First Baptist Church, Belton, Texas I finally decided to make a special trip just to find out what really makes this Round Table work so well. Perhaps other Baptist Women organizations without Round Tables could catch a new vision. In five years, Round Table at the Belton church had grown from one small group to five groups, with 40-plus members.

Members participate, not merely hear book reviews. The format for all groups is a once-a-month luncheon in a member's home. Since many of the members are employed, the luncheon and discussion are kept strictly on schedule.

Even young mothers can enjoy this adult association and be at home to greet school children.

Twice a year, all come together at First Baptist Church for a covered-dish luncheon and to exchange books. After the meal, groups meet for a reporting session.

No group becomes static in membership Each year, names are drawn and placed in piles until a maximum of 12 is reached. This insures the mixing of ages. Fewer than 8 in a group is considered undestrable, so members are always on the lookout for new members to fill vacancies or start another group.

Each group has a leader responsible for arrangements to keep things going She also serves as a leader of discussion, though she is not necessarily the best prepared, because all members come ready to participate

Each member contributes \$2.00 toward the purchase of paperbod books, which at the close of the year are offered for sale at 50 cents to bolster the book fund. At year's end, hardbacks are donated to the church library. When expensive reference books are needed, the church library purchases them and lets Round Table use them for that year's study.

When the pastor's wife was asked to evaluate their Round Table, she quickly responded: "Round Table draws new women into our total organization. These women are more aware, better it formed about the world and mitsions. This has been our bigget enlistment source for all other WMU organizations."



MYAL SERVICE • OCTOBER 1978

the local areas. Missionaries continue to help in every phase of the work, with June Cooper, Calvin Parker, and Charles Whaley serving as departmental secretaries on the convention staff in Tokyo.

Members of the local churches give generously to support their own programs. Their pastors are paid adequately, with additional allowances for evangelism, study, and hospitality.

In addition to these local expenses, the churches contribute to the support of the convention's work. The goal for the cooperative offering this year is 72,600,000 yen or over \$302,500

Most of this offering will be used in a program of evangelism. Each year the convention opens one new pioneer mission, continuing support on a diminishing scale for five years, at the end of which time the mission becomes responsible for its own finances. Executive secretary Sumio Kaneko [sue-mee-oh kah-neh-koh] says he hopes they will be able to double this effort this year, opening two missions. In addition to this cooperative effort, each church is encouraged to extend its ministry into new areas, open a mission, or witness through home meetings.

Evangelism Through the Churches

Since Japan is largely an industrial, urban society, churches are deeply involved in large-city evangelism. The Tokiwadai Baptist Church in Tokyo is a prime example of what a church can do with planning and dedication Pastor Matsumura says that during the past 20 years they have established 3 new churches. Each time they have divided their membegahip, giving at least 20 mature Christians to help start the new mission with a firm, stable foundation.

Pastor Kodama (koh-dah-mah) and missionary Virginia Highfil) lead the Akatsuka Church on the northern edge of Tokyo in an effective visitation program in their area. Every visitor to their church is considered a prospect. Every child enrolled in Sunday School is a contact through whom whole families may be reached. All church members are involved in a weekly program of visitation to reach these prospects, encourage the sick, and contact absentees. On Sunday evening an important part of the church service is given over to reports on visitation. This has been a source of blessing to those who minister as well as for those visited.

Pastor Okamura Joh-kah-moorahl of the Shimura Jshee-moorahl Church, also in Tokyo, uses a weekday education program to reach the church community. The daily prugram includes a kindergarten for small children, tutoring services for older children, and Bible classes and a Wednesday worship service for those who cannot attend Sunday services. Missionary Dottie Lane reports that of the 16 baptized last year all except 2 came into the church through this weekday ministry.

The Okubo Baptist Church supports a mission in Tama New Town, a suburban housing area Some of their stronger members are assisting missionary Leslie Watson in developing this work Their program includes witnessing through five home ineetings, weekly services in a rented sports center, and special evangelistic meetings twice a year.

These churches represent Japan Baptists' desire to reach out to unchurched areas, spreading their witness in an effort to win their land to Christ

Fareign Missions

But this spirit of evangelism also reaches beyond Japan's shores. Through the Foreign Mission Committee, the convention administers a program of support for Mr and Mrs. Togami Jah-

gah-mee], missionaries to Brazil since 1964. This program is closely, patterned after that of the Southern Baptist Convention's Toreign Mission Board and has served as a uniting force for the evangelieix zeal of Baptists throughout Japas.

The Women's Union works as an auxiliary to the convention, leading and training Christian women in service and witness. They gave approximately \$70,000 for the annual missions offering last year to help support pioner missions work at home and in Brazil. They also support special projects in Asian countries and give an annual offering to the work of the Foreign Mission Board of the SBC.

Christian Education

In addition to evangelistic work at home and abroad, Baptists also have an excellent program of Christian education. Seinan Gakuin |seh-ee-nahn gah-koo-een) is Fukuoka is probably the largest Baptist-related school in the world, with more than 10,000 stedents enrolled in the university, high school, and junior high school. Their faculty and staff numbers almost 500. Missionary Luther Copeland is chancellor, 12 missionaries serve as full-time fxulty members, and several others teach on a limited schedule. The university offers degrees in its schools of literature, business, economics, law, and theology. A graduate department offers master's and doctor's degrees in some fields.

The Japan Baptist Seminary is a part of the university and often the bachelor degree in theology and religious education to those planning to go into the pastorse or church-related jobs.

In the nearby city of Kitakyunu [kee-tah-kew-shoo]. Seinan Jo Gakuin [seh-ee-nahn joe gah-koo-een], the girlis' school, enrolls ord 2,500 students in a punior college, high school, and junior high school. The college has depart-

sents of language, home economis, dietetics, and child education, with special Christian emphasis in 4 departments.

The Baptist Student Center, in the tilds of Tokyo's universities, ministers to students through a pagam of education, counseling, ad exangelism. It moved into a ter building in 1977 which it bares with the Myogadani inpol-gah-dah-nee| Mission. Seval missionaries and volunteer withers serve on the staff at the enter.

Medical Work

in the ancient city of Kyoto grob-toh), the Japan Baptist Hosand ministers to the physical and pintual needs of thousands of ntents, handling more than 9,000 calls annually. Since 1966 he hospital has also operated a shool of nursing which offers a are year course for forty-five students. All the graduates to date have been Christian and all live passed the national exams in the registered nurse degree, allesting to the achool's scholastic scellence and its spiritual atmowhere. Missionaries serve on the hapital and nursing school staffs Dr. C.F. Clark is missionary doctron the staff, Mrs. Mary Lou-Enancel is director of the nursing shool, and Robert D. Hardy xmes as chaplain

Publications

The Jordan Press in Tokyo is an adependent corporation, with the ipin Baptist Convention as the controlling stockholder. It is the Nation's second largest Christian Publishing house, and serves the Christian community through six bookstores in Tokyo, Kyoto, Kitabushu, and Fukuoka. Sales last 164r exceeded 2 million dollars, sore than double the sales reorded three years ago. Educatotal literature for the churches, written and published by Baptists, in great demand among other vangelicals. This ministry of the BOYAL SERVICE • OCTOBER 1970

written word is a valuable witness, reaching far beyond the limits of the church congregations.

Amagi Retreat

Amagi [ah-mah-ghee] Baptist Assembly, located in the mountains of Izu [ee-zoo] Peninsula just south of Tokyo, serves more than 32,000 annually, operating on a financially independent budget. The influence of this Christian retreat is felt throughout the nation, both in Protestant and Catholic circles. The buildings suffered heavy damage in an earthquake which hit that area in January, but these have been repaired and the retreat is in full operation again.

Self-support

All of these institutions and agencies, with the exception of the semmary in Fukuoka, are selfsupporting. They all are directed by dedicated Christians and are affiliated with the convention through boards of directors or trustees who are dedicated to the ideal of the Christian witness. The excellent service and witness of these agencies have created a proud reputation for Baptists and opened doors for a wider ministry. The Japan Baptist Convention is an honored member of the Japan Christian Council, the Baptist World Alliance, and the world fellowship of Christians.

Challenges for a New Day

The desire to be self-supporting is stirring in many Asian conventions. Japan Baptists have gained respect and leadership among the new conventions in their part of the world. The Japanese have proved that, with determination and a willingness to sacrifice, a national convention can become self-supporting in a relatively short time. (The Japan Convention went from providing less than 20 percent of its operating funds in 1970, to self-supporting in 1977.)

In November, 1977, Mrs. Akiko

[ah-kee-koh] Matsumura and Miss Alma Hunt visited several Asian countries. Mrs. Matsumura is the immediate past president of Asia Baptiat Women's Union and vicepresident of the Baptist World Alliance. Miss Hunt is a special consultant in women's work with the Foreign Missign Board and immediate past executive director of WMU, SBC.

The two leaders encouraged Baphist women of Asia to united efforts for evangelism and service. Mrs. Matsumura urged these groups to join Japan Baphists in growing out of the stage of dependent child and in rising about the grievances of rebellious adolescents. She challenged women to stand as mature Christians, working in partnership with older churches in Europe and America for a stronger Christian witness.

"Missionaries are change agents," Area Secretary George Hays once said. "Missionaries are sent out to effect change in the lives of people. In turn, the changed individuals gradually bring about change in the institutions of society."

And with that change, the missionary's own role in Japan is changing. He or she is no longer looked upon as director and sponsor of the missions work, but as a colaborer, working cooperatively with a dynamic convention in a land where Christians compose only 1 percent of the population. There is much to be done. And both Japan Baptists and Southern Baptist missionaries are dedicated to increased evangelistic outreach and church growth in the 1980s and beyond.

THE MEETING

AIM: After this study, women should understand that the Japan

Baptist Convention is an independent, self-supporting body and that it is continuing to grow in influence throughout Asia and the world. Women should also become aware of the past and present roles of Bouthern Buptist missionaries in Japan.

PLAN 1

Plan the meeting as though it were the thirtleth anniversary of the Japan Baptist Convention. Prepare the following poster, or banner, to place at the front of the

Rejoice in the Lord: Japan Baptists Celebrate 30 Years as a Convention 1947 174 churches, 72 16 churches missions

500 members 24,607 members. Supported by Self-supporting the Foreign Mission Board.

SHC

Ask one person to be Dr. Matsumura, president of the convention. He should be prepared to read the letter to Dr. Cauthen which is printed in the curriculum. Assign the rest of the curriculum material, except for "Challenges for a New Day," to various members, and ask each to present a report to the convention

At the meeting, explain that we are turning back the calendar to 1977 in order to join in the celebration of the thirtieth anniversary of the Japan Baptist Convention. Call for the assigned reports. Introduce "Dr. Matsumura" last and ask him to read the letter that he has written to Dr. Baker I. Cauthen. of the Phreign Mission Board.

Close with "Challenges for a New Day." Then discuss Follow-Through, and have the Call to Prayer.

PLAN 2 Elaborate on the convention idea suggested in Plan 1. Prepare the poster and assign parts, as suggested. Have someone in a kimono greet group members at the door and ask them to remove their shoes and leave them at the door. Serve hot tea and have the members sit on the floor on cushions (if this was not done at the general meeting). The program of the "Japan Baptist Convention" could be printed in Orient Program Covers '

PLAN 3

Before the meeting, assign one person to briefly review the history and progress of the Japan Baptist Convention, using the curnculum materials and the Foreign Mission Board booklet, "Know Your Baptist Missions."1

At the meeting, ask for this report. Then read aloud the first two paragraphs under the heading, "Challenges for a New Day." Ask the group to list some of the advantages and disadvantages of a young convention's being selfsupporting

For discussion

1) If you were the wife of a Japanese pastor, how would you react to having a Southern Baptist missionary sharing the church leadership with your husband? How would you feel if you were the missionary sharing the leadership with the Japanese pastor? An example of this cooperative arrangement is featured in "A Day in the Life of Mary Jo Randall. General Evangelism Missionary," pages 2-3. You might want to read this feature together and discuss the question in that light

2) How can a strong national convention free the career missionary for more evangelistic out-

Conclude with a discussion of Follow-Through and the Call to

CALL TO PRAYER

Write the names of missionaries with birthdays on 845 by 11 pieces of onionakin paper. Fold and tie as illustrated below

Hand out before the meeting begins. Explain that prayer papers like these are often seen tied to trees around Japanese shrines. As Christians, we know that the kind of paper or the way it is folded has no power in prayer. Rather, is the attitude of the heart Ask everyone to prepare their hearts for prayer as you read 1 Comthians 3:6-9. Comment on how missionaries in Japan and all of the countries where we have ms sions work are striving to work together with the national Baptist for expansion of the gospel ministry. Then ask each person to untie her prayer paper, read the name, and lead in a sentence prayer

'See order form, p. 18. 'Available free from the Foreign Mission Briand, P.O. Bex 6597, Richmond, VA



Know Yayr Write Lois Whaley

Described as artist, writer, teacher. witness, and friend to the lapanese, Lois Kinnenkohl Whaley brings a personal touch to the curriculum studies this month. For more than 28 years, she and her husband, Charles, have served as Southern Baptist missionaries to Japan. During 25 of those years. Lois has been a member of the editorial staff of Yo No Hikari (Thr Light of the World), the magazine for Baptist women in Japan She also teaches a course at Tokyo Baptisi Seminary on the Christian family and family education. For a more detailed look at Lois Whaley's life. see the Meet the Missionary feature IN ROYAL SERVICE, November 1977

1978 \$2,25.1 Ida Nelle Hollaway, her husband, Ernest, and their first two children sailed as missionaries to Japan four years after World War II ended. At that time, only 12 missionary appointees were available as Southern Baptist representatives to a land of 95 million people, where only one-half of 1 percent knew Christ. But Punching Holes in the Darkness is not a book of statistics, it is a story of people.

our understanding of the Mrs. Hollaway found her book title, Punching Holes in the Darkness, of the thinking, feeling, and culture in an anecdote about Robert Louis Stevenson as a child. Standing one opposite Japanese Christians and evening at his window, Stevenson watched down the valley as the village lemplighter bit the street lemps "Oh, Mother, look! See the man who Punching Holes in the Darkness by is punching holes in the darkness!" da Nelle Hollaway (Broadman,

Christian missionaries to Japan are punching holes in the darkness, too. Mrs. Hollaway writes of

the suicides, the guilt-ridden war survivors, the cynical students, and of those whose families reject them when they turn to Christ.

On the lighter side, Mrs. Hollaway tells about the trials and tribulations of missionaries learning a new language and a new culture.

She graphically describes the sacrifices made by Japanese Christians. One group of women, in order to have a little money for a missions offering, decided to give up their daily portion of meat which they traditionally mix with their rice. She reminds us of what sacrificial giving means, then sounds the warning against giving our resources as a substitute for vital Christian living. She points out that, "Too many had rather give than live. Too many had rather pay than pray."

In addition to telling of lives changed by an encounter with Christ, Mrs. Hollaway writes of those who, though confronted, turn away. She reports for us the truth of which all missionaries must remind themselves: the necessity to remain faithful, believing that God is at work even when it appears other-

The Wind Is Howling by Ayako Miura, (InterVarsity Press, 1977) \$3.95 paper.

After publication other novel, Shiokarı Pass (see below), many people wrote to Avako Miura, asking about the Christian viewpoint she expressed in that book. Partly to answer their questions, Mrs. Miura wrote The Wind Is Howling-the story of her own journey to Christianity. When we first meet the author,

NOTAL SERVICE . OCTOBER 1070

keeping with

theme for this

month, Round Table

selections will enrich

overall

the

opinese people. By grasping a little

of these gentle people, we can better

the task that faces our own mission-

aries in Japan.

she is a conscientious young school backer. After World War II, Japanese teachers must rewrite their history books according to the dictates of the U.S. Army. Ayako wrestles with two opposing views about government and life in general. The sensitive and intelligent young woman decides to give up teaching and get married. On the day her engagement present arrives from her fiance, she faints from anemia—caused by tuberculosis.

Ayako spends twelve years in and out of hospitals, worrying about the financial strain on her parents. She breaks her engagement in order to free her fiance to find a healthy wife. She attempts suicide. The tuberculosis infects her spine and she lies flat on her back encased in a body cast for seven years. During all this time, a young Japanese Christian, who also has tuberculosis, ministers to her. Through his life and caring, Ayako finally works her way through a confusing array of philosophies and finds Christ.

This book, despite its description of hardships, is a lovely, gentle look at the Japanese mind and culture. It is also one more example of God's patient leading and wooing of one of his children.

Shiokari Pass by Ayako Miura (Power Books, Fleming H. Revell Co., 1976) \$3.95 paper.

A fictional account of a real person and event. Shiokari Pass has sold over timillion copies in Japan and Europe and has been made into a major motion picture by World Wide Pictures, the producers of The Hiding Place.

What was it like to embrace Christianity in a country where Christians were despised? Because of Japan's tolerance and enlightenment today, we tend to forget that at the turn of this century Christians were hated and feared. In this setting, the author begins her story with 10-year-old Nobuo Nagano. All his young life, Nobuo has been told that his mother is-dead. He has been raised by his grandmother, a joyless

woman with a fierce hatred for Yaso (Jesus) followers. But when his grandmother dies suddenly, he discovers that his mother still lives. Years before, she had been forced by her mother-in-law to leave her husband and infant son, because of her Christian beliefs

Confused, a Yaso-hater, Nagano grows to manhood living out a love-hate relationship—loving his beautiful mother but hating her God. He falls in love with a tubercular lame girl only to find that she, too, blieves in Jesus. The kind and gentle lives of the believers contradict all that Nagano has heard about Christians and finally, he, too, surrenders to Jesus.

Trying to put Christ's teachings into practice, he dies at Shiokari Pass while trying to stop a runaway train car loaded with passengers

Good Christian novels are rare these days. Shukari Pass is one of those rare ones. In addition to an inspiring story. Mrs. Miura gives us an opportunity to see how Christianity speaks to the Japanese mind Simply written, Shukari Pass should appeal to the teenage reader, too Recommend this one to your whole family.



BEFORE THE MEETING

- Assign the three books to members for review.
- 2. Add a little atmosphere by planning to serve tea and a sweet cake before the meeting. Have members leave their shoes at the door. Ask those who are physically able to sit on the floor around a low table during the tea time.
- DURING THE MEETING
- 1. Serve the tea.
- 2 Have The Wind Is Howling and Shiokari Pass reviewed, in that order.

Before reviewers begin, ask members to look for parallels betweenthe author's own life and that of characters in her novel.

- 3. Discuss the above mention parallels. Answer the questions What brought individuals in the books to Christ? What are some of the cultural traits you think would help or hinder Japanese belief in lesus?
- 4. Present review of Punching Holes in the Darkness Ask members to discuss barriers to the gospel which the author cites (traditional religions, limited number of musionaries, fear of foreigners, social customs).

CALL TO PRAYER

Have members close their eyes and imagine a dark street being it up, one lamp at a time, while you read aloud Mrs. Hollaway's poen. "Don't Let Me-Forget," found in chapter 3. Read names on prayer calendar, asking God to give missionaries a vision of the holes they are punching in the darkness wherever they serve.

FOLLOW THROUGH

Suggest that members give or lontheir paperback copies of Shibkin Pass and The Wind Is Howling to any Japanese person they may know. In sharing these books, do it with the words, "We have been studying these books in a book study group! belong to. Since they deal with Japan, I would be interested in knowing what you think of them. Then make it a point to listen to those opinions, praying that God will open the door for further friendship and positive witness.

Consider the possibility of sporsoring a showing of the film, Shokin Pass for your church or community it is available on a freewill offering basis from World Wide Pictures. 1201 Hennepin Avenue South, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55403. (513) 333-7101.

Please per BOOK FORECAST on p.5

BRENTS

TRAINING • SPIRITUAL DEVELOPMENT

PRAYER

Southern Baptist churches in Nevada plan to organize into a state convention October 16-17, in Las Vegas. Those in northern Nevada have cooperated with the Southern Baptist General Convention of California and those in southern Nevada have cooperated with the Arizona Southern Baptist Convention.

Southern Baptist missionaries will keep all of their Rhodesian ministries open, though some adjustments will be made because of increased guerrilla activity in some mission areas. Missionaries made this decision in early July, just three weeks after their fellow missionary, Archie G. Dunaway, Jr., was stabbed to death in a guerrilla attack at Sanyati.

"We have to realize that the people who will become our missionaries by the year 2000 have already been born," said a Foreign Mission Board leader during a week at Ridgecrest Baptist Conference Center (N.C.) when 104 persons (most of them high school age end younger) expressed interest in mission service.

Russian Baptist church services were full, and people were eager to hear the gospel of Jesus Christ preached, reports WMU executive director Carolyn Weatherford, after a recent trip to Russia. She and other Baptist leaders made the tour at the invitation of the All Union Council of Evangelical Christians-Baptists. "I believe God sent me to Russia as a part of Bold Missions. I believe there are Christians there who are sharing their faith at great personal risk. There are people in the Soviet Union who feel God is creating a spiritual awakening."

Dr. Robert A. Hingson and six colleagues gave 125,000 injections in Grenada recently to launch a mass immunization effort that may rid the world of contagious childhood diseases. Another project was conducted in Liberia in July. The group starts a third project in Haiti on October 15. An earlier project, also sponsored by the Eaptist World Alliance and using Dr. Hingson's injection instrument, led the way to a World Health Organization project that has all but eradicated smallpox from the world.

PRAYER

Prayer Partners for Bold Mission Thrust

Bobbie Sorrill

To boldly support the Bold Mission Thrust, join other Baptist Women in securing a prayer partner and praying for missions reggularly and continuously this year. The purpose of the prayer partner plan is prayer for current missions, including the need for missions volunteers.

The plan works this way. It may be either churchwide or a project of your organization. In either case, you will receive from the mission support chairman an assignment and information about where to find correst prayer re-

However, if the prayer partner

Authorizing signature

plan is not projected by WMU or Baptist leaders, plan it on your own. A prayer partner, current prayer requests, and prayer are all that are needed.

Do not overlook these persons in looking for a prayer partner: non-Baptist Women members; new church members; homebound persons; family members; friends: leaders of Mission Friends, GA, or Acteens; or, of course, other Baptist Women members. This may be your chance to involve someone in praying for missions for the first

Resources for finding current

prayer requests include each saue of ROYAL SERVICE, other WMU magazines, Home Missions,3 The Commission,3 and your state Baptist paper. Also, two mcellent resources for helping you develop or deepen a missions prayer life are Missions Prayer Guide' and Yes: A Woman's Viewe Mission Support.3

'See order form, p. 18 'Subscribe from Home Mission Board 1350 Spring Street N.W., Atlanta, Ga 30309; \$3.50 a year. Subscribe from Foreign Mission Bot-

P.O. Box 6597, Richmond, VA 23230; \$3.9

Order Form for WMU Materials

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SPIRITUAL DEVELOPMENT

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died today. I don't do that every day, much to my detment and the detriment of those I meet and touch. I died equae of you, our readers.

A letter arrived a few days IN from our BOYAL SERVICE

editor, and did my ego take a trip! The letter outlined an assignment for a series of articles. The spiritual enrichment articles were to be drawn from my everyday experiences. The editor hoped that the spiritual

truths would apply to all our

So the search began. Monday: Three hours in language class studying Speak Cantonese Book II. Vocabulary words I had studied refused to be recalled. Forty-eight new Chinese characters were presented. We were to know them freely for both reading and writing by Wednesday. That meant every available minute of the afternoon must be used for study.

The afternoon was spent answering the doorbell, going to the market for a ball of string, buying a Brownie uniform in a shop that took an hour to locate. In the market I slowly spoke a phrase that I had rehearsed carefully in my mind. "Nitiuh sing geido chin a?" The young boy looked at me carefully, looked at the ball of string I had asked the price of, and answered my Cantonese question in perfect English. "One dollar and fifty cents," So much for another attempt at this impossible tongue.

Supportime. Clean up. School clothes checked for tomorrow. The doorbell. A Chinese friend needed to talk. Homework for my fourth-grader needed supervision, Baths, Bedtime, Fourteen-year-old determined to stay up late. 10:30: At last 1 opened my language books, but a forty-year-old brain was almost too tired to absorb any more. 12:30: "Oh, Lord, I'm sure something today was a source of spiritual growth, but I was too busy to notice. Tonight

I'm too sleepy to think about it. We'll work on it tomorrow."

Tuesday: Class was OK. She didn't ask for those characters I didn't know. The afternoon promised freedom for some real concentration. I even decided to begin an article that night. The afternoon became a carbon of the one before, except personal frustration was deeper.

Wednesday and Thursday were, in varying degrees, the same. I bazely managed to keep my head above water in class and at home. Certainly no enlightening spiritual truths came my way. By the weekend I was desperate, struggling even to be kind to family.

In total defeat I prayed, "Lord, I can't do it. I've tried every angle I can think of and

there's nothing. If it's to be done, you'll have to do it." Quietly, almost audibly, I heard the familiar words of Paul, "I have been crucified with Christ; it is no longer I who live, but Christ who lives in me and ". . . those who belong to Christ Jesus have crucified the flesh . . ." and, again,

... vield yourself . . . as one who has been brought from death to life." Once again, I had to die so that God could live. Once again he brought me down to remind me that I am not able to do his work. But he can work through me, if the old self is crucified, daily, on the cross with lesus Christ.

Now, pray tell me, why did such a simple assignment become an insurmountable wall

to one who had circled the globe to be God's servant? Because self puffed up with pride. Ego took a trip.

That trip is over now. I am at rest in him. Daily I am bury ing self and offering him an empty vessel through which to channel his blessings. And this renewal is the spiritual blessing I'm sharing today. In his rest lerry and I watch in wonder in God's miracles of redemption. peace, love, and joy occur around us.

These almost daily miracles are some of the things that will be shared with you as together we stumble on (find unexpertedly)-and sometimes stumble over (almost fail to identify)marks of growth in discipleship.

TRAINING

MABEL McRAE

ACENDA FOR BAPTIST **WOMEN OFFICERS** COUNCIL MEETING (Manning Forms are available)*

Plan for Baptist Women Year in the Church activities Discuss recording and reporting fun for homebound members flat for member participation in Individual Reading Plan Plan regular work of Baptist

mission study (choose from variations in study plans) mission action project mission support activities coordination of group plans Plan promotion of Missions Night Out

Review Church Study Course credit plans Plan for Baptist Women's Day

of Prayer In promotion of family mission study and Round Table Book Club

Plan participation in associafional activities

Promote prayer partners onsider sponsoring a Big A

RECORDING AND REPORTING

Annual reports are due October 1. Outgoing president completes them and gives them to Aptist Women director or MMU director.

The Baptist Women secretary of president will receive instructions from the WMU secrebry or Baptist Women director n how to use Member Record and Drop and Record

Correction Pad.* They may be ordered from the Baptist Book Store. You also need the packet of forms for keeping records, making reports, and planning." These forms are designed for duplication, if necessary; or they can be used as a guide (with officers writing the information on a separate sheet of paper). Go over each sheet at the council meeting. Talk about its use. Each officer should have her own packet of forms.

Monthly reports go from groups to the officers council. from the officers council to the Baptist Women director (or WMU director if there is no Baptist Women director).

A valuable tool to use in evaluation, as well as planning. is the Baptist Women Achievement Guide (See WMU Year Book 1978-79 for the current version.) Officers should check progress on achievement guide accomplishments as a part of each officers council meeting.



HOMEBOUND MEMBERS

In visiting your homebound member this month, tell her (if it is true) that she will be receiving from Baptist Women a complimentary subscription to ROYAL SERVICE for the coming year. Encourage her to read

through each issue and to pray daily for items mentioned in ROYAL SERVICE, As well as other prayer requests which will be channeled to her from Baptist Women.

A homebound member can become a powerful source for intercessory prayer, and should be encouraged to accept this opportunity to pray for missions.

Be sure to include homebound member(s) in the yearlong prayer partner project, described on page 18.



INDIVIDUAL READING FLAN

Mission study chairman leads in reviewing the individual reading plan at Baptist Women meeting. This plan is a threeyear activity to help women develop the habit of individual reading about missions and spiritual development. This is the third year that many books, pamphlets, etc., are suggested. Encourage reading of ROYAL service (including all curriculum material), The Commission, Home Missions, and secular news magazines. Also encourage reading of the Graded Series books (past and present). Suggest children's books as a



Mission Friends Parent-Child Leaflet

Watch to see if your preschooler how each activity can be used brings home a copy of Share rom Mission Friends. Share is the new Mission Friends Parent-Child Leaflet that begins with the October issue. If your child brings home a copy, you can know that the Mission Friends leader or director is on the ball. She subscribed for the very first issue. But if she didn't encourage her to subscribe now.

Share has games, songs, mission stories, names of missionaries to pray for, recipes, and activities that parents and preschool children can enjoy. There is a special page to parents, explaining

Share can be ordered in two ways. The easiest and cheeped way is to subscribe for a year, for \$8.00 the Mission Friends leader will receive (three month at a time) enough monthly leaf-

lets for ten preschoolers. The other way to order Shere is to order it a quarter at a time; for \$2.25 the Mission Friends leads will receive three months of les lets for ten preschoolers.

Share is available only from Woman's Missignary Union. SBC, 600 N 20th St., Birming ham. AL 35203

way to receive some vivid information in a short amount of reading time.

Challenge women to do individual reading to supplement what they learn in stassions meetings. Look for ReadAlext suggestions in ROYAL SERVICE. This month, see p. 8.

If a woman prefers magazine reading and likes to make notes and keep records, suggest a misaions reading notebook. Use one page for each magazine read, with a brief paragraph on what was learned about missions or spiritual development. Or devote it page to each foreign misssions area and each home missions area, with reading notes inserted appropriately.

Display a new sign-up chart (see below), and encourage all women to use the chart to keep a record of their reading.

	6	· · ·	D!	Ī
_	Magazines	P.—phieto. eta		Ocota Read with hily Children

For a large organization, records may be kept by missions groups rather than by the organization.

MISSIONS NIGHT OUT

Check with WMU director for plans related to Mission Night Out activities for the coming year.

The purpose of MNO is to involve more persons in learning about missions. The Missions Night Out Resource Booklet' contains suggestions for MNO activities, as well as promotional ideas. Encourage members as individuals, or with husbands and families, to invite some church friends to

share in a Missions Night Out in their homes. Interest created in these gatherings can be used to entiat persons in Baptiet Women as a means of learning more about missions.

BAPTIST WOMEN'S DAY OF PRAYER—NOVEMBER 6

The first Monday in November will be the Baptist Women's Day of Prayer, the worldwide day of prayer for the Women's Department of the Baptist World Alliance Baptist women on six continents will be meeting and praying on this day.

Program material for this special observance is carried in Dimension (OND quarter). This year the writer is Miss Ann Swenson, representing Latin America.

The oftering each year is used to cover expenses of the Women's Department. Meetings of the six continental unions are held every five years. The Women's Department meets in conjunction with the Baptist World Congress, with the next meeting scheduled for Toronto, Canada, in 1980. They also print and mail programs around the world for the day of prayer.

November is also a traditional time for a Baptist Women prayer retreat. How about combining the events? This can be done whether your Baptist women meet with other women's groups or only among themselves. (In any case, neither the prayer retreat nor the day of prayer observance should replace regular Baptist Women activities.)

Ordinarily the Baptist
Women president is responsible
for the Baptist Women's Day of
Prayer meeting. She should be
responsible this year, if other
organizations or churches are to

be involved: But you may prefer for the mission support chairman to be responsible if you combine events and only involve your Baptist Women mambers.

See Undercurrents, page 9, for one meeting idea. To learn about the North American Baptist Women's Union (the part of the Women's Department to which you belong) write for a free copy of the North American Baptist Women's Union folder from your state WMU of fice.

CHURCH STUDY COURSE

The Church Study Course is a system of credits and diplomas to guide some of the study you do in various settings. See the Baptist Women Manual." page 71, for a description on how to get either a WMU Leadership Diploma or a Christian Development Diploma Here, though, are some courses that you will have a chance to take during this year

S durier	lina	Bigares	Dylana
Martin Waren Martin offices shally	Contractly indus-	1	27E.
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Messur Artico	when the ships and provided the	r	Couples Consequent Conference

FAMILY MISSION STUDY AND ROUND TABLE BOOK CLUB

As a part of the Teach Missions emphasis, officers counds should adopt as a goal for the year to have each woman lead her family to read at least six Round Table books during the year.

Books may be obtained in three ways: · from Round Table group

from families who subscribe to the RTBC (use the subscription form in the Baptist Women Year in the Church Resource Kit)*

· from church media center (library)

ASSOCIATIONAL ACTIVITIES

October is training month in many associations. Check with your associational WMU to learn when, where, and what kind of Baptist Women activities and training are scheduled.

A year-long listing of associaforal WMU activities might be swalable. If so, obtain a copy and encourage participation by all Baptist Women members. Many associational Baptist Women activities are for members as well as officers. When this is true, encourage all women to attend. Transportation should be planned for, as well as publicity and promotion.

PRAYER PARTNERS

See article on page 18 of this issue. The purpose of the Bold Mission Thrust Prayer Partner Plan is praying for current missions requests, including the aced for missions volunteers.

The WMLI council and Brothethood will make prayer partner assignments and instruct prayer partners. Dimension for April-May-June, page 35, lists steps to follow in this plan.

Current prayer requests will be ramed in WMU magazines, home Missions, and The Commis-

Homebound persons and members in nursing homes should be included in the payer partner plan.

VARIATIONS IN PLANS FOR STUDY

The study leader in Baptist

Women meeting, current missions group, and Bible study group has three plans to choose from each month in preparing and conducting study experiences.

Plan 1—Minimal advance preparation by planners or participants. No outside resources suggested.
Plan lends itself to use of basic content material. Posters and other learning aids are suggested.

Plan 2—Requires more preparation, locating and securing resources. Basic content material supplemented with material in other missions magazines, library materials, and resources from mission boards.

Plan 3—Use of basic content material, with discussion of concepts involved. Some use of resource person with whom group discusses the subject.

To enhance your study plans this year, Missions Fact Finder features will provide "tests" on the curriculum topic for each month. (See "It's Japanese, to Me!" p. 37). Use these fact finders in the church bulletin to advertise the study, or as a review activity for your study group. You can also save them to use in the Baptist Women Day in the Church activity for next June.

BIG A CLUB

Big A Club materials are available for use in Baptist Women mission action groups or by individuals in teaching unchurched children (ages 6-11). Many of these children live in transitional communities. Many Baptist women are al-

ready involved in teaching weekday Bible-club-type programs. Big A Club materials are designed for teaching in these settings and situations.

Discover prospects for starting the Big A Club through a mission action survey taken in the community.

Big A Clubs can be started in already existing tutoring programs for children whose parents participate in literacy programs, conversational English classes, and cooking classes. Prospects may also be found in mobile home communities, apartment complexes, etc.

In beginning a club, always start with Unit 1 of Year 1. The Teacher's Book, Pupil Tae-Home Pieces, and Resource Kit are listed on the order form on page 16.

HISTORY OF WOMAN'S MISSIONARY UNION, REVISED

Plan to purchase a copy of this book from the Baptisi Book Store.* Circulate book among officers for reading at home. Or, it time permits, one officer could review one chapter at each officers council meeting. Take no longer than five or ten minutes for this review, followed by a short discussion period.

COOPERATIVE PROGRAM— TWO WORDS

"As a Southern Baptist foreign missionary, I find it great to be able to awaken every day and dedicate myself to the work for which I have been sent out—without the stress and tension of wondering if we will lose our support. all our needs are met. Why? The answer comes in two words— Cooperative Program."—Missionary Steve Ditmore, Peru.

*See order farm, p. 18

TRAINING



After so much anticipation, the time has finally come to begin Baptist Women Year in the Chutch.

You've done a lot already (if not, you'd better hurry):

not, you diserter nurry:
You've set some goals for enliating new members, getting
more people to read novat service, beginning a new Baptist
Women organization. You've
decided how to schedule Baptibl Women Day in the Church
(BWDITC) activities. You've
taken an enlistment survey—or
used some other way to get the
names of prospective Baptist
Women members.

Enlist!

It's time to begin enlisting those prospects. One way is to issue a book of tickets describing the year's events.

Art work for a set of tickets is in the Baptist Women Year in the Church (BWYITC) Resource Kit." All you have to do is fill in the dates, times, and places, reproduce the pages; make up the books of tickets; and get them to your prospects. Your mailing list should include all women (30 and over) in the church.

Send along a letter explaining the tickets, the year's plans, the purposes of Baptist Women, and the concern for mussions that is at the heart of all this work. (Your pastor might like to write the letter, showing his support for this contribution is Bold Mission Thrust.)

In the letter, or in a meeting early in the year, let women know that you will give attendance awards at the end of the year. Some categories for awards are: perfect attendance, attendance at a certain percentage of meetings, and newmember erdistment.

Of course the book of tickets is only one avenue for enlist-

ed. For most effectiveness, g many avenues. Here are not other possibilities: the the enlistment survey inmetted in certain meeting ase or kinds of groups.

The additional mallings durng the year, so that every somen in the church continues a test about activities. Include sports of success in events. hat have already happened.

Zian a way to contact each weeks who joins the church during the year. Perhaps enlist gwent women, each to take me Sunday of the month and he ready to greet the women who join the church on that Sunday. Prepare a packet of materials (including the book of ickets) that will help the new member understand Baptist Women and know about activiies. Ask the member to follow up during the week with a call n each woman who joined the church.

Work with the person repossible for the church bulletis or newsletter, to establish a solution or special format for publicizing activities throughout the year. Check the BWYTTC Resource Kit for some artwork you can use

Planning for October

Now what about October's
byo events in BWDITC?

The first is the regular Baptist Woman meeting, featuring The Japanese Women at Home, in the Church, and in the World." Helps are on pages 4-8 of this issue. Especially recognize members promoting from Baptist Young Women.

won taptist Young Women.

How about inviting a

women's page reporter from

the local newspaper to cover

this item of interest to women?

What could make people more

what out of the value of a

speting than to know that an

outsider thought it was valuable enough to report in the newspaper?)

The second activity, called "How the Baptist Women Organization Works," is a study of the Baptist Women Manual." Because you want to explain the organization to women who haven't been in it before, major on the purposes of the organization and don't spend too much time talking about the mechanics. In other words, major on Part 1 of the manual and deal only briefly with Part 2. If possible, have copies of the manual for sale.

Here is one way you might have the study. (If more than one organization is conducting the activity, adjust assignments in the way that seems most logical.)

Assign separate classrooms to separate topics to be covered: mission study (see chapter 1 of the manual), mission action and direct evangelism (chapter 3), mission support (chapter 3), and organization (chapters 4-6). The appropriate chairman and group leaders will be in charge of the first three rooms; the president and secretary, (and perhaps Baptist Women director) of the fourth.

Begin the meeting with everyone together. Take time to welcome prospects (individually, if possible). Introduce the officers and explain the purpose of the meeting. All of this can be done in about 10 minutes.

Divide women into four groups. One group will go to each room, to learn about one aspect of Baptist Women. After about 15 minutes, groups will move to new rooms. At the end of an hour, each person will have heard about all aspects of Baptist Women

In each room, the chairman and group leaders should ex-

plain their aspect of the organization's work, defining terms as necessary, identifying upcoming activities, and perhaps having brief testimonies of blessings received from past activities.

In the organization room, the leaders would review briefly the officers of the organization and describe how they plan for and with the members. Then the president would present various options for missions groups and different meeting times for organizations. She would lead in a discussion that might result in forming new groups or in taking the first steps to form a new organization. (Since forming new organizations is the direct responsibility of the Baptist Women director or WMU director, if there is no Baptist Women director, the leader might want to have her present for discussion)

After the four small-group periods, reconvene the total group for brief summary remarks, including sharing of any ideas that come from discussion.

After the meeting, take immediale action to enrol persons who expressed interest and to set up meeting times for new groups and organizations.

Then get ready for more exciting activities in November the Baptist Women meeting and the Foreign Mission. Graded Series study.

"See arder form, p. 18

BCO





CAROLYN WEATHERFORD

"I know why we teach missions," she said, after listening to the associational Baptist Women director introduce the emphasis for the year. 'We teach missions so that if God calls one of us to be a missionery, we'll know what he's talking about."

Simple, but at least partially true. Baptist women join others in the WMU family in the third year of emphasis on mission study. Remember 1976-77. Teach Missions: to know, to grow, and 1977-78, Teach Missions: to be, to do? This year, 1978-79, will carry the emphasis fullcircle, Teach Missions: to live, to give. We teach missions so that we will know about, grow up in, be about, do, live for, and give to missions.

Mrs. Edwards was taught missions as an adult. Growing up in a church with no missions organizations, she missed the fascinating study of missions as a child. As her world horizons exploded, she found that she could live a life of missions, participating in mission activities in her own home-

Ruth Askins was studying missions in Baptist Women. She read in ROYAL SERVICE about the new Mission Service Corps. A retired nurse with time to give, she found she could live a life for missions in a foreign country, multiplying the efforts of career missionaries as she uses her skill

Mrs. Burkett's husband had been asked to transfer to a little country in Central America. Mrs. Burkett didn't want to go Then she learned about the work of the missionaries in that country. She encouraged her husband to accept the transfer,

and they moved.

Mr. and Mrs. Bennett were active leaders in their church and association in the deep South. As they studied missions they became convinced that they should move to arother section of the United States, where Christians were less numerous. A construction worker, Mr. Bennett is very busy in their new home. And they almost doubled the membership of the little Southern Baptist church when they moved their church letters!

She got her church envelope ready. Then she looked again at the needs listed in the week of prayer study materials. She tore up the check, and wrote one twice the size. She learned to give more generously

Teach missions! Teach with enthusiasm! Teach to live; read



An autorial: (*) indicates missionaries op whough, Addresses of unimigrantee are bind in Mesonary Directory, free from weign Mission Board Literature, P.O. a 4007, Richmond, VA 23230, or in Home States Board Personnel Directory, free from have Mission Board Literature Service. 100 Spring St., NW, Atlanta, GA 30009

washin — mission administration Ned, Copt —National Reptists - pastor-director mpamming—program imples ed ed .- religious aducation maliurbee den ctor

edal ministry dig.—Christian social ministries, director Piskley dir. — weekday ministry director

women's wark The components of the second s

Larue Farrer, social ministry, Tex. Daniel M. Hernandez, Sponish, Tex. Mrs Robert L. Smith, retired, Tex. Max N. Alexander, bus. adm., Thai-

1 Sunday Geneels 10:22-33

Laverne Davis (Mrs. E.T.) church

English English language work

evang.—evangeham Raid rep.—field representative

gen. adm.—general administrati interfaith interfaith witness

men/bute-men and bays' work

etropolitan musions

metro dir —metropolitan musions dire

designationalismak

ext., Calif.

Radney E. Batie, agriculture, Ivory Coast

Marlone Drumgold Boowell (Mrs E.N.),* music, firazii D. Fredrick Harner, evang., Brazil Rabert D. Hazzuri, hospital adm. Indonesia Daley Davis Kinney (Mrs. H.H.),

church/home, Europe/Middle Essi Halen McCullough, retired, China Virginia Turner McMinn (Mrs. D.J.I, church/home, Kores Gerald H. Milligan, murse, Gaza

Little Rogers, students, Singapore C. Lamar Tribble, evang., chaplain Teddy E. Yarbrough," everg., Git

2 Monday Fraim 145:13-21 Richard L. Ashworth, rural/urban, Patricia Beard (Mrs. L.C.), thurch ext., Calif.

Harold Butledge, retired, La. Gladyo DuPriest Wright (Mrs. J.L.), al/urben, Pa. Linda McKinnish Bridges (Mre T.W.), rel. ed., Toiwan William B. Clurk, rel. ed., Chile

Archie V. Jones, evang., Ecuador Samuel F. Longhottom, Jr., evang. Tahvan Marian Cross Langbottom (Mrs.

S.F., Jr.), church/home, Taiwan Danald L. Ors, educ., Colombia Charlotte Trapman Phillips (Mrs. L.D.), church/home, Hong Kong Norma Lucas Yaung (Mrs. H.H.),* church/home, Japan

3 Tuesday Pasim 135:9-10 Thomas Adams, church ext., ID. Wanda Belle (Mm. Fleet), Bopt., Ala Hillaria Hurtado, Spanish, Tex. Jerry Jones, Indian, Okla. Reta Merle Meaks (Mrs. Vernon) gettred, N. Mex. Candido Rongel, Spanish, Tex. Margaret Reaves Baker (Mrs. F.J.), church/home, Zambia

Jean Amis Bough, Jr. (Mrs. J.F., Jr.) church/home, Tanzania Joe W. Bruce, eveng., Honduras Sally Stinkerd Cawthen (Mrs. F.D., [r.), church/bome, Senegal Larry E. Davie," educ., Nigeria Patricia Berger Dunn (Mm. W.T.), church/home. Lebinus

Patry Walker Eltelman (Mrs. R.W.). church/home, Upper Volta Jeroid E. Golston, eveng., Brazil William L. Jester, retired, Nigeria

4 Wednesday Paalm 147:1-11 F.M. Canaldy, retired, Va. Mrs. Bertis Fale, retired, N.C.

WYAL SERVICE . OCTOBER 1878

Nancy Munkrat Apartodo 100 Sn Pco 2 Rico San José, Costa Rico October S

Before people can run, they must walk; before they can walk, they must crowd

This is also true for Christians. Christians start out as "bables" and slowly work until they are walking and running with Christ.

Nancy Muskent has followed the same process recently. As a newly appointed foreign missionary in language achool, she is learning to walk. Her crawling experience took place last year at missionary orientation at Callaway Capdens, Georgia.

For 14 whele she learned everything she could about such things as basic electricity, bookkeeping. Bible study, missions philosophy and strategy, linguistics, and puppetry.

Now she and her husband, Bruce, are learning Spanish in San José, Costa Rica. A daily class schedule includes two hours of conversation and one hour each of phonetics and grammar.

Erlene Yvonne Grine, special missione, Ga. Sue Thomas Heath (Mrs. I.L.), rural/

urban, Kans Fred B. Hill, rural/urban, Wis, Franciaco Rodriguez, Spanish, Tex. W. E. Sumner, social ministry, La. Frank Suttop, retired, Ariz Jimmy L. Barrestine, evang., Para guay

Betty Jean Thedford Rowlin (Mrs. R.T.), church/home, Rhodesia Everett H. Croxton, English, France Hubert A. Fon, evang, Thailand Susic Armattong Hartford (Mrs. J.J.), Baptist Spanish Publishing

House Dennis Herman, chaplain, Colombia Russel B. Hilklard, retired, Spain Wanda Nave Hobson (Mrs. C.M.), church/horne, Argentina Rayella Bouada Johnson (Mrs. G.L.), church/horne, Argentina

Paula Smith Kilpstrick (Mrs. Frank-Hnl), church/home, Zambia Linda Phillips, librarian, Taiwan Betty Woodring Smith (Mrs.).W.), church/home, Indonesia

Forde Porter Treat (Mrs. E.B.), church/home, Brazil Von Worten,* evang., Indonesia

5 Thursday Generia 50:15-21 James L. Bennan, language, Fla.



MISSIONARY OF THE WEEK

In December they will move to Buenos Aires, Argentina, where they both will reach music at the International Baptist Theological Seminary. Their presence will triple the size of the music faculty.

Besides learning the language. Nancy is learning to adjust to another culture and other ways of doing things. Attending a church service conducted in a foreign language can be discouraging. She found she couldn't even depend on a familiar

Susan Diana Brock, US-2, Fla. Johnny Coffey, retired, Okla. Hershel H. Henkel, rural/urban, Ten. Thomas Lowe, retired, Calif Martha Pena Mora (Mrs. Abdias), Spanish, Tex. Lillian Robertson, retired, La.

Katherine Bradley Frye (Mm. C.R.), church/home, Singapore Lidla Acacia Giannetta (Mm. A.A.),* music, Brazil

Jo Ann Wells Hopper (Mrs. J.D.), church/home, Eastern Europe Nancy Woods Muskrat (Mrs. J.B.), educ, Argentina

Jo Eubanka Redimon (Mrs. D.H.), church/home, Costa Rica Yvonne Yoder Stephena (Mrs. C.T., Jr.), church/home, Indonesia

6 Friday 1 Corinthlano 1:18-25 Jose Amaya, Spanish, Tex. Jerry Potter, deaf, N.C. Hennetta Rock (Mrs. Boris), Slavic,

Pa.
Helen Stuart, mission section, Canal
Zone

Flore Johns Turner (Mrs. Ellis), church est., N.Y. Betly Abell, journeyman, Ivory Coast

Gary L. Haldridge, publishing, Zam bia lang E. Hallenger, field rep., Europe order of worship to help her along— Beptiet churches in Sen José falles worship patterns different from these she was used to.

Of course, Argentina will bring more adjustments as she settles in sentinary teaching and homensing in another culture. But Nancy inous God will help them adjust. Teachers, like students, need to

Teachern, like students, need to practice music frequently if not alia, to maintain their skill. For six mostle before she left the United States, so plano suitable for practice had been evallable. She was concerned that a plano wouldn't be available in Salose. But the Lord provided.

She met (through a friend of a friend) another relationary couple in San José who own a grand piane. They graciously have allowed the Muskrats to practice.

Nancy saks for prayer as she and her husband try to reuster Spanish and adjust to new ideas and new ways Pray that they will be able to lead others to Chriss.

Anits Bowden Richmond, Va.

Mark L. Driggers, bus. adm., Che Ruth Ann Hall,* educ., Nigeria Janet Nabora Hill (Mrs. D.L.),* church/home, Philippines Dorothy Dodd Lawten (Mrs. D.M.), netired, Talwan

Geraldine Riddell Lawton, (Mr. Wealey, Jr.), retired, Taiwan Garold F. Riddelt, evang., Chile Faye Mathewe Williams (Mrs. J.A.), church/home, Mesico

7 Saturday Ephesians 3:4-12 Donald J. Brown, rural/urban, Mi Jean Buile (Mrs. W.C.), Indian N Mex

S. L. Faulkenberry, social minimy.

J. Clifford Harris, metro, Calif. Ann Garner Lawson (Mrs. L.F.), acid minghey, Mich. Donald J. Rollins, Eskimo, Aladis C. Bellard Write, Indian, S Dec. Sheryl Carter Gera (Mrs. G.M.).

Sheryl Carter Gera (Mrs. G.M.), church/home, Martinique Fredric M. Gibaon, English, Siap-

Ethel Trivette Ledbetter (Mrs. M.Jà church/home, Mexico J. Marvin Leech, educ, Indonesia James A. Lupafard, retired, Brasi Harold E. Rentrow, avang, Brasi PB X449 Hammanskragt sebethatswans Via South Africa October 17

Moses had the distinction of lengues of the first Southern Bepties properties in a new country.

The independent nation of Bometatswana was formed from part of South Africa in 1977.

Figuretial in that it's actually six seal areas within the boundaries of South Africa. If the areas were contained the country would be about twith the size of Massachusetts.

Even though it's small. Bophuhapteana has a great potential for Cirist Ed is excited about sharing in development of a new country whose pendent is a Christian and wants the hip of other Christiana.

A pharmacist in Hammanskraal. El aplia his time between job and haguage study. He apends three days a week at a hospital, the differ two endying the Tawana language. He also is training five African pharmacists Outside the hospital, he laaks Bible studies and takes advantage of opportunities to witness.

Darethy Brickell Schwelnsberg (Mrs. Henry)," church/home, Spain Se Prince Speegle (Mrs. B.C.)," dusch/home, Liberia Pagy Barlow Sutton (Mrs. H.T.I, charch/home, Colombia Marle Van Lear, educ., Nigeria

8 Sanday Luke 4:31-37 Mary Morgan Helmennee (Mrs. Chade), retired, Ten. Losise Payne Hubbard (Mm. John), Indus, Okla. Joan Ruttedge (Mrs. William), Span-8h, N.Mex.

santones.

Sarbara Brinkley Baldridge (Mrs. G.L.), church/home, Zambia sams Packwood, students, Ecuador bittye Brawner Spann (Mrs. J.F.), durch/home, Brazil brhan Corringtsin Tolar (Mrs. J.E., E.), church/home, Nigeria Blen Ogawa Yagii (Mrs. D.K.),*

9 Monday Matthew 5:1-12 Cloria Battesterio (Mrn. German), 5panish, Tex Asibat M. Espirona, Spanish, Fla Mrn. Victor Leija, retired, Tex Dency E. Mayfield, social ministry,

church/home, Japan

9

MISSIONARY OF THE WEEK

Ed and his fashily live in Pretoria, a "beautiful city" about 40 minutes by freeway from the hospital. "It's almost like being back in Plorida," he says. "We're getting used to big city traffic and city living once again."

City life is a contrast to his experience before the move to Bophuthatwans. Following language study in Salisbury, Rhodesia, he moved to Sanyati, Rhodesia, a small settlement about an hour's drive from the nearest town. There at the Baptist hospital, he was pharmacist and business manager. He also advised a group of congregations as far as 75

Beaste Nieto (Mrs. Pablo), Spanish,

Tex.
Joe B. (Pete) Owen, social ministry,
Idaho
Ana Maria Sloan (Mrs. Eugene),

Spanish, Okla. Lloyd K. Spanoer, retired, Ill. Jimmle D. Hooten, evang., Kenya Dorothy Latham, social work, Brazil Lorallus Egaley McAtee (Mins. J. W.),

church/home, Jordan Lary R. McCay, evang., Panama Rebecca Reegan Phifer (Mrs. D.A.),* church/home, Malawi Robert V. Roberts, evang., Panama

10 Twenday Malthew 5:13-20 Lidia Alvarez (Mrs. Ricardo), retired, Tex. Frank Chase, retired, Mass.

Nerys Eupleosa (Mrs. Anibal M.), Spanish, Fla. Milderd Kelly, retired, Ga. Ronald Lbitis, social trunistry, N.C. James Newell, US-2, Fla B. Clyde Rockett, church est., Md. Rodelfo Rodriguez, Spanish, Utah Lupita Resitero (Mrs. Conrado), Spanish, Tex. Tjoen As Thio, Indonesian, Calif. David Turner, Spanish, Wis. Dorts Herros Day (Mrs. H.).),

church/home, Brazil

miles from the hospital

Before his move to Bophuthatiswand in 1977, conditions were tense in Rhodesia. The political situation was monitored constantly. Missionaries were relidy to leave at a moment's notice.

The decision to move was not easy. He waited until he felt God's leadership in changing countries.

"Leaving our many friends and thome in Rhodesia was one of the hardest things our family has ever had to do," says Ed. "The Lord confirmed his call to come here, but that didn't stop the flow of team shed the weeks before we left. We believe and preach God's grace is sufficient, and he's how giving us an opportunity for him to prove it."

Pray for Moses, his wife Missy, and their three children as they stijust and learn a here language. Pray that he somehow will find the time to do the "five years of work that needs to be done yesterday" at the hospital and pray with them that Christ's work may continue in Rhodesia.

Anita Bowden Richmond, Va.

Dorothy Garrott, retired, Japan J. Lloyd Monn, educ., Brazil Frances Deal Ray (Mrs. D. B.), church/nome, Karea Claudia Kruer Sharer (Mrs. R.H.), church/nome, Japan Máry Preshridge Slack (Mrs. J.B.), church/home, Philippines J. Frank Mickell, evang., Chile

11 Wednesday Matthew 7:21–29 Jess D. Cooke, rural/urban, Ind. Elva Hand Inzer (Mrs. LaVern A.), church ext., Nev. Hannah Kunf (Mrs. A.C.), Chinese,

Beatzles Mendex (Mrs. Frank), Spanish, Colo. Martha Scharbauer Adama (Mrs. J.T.)," mane, Kenya

Robert B. Bärker, educ., Venezuela Jesse D. Brysa, Baptist Spanish Publishing House V. Walton Chembless, publishing.

V. Walton Chambless, publishing, Chile Janis Wilson Dickerman (Mrs. R.C.), shareh (forms. Marks)

church/home, Mocso Margaret Lonier Dunaway (Mrs. A.G.), nurse, Rhodesia Oble D. Dyckes, evang., Chile Todd C. Hastilton, educ, Philippines lean Revnolds McEntise (Mrs.

D.P.). music, Paraguay

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P.O. Box 3486-A ngham, AL 35305 October 18

The phone call caught jack Washington off guard.

A couple of months before, a hospital chaptain had approached Jack, who directs Christian social ministries in Birmingham (Als.) Baptist Association, about starting a new ministro

At the large university medical center where the chaplain worked, he came in contact with over 12,000 outof-town patients a year. He'd discovered that even when patients were very III, their families sometimes curtailed visits because they could not afford to stay in a motel when they

After discovering the association owned a building close by, the chaplain wondered if it could be turned into low-cost accommodations.

Jack agreed it was a good idea but dismissed it by saying, 'Let me think about it." Now the chaplain had called saying he'd found three tamilies living in the hospital lobby. Was the building ready?

Carolyn Porterfield, journeyman, Oren C. Robison, Jr., evang., Liberia

Helen Mitchell Sherer (Mrs. R.C.), church/home, lapan

12 Thursday John 6:57-69 Dunne Kim Dealston, US-2, Canada Kenneth R. Prickett, special miseiona, Mo Gary Ann Cate Dowling (Mrp. R.H.).

church/home, Chile Herbert C. Edminster, educ., Bophuthatawana Robert A. Holiffeld, evang., Italy

Olga McLaint Hood (Mrs. A.L.), church/home, Thailand Paul D. Lee, Ir., radio/TV, Spain Lene May Phillips (Mrs. R.A.).

church/home, Singapore levald W. Ferrill, evang., Theiland Darothy Dell Moore Shoemake (Mm. H.L.), church/home,

Dominican Republic Randy C. Trail, journeyman, Liberia Frances Howard Tueser (Mm. Los. nie), church/home, Zambia Libby Alexander Tyner (Mm. G.F., Jr.), church/home, Philippines

13 Friday Luke 21:29-36 Esperanza Ramirez, Spanish, Tex.



THE WEEK

Jack began telephoning, asking people to volunteer time and skills to renovate the building.

"Within 24 hours, we'd turned the uputaire into 2 duplemen," he says. "Later, we were able to turn the lower floor into a dormitory facility for

More than 3 years have pessed since the building opened. During that time it's housed over 300 resi-

People from churches in the assocration adopt residents during their stays. They make sure needs are

Lester C. Boyd, English, Tortola

Angelyn Denton Golman (Mrs.

Jean Young Hausler (Mrs. I.D.).

Carter Morgan, seminary adm.,

Hong Kong Mary Frances Hodges Nichols (Mm.

De Alva Roberts Partin (Mrs. D.B.).

Mary Jones Quick (Mrs. O.J.).

Bobbye Simmons Rankin (Mrs.

Evelya Schwartz, evang , Indonesia

Robert W. Sime, bus adm., Ghana

Rheta Thrasher Tcherneshoff (Mrs.

Patricia Arthur Varner (Mrs. G.K.).

Julia Heaton Williamoon (Mro.

Michael P. Haywood, social min-

Genie Kerr (Mrs. J.H.), social min-

Travia W. Key, social ministry, Tex-

G.S.),4 church/home, Mexico

14 Saturday Colomiana 3:12-17

P.J.), church/home, Brazil

church/home, Tajwan

istry, Va.

letry, W.Va.

Flusheth Truly,* educ., Nigeria

J.A.I. church/home, Indonesia

R.T.), church/home, Philippines

Jerry St. John, deat, S.C.

church/home, Paraguay

B.L.), retired, Indonesia

church/home, Brazil

church/home, Taiwan

taken care of and often provide

A New York couple had a water while traveling through Aleksan The wife was actionally injured, as five weeks later the woman day During those weeks the husbander their four sons stayed at the deal

As welcomes cared for the men, they began to say, "We don understand why you're doing the Jack and others were able to asswer that the "why" was jun Christ.

Three people have become On tions. Two were led to Christ le. woman whose husband was dyles Instead of staying in her room, went out and witnessed

"Pray for these families," ja says, "that the Lord will be glade in these times of crises."

As Jack continues to lead church in Christian social ministrice, he de asks for prayer that the Lord will continue to open doors for oppose rities to witness and that Christs will become aware of needs they on help meet.

Beth Sayers Wilden Birmingham, Alabama

Jemes H. Shape, rural/urban, Kas. Emma Weatherly Baker (Mrs. D.L), church/home, India

Carl W. Bechtold, builder, Libert Mary Harrison Beckham (16) W.A.I, church/home, Theliand Martha Ann Blewst, school ads. Brazil

Kathleen Hyde Clark (Mm. 5.0.) secretary, Argentina Burton Cook, Jr., evang., Taken Hilda Bean Cowsert (Mrs. G.B.).

church/home, Brazil Kenneth Evenson, publishing Un

guay Elizabeth Folkes Gwynn (Mr. O.W.), murse, Brazil Katharine Younts High (Mrs. T.O. church/home, Nigerla Jeanette Rogbock Hunker illn

W.C.I, church/home, Taiwan Barbara Prestwood Steams (Min D.M.), church/home, Mexico Boyd Sutton, educ., Brazil

15 Sunday General 12:1-4 Clifford Liene, Spanish, Tex. Rabert T. Nyberg, Spanish, Colo L.L. Richardson, retired, Tex. Otts W. Brady, evang., Bellim Martha Hagood, doctor, Nigeria

Beth Dunn 607 20th Street South Birmingham, Al 35285 October 23

sale going to be another one of days, US-2er Both Dunn felt. and and gone right all morning. Then the phone rang. The celler had increally as the morther of them differ who attended a Big A Club and Beth works with.

Mar have I done? Beth thought. She mutambered the reluctance of the gartness manager when she consested to let Beth conduct the club in the complex. One complaint, and the de was sure to go.

"I want to thank you for what Big A has meant to my children," the nother said. The children were obviously enthusiastic about it. And then the mother added, "You don't know what you've done for my

Later Beth discovered the child had enotional problems, but through Big A she was gradually learning to acor broogess at breathful and to respond to

Na A Clubs are for children in gades I through 6 who don't partici-

Kithryn Strazler Owen (Mrs. H.M.),

holdle Max Beson, social ministry.

Myles Mayo Brown, metro, Utah

Liuracia DeMoura (Mrs. Ivan De-

Gloris Gonzales (Mrs. Candido),

Sau Lelley Potter (Mrs. C.B.), metro.

Carmen Gouzalez Valdes (Mrs. Ben

smille Adams (Mrs. D.W.),

Donthy Rose Sullivan Blair (Mrs.

W.J.), Baptiel Spenish Publishing

Habert L. Hardy, evang., Chile-Kalby Wylle Harper (Mrs. R.L.),

dorn parent, Argentina Fia Nell Turner Kimles (Mrs. E.B.,

jemin), Valdes, Spanish, Ga.

church/home, Portugal

durch/home, Pename

derch/home; Nigeria

Souzal, Spanish, Ala.

Spanish, Tex.

Carol Henson, evang., Chile

desch/home, Guatemala

16 Monday Generals 28:18-22

pate in church. Through activities and stories, children learn about

The US-2 program is a two-year job opportunity in home missions for young college graduates. As a US-2 missionary in Birmingham, Alabama. Beth goes to resident managers of large apartment complexes to ask what services churches can provide to help residents.

When she finds out what needs are there. Beth then helps churches establish apartment ministries and entertain them

Big A is only one of several programe Beth works with. But through it she's learned that entire fami can be reinistered to, expecially if the church sponsoring the club is aware and caring.

For example:

Church members visited a couple whose child attended Big A. The couple were having marital problems but sought pentoral courseling. Consequently they began to work out their problems.

Other members found a disabled single parent who needed firencial assistance and were able to help.

One mother decided that, if the church had something to offer her children through Big A, they certainly must have something for adults. She began attending services and later became a Christian

Please pray that God will guide Beth so she approaches managem.

"Pray that someone will continue my work next year after I leave," she

Both Savers Wilder Birmingham, Ala.

Martha Walker Koehn (Mrs. W.E.), bitly to Carroll Henoley (Mrt. R.C.), church/home Yernen Bobby G. Magne," music, Colombia I. Daniel Messer, evang, Uruguay Milded Lovegren," evang., Macao Durathy Scott Ouberne (Mrs. D.P.),"

W. Barry Nealy, eveng., Brazil Evelyn Reichmann Spancer (Mrs H.E.), church/home, Philippines Lillie Mas Hylton Stermer (Mrs. R.F.), church/home, Italy

17 Tuesday Genesis 32:24-32 Efrain Alvarado, Spanish, Tex. F. Franklin Broome, social ministry,

Oline Valdivia (Mrs. Incise), retired, Suranell Head Beard (Mrs. C.R.),

church/home, Taiwan L. R. Brock, Jr., evang., Brazil lames L. Burnham, evang., Israel P. Thomas Canady, educ., Honduras Sue Worthington Caster (Mrs. J.D.), educ., Brazil

Trudith Hall Crittendon (Mrs. J.E.), church/home, Philippines Bernice Lewis Cromer (Mrs. T.E.).* church/home, Liberia Dwight A. Honeycutt, educ., Co-

Rachel Kerr James (Mrs. S.M.), church/home, East Asia

Jerre Kannon, murse, Gaza Edwood Moses," pharmacist, Bophuthetywaru Divine Key Park (Mrs. J.K.), church/ home, Chile

Harriete Hale Parker (Mrs. F.C.). church/home, Japan Z. Don Reece, dorni parent, Nigeria Edward C. Sandem," evang., Indone-

Ray E. Shelion, evang., Uruguay W. David Truitt, educ., Mexico

18 Wednesday Expdus 3:1-12 Wands Boardon (Mrs. Carter), deaf.

Roe E. Enterline, Noti. Bapt., Okla. Henry Hardin, retired, 9.0 M.E. McGlamery, metro, Nev. Malor V. Moore, regal/urban, Artz. James Morgan, social ministry, S.C. Robert Plumbett, social ministry, Wash.

Redelfo Rojes, Spanish, Ariz. Jack Washington, social ministry.

Lerne Chilton Daniell (Mrs. D.P.). church/hame, Mexico Charlotte Jones Davis (Mm. D.C.), nume. Grenada Mary Gridfith, journeyman, Talwan

Jt.J.* church/banne, Venezuelo MYAL SERVICE • OCTOBER 1970

Bywn Harbin, educ., Brazil Evelow White Hartheack thire, E.G. I. church/home, Antigua Carolys Stewart Lee (Mrs. J.A.), church/home, India J. Thomas Warrington, evang., Costa Rica Nancy Smith Yarbrough (Mrs. J.A.),* church/home, Nigeria 19 Thursday 1 Seemed 3:1-21 Bertie Mae Cellier Davis (Mrs. J.T.), rural/urban, N.Y.

Shirley Everett (Mrs. J.T.), social ministry, Tenn Keren Sue Grantham, US-2, Md. C. L. Handlew, nursl/urban, S.C. Pat Jones (Mrs. Jerry), Indian, Okla James David Lackey, US-2, Md. Delast M. Ryale, church ext., N.Y. Nova Louise Thomas (Mrs. Ed), David B. Warren, Indian, Okla. Patricia Hart (Mrs. D.G.), dietician, James L. Houser, evang., Kenya James Atkino Lindstrom (Mrs. D.C.), church/home, Venezuela Charles W. McClelland, evang. Rhadesia Eunice Allen Sherwood (Mrs. W.B.),

20 Friday Job 42:1-4 Yates W. Campbell, social ministry. Resembly Underwood, (Mm. J.K.), Spantah, N.Mex B. Wayne Giddens Bell (Mrs. L.C.). church/home, Brazil Mary Burnett Butler (Mrs. T.C.)," church/home, Switzerland Lois Valetse Colhoun, Jr. (Mrs. J.C., [2.), church/home, Guam Lowrey Cooper, retired, Argentina Leiete Dutson, nurse, Rhodesia Roberta Ott Farrie (Mrs. f. J.) church/home, Brazil Mary Hazel Ford Moon (Mrs. J.L.), church/home, Brazil Dudley A. Philer,* evang., Malawi Edgar J. Tharpe, English, Hong Kong

retired Result

21 Saturday Ineish 6:1-8 William I. Backley, Jr., rural/orban, Carrie Bockelman, retired, Ga. Lottie Rutledge Crim (Mrs. Charles), nare/urben. Wvo. Empire L. Heath, social ministry, Tenn. Ruby Miller, retired, Fla. Sidney Smith, social ministry, Calif. Amonio Valdes, retired, Va. Marian Smith Brown (Mrs. E.E.). church/home, Bahamas

Charles A. Colline, eveng., Guste-Mary Jane Rudgers Helton, (Mrs. D.A.), church/home, Mexico Annie Hoover, evang., Japan Annice Land, journeyman, Costa

Jenis Metrali Malone, Jr. (Mrs. W.P. Jr.), dorm parent, Argentina Barbare Bennett McDade (Mrs. R.W.), church/home. Columbia lune Vineyard McDaniel, Jr. (Mrs. M.C.J. church/home, Korea

22 Sunday | Include 61:3-4 Nina Gilleaple, Chinese, Ariz. J. Poul Glerus, church ext., N.H. Francisco Hurtado, (Mrs. Hilario), Spanish, Tex.

Jerry E. Moye, educ., Hong Kong

Eva Bozman Magruder, (Mrs. Charles), metro, Ohio Maxine Teel (Mrs. J. Howard), social ministry, Ky. seph R. Williams, Natl. Bapt., La. Dera Dunkley Harbin (Mrs. L.B.), church/home, Brazil Judith Endel Hayes (Mrs. R.W.),

church/home, Tex Aicle May Pettigraw Jowem,* semi-nary adm., Philippines Willie Mac Ronkin Kennedy (Mrs. T.J.), church/home, Kenya Anne Sowell Margarett (Mrs. H.G.),

retired, Argentina Hubert R. Tatum, retired, Hawaii

23 Monday Toolah 55:1-5 leaten A. Buel, retired, Tex Guadlaupe Delgado, (Mrs. Elias). retired. Calif Mary Beth Dunn, church ext., Ala Dana Ferrie, (Mrs. J.P.) social ministry, Ga. Deborah King, social ministry, La Donald Laing, metro, Wash. Lols Preuett, (Mrs. H.D.), social ministry, III. Clotilde Rosales, (Mm. J.L.), Spanish. Ten Virginia Culver Swinney, (Mrs. Spurgeon), social ministry, Va. Webster Carroll, evang., Uganda Wilfred H. Congdon, architect, Nige

Darlene Mitchell Gopffarth (Mrs. William), church/home. Philip-Josephine Harrin, retired, Hawaii Marjorie Blockwell Hill (Mrs. O.M.), church/horne, Calomhia Bertie Lee Kendrick, retired Hawaii Mary Patterson Lawton (Mrs. B.R.)

church/home, Italy Pamela Kelley Parker, (Mrs. Robert. Ir.),* church/home, Rhodesia Mary Johnson Simmons (Mrs. 8.E.). church/home, Philippines

Thomas E. Vessar, Jr., gen. e Venezuela

24 Tuesday Esekiel 36:22-25 Rafaul Auriape, retired, Tex. Jean Borbara Nelson Barnett, () W.I.), rurel/urban, N. Mes. Helen Begaye, (Mm. Russell), b. dlan, N.Mex. Dolton Haggan, Indian, Miss. Carl R. Halden, social ministry, Us Fay Ivey, (Mrs. H.D.), church est. Ñ.L

Michael Naranjo, retired, N. Me. Louise Winningham, (Mm. Ode missione section area dir Miss Herbert L. Barrett, bus. adm., Tr Marjorle Crowe Bateman (Mm. Dal

las)," church/home, Kenya Glene T. Boyd, music, Kenya Tilden W. Bridger, evang, Talwa Mary Catherine Adoms Brothe (Mrs. L.R.), retired, Nigera Nancy Forteon Buttemere (Mm C.R.), church/home, Costa Rica David M. Coleman, bus. ado.

Charles W. Dickson, educ., Brazil Janice Cochran Home (Mrs. R.D.) church/home, Tago Kate Carper Johnson (Mrs. W.B.) retired, Indonesia John W. Merritt, English, German Harold E. Mitchell, dentist, Tanzan Luther H. Morphis, English, Ger

Palsy Compton New (Mrs. B.L. church/home, Taiwan B. W. Orrick, retired, Uruguay James W. Smith, educ., Israel Charles W. Wiggs, hospital adm Korea

25 Wednesday John 3:7-17 Pedro Arrambide, Spanish, Tex. James Bowen, Indian, N.Mex Jess Dittmar, retired, Okla. Lowell F. Lawson, social ministry Betty McQueen (Mrs. Richard), s cial ministry, S.C. Robert L. Smith, tetired, Tex. Donns Allen, journeyman, Sprin Lorena Thomas Chambless (Mr.

V.W.), publishing, Chile Mary Prulit Horner (Mrs. R.W.) church/home. Chile Alicia Larkin, Journeyman, Spain Martha Teague Lewis (Mrs. H.W.) church/home, Surinam Rubsell A. Morris, evang , Singpor John A. Parker," evang., Chile Margaret Pemble, social work, Brazi

Jennie Stillman (Mrs. Peter A.).

journeyman, Japan Henry E. Turlington English, Inc.

Thunday John 4:7-15 Menneth Chadwick, Spanish,

a A. Cooper, deal, Ind. DeMote, Spenish, Ill. Cometo H. Grauperu, Spanish, Fla. Migues, social ministry, La. pinistry, La. Bandle Harram Olce (Mrs. J.L.), re-

med, Bruzil Litras Jensen Collaway (Mrs. M. P.). durch/home, Morocco Dan Dickess, English, Philippines G. Guedwin, Jr., Mission adm.,

bales C. Hardie, educ., Taiwan Gry L. Johnson, educ. jaurneyman,

lebert I. Page, educ. Philippines Ann Pearce, nurse, Paraguay hart Morgan Swam (Mrs. W.R.). durch/home, Hong Kong Delbert L. Taylor," evang. . Colombia

27 Priday | John 10:1-10 an Baker, metro, Artz. Harres Castro, Spanish, Tex Luso Gracia, retired, Colo. issel Johnson Locke (Mrs. W.G.), nucil/urban, Kans. Janu Donald Putman, intry, Tex. Vilmia Sherard, Eskimo, Alaska Baige Waterhouse, (Mrs. Norwood), durch ext.. Conn Ofte Allen, retired, Vietnam man Saundern Babb (Mrs. K.D.),

durch/home, Philippines lobby D. Evano, evang , Singapore William P. Malone, Jr., evang , Ar-

gotina Roth McConnell, journeyman,

Virginia Disson Tipton (Mrs. S.T.), retired. Uganda

28 Saturday Acts 2:36-41 William S. Butler, special missions, David Munos, Spanish, Tex. Peggy Pinkerton (Mm. R.J.), social ministry. N.C. Daniel R. Zoeller, social ministry

Everley Hayes, murse, Indonesia Ellen Dennis Tabor (Mm. C.G.), ruine. Korea

29 Sunday Acts 26:12-10 Martha Thomas Ellis, retired, Ga. Peter H. Kim, Koreso, Calif. Carolya Boyce Bilbary (Mrs. C.D.)," church/home, Antigua Robert R. Compher,* evang., Philip R.H. Falwell, educ., Hong Kong

Thomas E. Jackson, journeyman Ghana David L. Miller, eveng., Brazil James Miller, Jr., rel. educ., Ecuador Josephine Ward, retired, Taiwan

30 Monday 2 Cortethians 5:13-16 William J. Austin, rural/orban, Colo. Ruffnele Manzi, Italian, N.Y. Betty Richardson, (Mrs. Russell), evang., Mass. Ampaco Rodriguez, (Mrs. Eliseo),

Spanish, Fla Claude N. Roy, metro, Mich. Sherra Daily Acustrong (Mrs W.H.), church/home, Peru

Harry E. Byrd," educ., Guatemala Dwight C. Clark, evang., Bahamas Margaret Fairburn, women, Liberia F48th Bassett Milliard, (Mm. R.B.), retired. Spain

Rebekah Lambert, medical, Korea Prancis L. Lewis, educ., Indo J. Thomas Norman, every, Colom

Hannah Plawden, retired, Hawaii Margaret Hampson Richardson, (Mrs. Juret, Jr.), doctor, Nigeria James M. Richardson, educ., Kenya

31 Tuesday Galations 2:11-29 Mrs. Mamie Knight Cabanise, re tired. La Karen Ruth Marcus, church ext. Nore Redriguez (Mrs. Antonio), Glenda Wages Tremaine (Mrs. Robert), church ext., Fig. Theresa Charl Vasquez, (Mrs. Jose), Ronald H. Bellard, chaptain, Pere-

Joyce Parrach Warker (Mrs. R.B.), church/home Venezuela Anita Coleman, educ., Japan Dorls Phillips Dyches (Mrs. O.D.), church/home, Chile Robert T. Golman, music, Phillip-

Bethele Walker Johnson (Mrs. D.R.), church/home, Brazil James D. Johnston," evang., Nigeria Roberta Ely Miller (Mrs. C.L.), church/bome. Philippines Buland L. Nichola, retired, Indo Sophia Nichole, women, Brazil Edith Deter Oliver (Mrs. A.B.), re-

tired. Brazil Alice Armstrong Stover (Mrs. S.S.), retired, Brazil

torecasi

Emergency by Virginia Greer (Christian Herald \$5.95; available through Hound Table Book Club fee: \$4,900

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HOW COULDANYONE **ABUSE THEIR**

A baby horribly scarred by lighted cigarettes; children chained to beds, or deliberately starved to death. These are stories of child abuse which newspapers record regulariy.

Lesser examples of abuse and neglect do not always make the headlines, but more than 1 million cases of child abuse were reported to authorities across the nation

for the parents and foster care in the children is surely the only a typedency. the children is surely the only to swer! Or is 117

"Sometimes we need to ignore the words and listen to the music," a psychiatrist friend one advised me. He was saying that a caring person must look beyond the outward act to see underlying causes and unspoken cries for help.

In the case of child abuse, when I have looked beyond the outward act, I have found many parents, as well as children, who need help and salvation.

Who is the abusing parent? It is difficult to paint a portrait of the "average" child abuser. But there are some elements that seem to be common to most inmaturity, dependency, helplessness, isolation, and loneliness. Most of the parents with whom have worked are young. Many have been previously married or had children out of wedlock. Usually the group therapy we offer has served to treat marriage problems as well as child abuse.

The majority of our child abuse cases have been preschool-age children, usually under 3 years of age. A high-risk family situation would contain a combination of the following factors: (1) preschool child, (2) young parents, (3) emotionally immature parent(s), (4) mentally immature parent, (5) per ent was abused as a child, (6) perent was highly criticized as a child, (7) parent lives under pressure of high expectation for self or child, (8) there is a discrep ancy between what the parent says and what parent does, (9) child receives more negative than positive attention, (10) child has colic, prematurity, hyperactivity, handicap, or constant crying, (11) parents have no friends, (12) per ents' families are not helpful, (13) spouses are not supportive of

Our first response may be trial such other. (14) child is not per-disbelief: How can anyone show as a child by perents. (15) their child? Extreme punishment

Parenting isn't essy ting skills have to be hand. Unfortunately, many people who are able to give phys-ical birth to a child are not eutoped to be parents. It is not musel to find that the abusers were themselves abused as childen. With no model for good spenting, they fall into a vicious ode. It is our task then to stop the cycle and to help in bringing sulthiness to the family. It is not much to simply pounce upon duers, to punish and ridicule then, to place children in foster homes, and to leave it at that: Some parents who are accused of child abuse become so frightmed of being accused again that they are reluctant to take their children for routing medical care.

The goal must be to encourage healthy growth to take place in runinges and homes so that the didren can be safe and healthyenotionally and physically.

Realistically, there are parents who seem beyond rehabilitation, and there are children who die as be result of child abuse. Those se usually the ones that get writto up in the newspapers. But, here are countless others who are lidged, when helping persons are willing to listen to the music—to lest the pleas for help.

How some are helping PERS (Parent-Preschool, Educaion, Empathy, Rapport and Support Program) was the brainchild of Nancy Cowperthwait, a milliby wife and mother who is also a pediatric nurse. While working on her master's degree, she beone interested in helping perplened parents. Nancy Compethwait says that PEERS is the name God gave her for this by care/treatment program for

OTAL SERVICE . OCTOBER 1878

children and their parents who recognize signs of stress in their family.

Midville Baptist Church in Jacksonville, North Carolina, provides the meeting room and nursery space for the PEERS program. For four mornings and one evening each week for ten weeks, volunteers from the community work with the parents and provide day care. Several male volunteers are involved in the Wednesday night session, which usually includes more fathers.

Through parental guidance and group support, it is anticipated that the parents may learn to relate more positively to their children."

"We see being able to furnish the facilities for PEERS as a chance to make a significant investment in ministry to the community," said pastor Al Butters.

AGAPE [ah-GAH-pay] is the Greek word for God-like love. It also stands for Adult Group and Parent Education, a program for abusing parents, sponsored by the chaplains at Camp Lejeune, North Carolina Meeting in small groups, the chaptains and members of the base hospital staff help parents grow in emotional and spiritual health, as well as parenting skills. There are frustrations but there are also some good results.

PALS (Parent Aids to Listen and Support) is a volunteer organization which sends a member, a "pal," to the home of a child abuser, usually once a week to provide active listening. The abuser, or the potential abuser, is often a very lunely person A chance to let off steam to someone who cares can be a tremendous deterrent to child abuse.

How you can help Concerned Christians can help by being alert to the problem of child abuse and neglect." Nothing can be done until these cases are brought to the attention of the

proper people. Reports may be made by telephone or in writing to the department of social pervices, or protective services division. (Names of those social service departments vary from state to state.) Reported cases will be evaluated and investigated. 2. Churches could help prevent for distressed parents to use.

child abuse by providing hot lines Churches could organize mission action groups to provide service to parents and children who need someone to care, to listen, to help their grow. Discuss this possibility with your mission action director.

3. Providing community-wide classes in child rearing and family living can often prevent child abuse from occurring in the first place.

Righteous anger and punitive actions are not solutions to the problem. Certainly there are those extreme cases which make the headlines where there is no alternative to arrest and prosecution of the abusers. But countless numbers of parents who have abused their children can be helped through group therapy and by persons who care. Successful treatment for some parents for alcoholism and drug dependency will often prevent further child abuse. In the two years in which I have been assigned at this medical center we have had at least two abusive fathers in simultaneous treatment in the skohol rehabilitation unit and in group therapy for parents of abused children.

A civilian employee whom we affectionately call "Gronny" has worked on the pediatric ward at this hospital for a number of years. Granny is a wonderful Christian lady. When abused children are patients on the ward she often remarks: "If these parents would only get right with the Lord and realize there are people who want to help!"

We as Christians can help bring

people into healthy religious experiences. We can also be people who want to help. God created us to live in constrainty and fellowship, to bear one another's burdens. When we arinister to the abused and to the abusers we are on "business for the King."

For further reading and information:

Your Child's Self-Esterm: The Key to Life by Dorothy Cockills Briggs (New York: Dolphin Books, 1973). Paperback, \$2.95 (Seepby-step guidelines for raising responsible, productive, happy children.

The Abusing Family by Blair and Rita Justice. (New York: Human Sciences Press, 1976).

The Battered Child, edited by Ray E. Helfer and C. Henry Kempe. (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1974.)

Working with Abusive Parents from a Psychiatric Point of View by Brandt P. Steele, M.D. DHEW Pub. OHD 77-30070. (For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 2002; price 45¢ each; minimum change for each mail order is \$1.00.)

To Combat Child Abuse and Neglect by Theodore Irwin. Public Alfairs pamphlet No. 508; 50¢ each from Public Affairs Pamphlets, 381 Park. Avenue, South, New York, N.Y. 10016.

The National Committee for Prevention of Child Abuse, Suite 510, Publishing Dept., 111 East Wocker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60601, has several publications for sale at low cost.

Electronegi Commander Paul David Rabinown, a chaplate in the United States Navysince 1986, is presently stationed at Casing Lejeuse, North Caroline, where he is asnior chaplain at the Naval Regional Medinial Comm

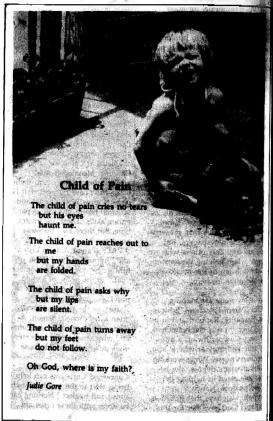
'Por more information on PEBRS, write Director of Social Services, Protective Services Unit, 404 College Street, Jacksonville, MC States. "North Caroline law defines an "abused child" as a "child less than 18 years of age tehnic pasent or other person responsible for like care.

a. Inflicts or allows to be inflicted upon such child a physical injury by other than accidental means which causes or creates a substantial risk of death or disfigurement or impalment of function of any bodily

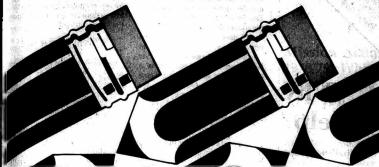
b. Cetates or allows to be created a substantial risk of physical equity to such child by other than accidental means which would be likely to cause death or disfigurbases or impairment of physical health or loss or impairment of the function a only bodily organ, or

c. Controlls or allows to be committed any and act upon a child in violation of a Law."

The low defines a "peplected chief" a one less than 18 years of age "who day not receive proper case or supervision a dackpline from his purent, or who hat been abundament, or who is not provide ancreancy medical care or other remain care recognised tender sites law, or the lives in an environment fequency is in wellow, or who has been placed at our or adoption in violation of low."



Missions Fact Finder IT'S JAPANESE, TO ME!



Uncramble the words on the left. Each word represents a part of the work of the Japan

Baptist Convention. If you need a clue, they are found in the statements on the right.

SCRAMBLED WORDS	CLUES
FSLE PTONPUSIRG	When the Japan Baptist Convention celebrated their thirtieth anniversary in 1977, they were completely
NEIDTUAOC	 Japanese Baptists minister to students of all ages through a program of Christian
ITOSVINTIA	 is the major method of outreach used by Akatsuka church in northern Tokyo.
ALZBIR	 The Japan Baptist Convention has supported missionaries in since 1964.
VSGELNMA I E	 Japanese Baptists credit Southern Baptists with four major contributions—dedicated missionaries, financial assistance, religious education, and the spirit of
NRU B A	The type of evangelism most prevalant in the industrial Japanese society is
RDOJAN SPSER	 Educational literature is written by Baptists and published by the in Tokyo.
λ.	ANSWERS: SELF SUPPORTING, EDUCATION, VISITATION,

ENAL SERVICE + OCTOBER 1979



Elizabeth Swadley

A well-known weight control organization presents its members with a weekly pamphlet to help them acquire new eating habits... These brochures are called "modules," because each of them is one building block in a total program aimed at improving eating patterns.

Beginning this month ROYAL SERVICE has prepared for you a series of Mission Action Modules. Whether you are brand new in mission action or whether you've been at it for years, this set of Mission Action Modules will help you rethink the entire mission action group process. It will help you understand how your group can better meet the needs of persons in your community and aid your group members in mastering the processes of conducting ministry and witness activities. In other words, each Mission Action Module will focus on one element in a total program of improved helping habits.

This month we will concentrate on answering two basic questions: Why are we helping? (answered in content material)

How can we improve our motives for helping? (answered in appropriate group guide).

Why are we helping?

We help because as we grow in our relationship to Christ, we learn from him to become increasingly sensitive to human need. The Bible is filled with clear-cut reminders that the automatic reflex of devotion to Christ is ac-

Jesus himself said it: "I was hungry and you fed me, thirsty and you gave me a drink; I was a stranger and you received me in your homes, naked and you clothed me; I was sick and you took care of me, in prison and you visited me" (Matt. 25:35 TEV).

When asked, "When did we do that?" Jesus replied, "I tell you, indeed, whenever you did this for one of the least important of these brothers of mine, you did it for me" (Matt. 25:40 TEV).

Jesus also emphasized, "So when you give something to a needy person, do not make a big show of it" (Matt. 6:2 TEV).

James, the half brother of our Lord, underscored the teaching of Jesus: "My brothers! What good is it for someone to say he has faith if his actions do not prove it? Can that faith save him? Suppose there are brothers or sisters who need clothes and don't have enough to eat. What good is there in your saying to them, 'God bless you! Keep warm and eat well!' if you don't give them the necessities of life? So it is with faith: if it is alone and has no actions with it, then it is dead" (James 2:14-16 TEV).

John, who had felt the love of Jesus in a personal way, wrote, "This is how we know what love is: Christ gave his life for us. We too then, ought to give our lives for our brothers! If a rich person sees his brother in need, yet closes his heart against his brother, how can he claim that he loves God? My children! Our love should not be just words and talk; it must be true love, which shows

itself in action" (1 John 3:16-18

TEV).

The Christian's primary motivation for helping comes from Jesus by the examples he set and the instructions he left us, and from the Word of God. the Word of God.

"Whys" that will not satisfy

Sometimes we are guilty of trying to measure our reasons for help-ing with the wrong gauges. This won't work, because we will get unsatisfactory readings, if we are

unsatisfactory readings, if we are helping for the following reasons:

• To receive gratitude and appreciation. Look in Luke 10 for the story lesus gave for the model of Christian concern and helpfulness, if tian concern and helpfulness. If the stricken man showed appreciation to his Samaritan rescuer, it is not written in the Bible. Luke 10:33 records that the Samaritan helped, not to receive gratitude, but simply because when he saw the man who needed help, "his heart was filled with pity."

· So that the person I am helping will change his lifestyle right now. Years ago I was trying to help an emotionally disturbed teenager cope with an out-of-wedlock pregnancy. When she was hospitalize because of many physical problems, she refused to eat unless spoon-fed her. I was working in an office at the time, but hurried over to the hospital every day a noon to see that Ruth ate her lunch. I'd like to be able to tell you that, when Ruth recovered, she was a changed girl. In spite of my best efforts at ministry an witness, Ruth became pregnant again within a very short time, and to this day has never been able to build a joyful, fulfilling life. When Jesus healed ten lep only one of them demonstrated change in lifestyle. He began praising God with a loud voice and thanking Jesus (Luke 17). One out of ten! Yet Jesus went right on helping and healing.

· To have a warm happy glow.

el sometimes helping will Proverbs 3:6 says "Remember the ut more than twenty years later, k is still deeply involved in tellbe a smi deeply involved in tellg Bible stories to those who
sed most to hear them. And I
smed from personal experience
hat almost no warm happy feelng comes from spending the aflife. noon in a police station with a ity when he healed persons on he Sabbath, but he kept right on. The best way to gauge helpful-

Lord in everything you do, and he will show you the right way " (TEV). Read Galatians 5:22. If the mission action you are conducting points you toward more complete love, joy, peace, patience, kindness, goodness, faithfulness, humility, and self-control," then you are really involved in Christ-like service. These qualities are the assured product of the Spirit-led

How can we improve? "Persons who minister and witness effectively are not born; they are prepared through training, prayer, and experience." This statement introduces the Personal Preparation section in your mission action group guide. Turn to it now and begin your own personal preparation by reading the first two sections.

MEETING

es and success in mission ac-ion is to constantly seek the endership of the Holy Spirit.

On small cards, print the ques-

tion "Why are we helping?" and

the Scripture references listed in

the first section of this material.

or three to study the Scriptures

and find answers to the question.

Then display on a chalkboard or

poster the unsatisfactory reasons.

also found in the study material.

Discuss whether-or to what de-

gree-you have been evaluating

your effectiveness by the unsatis-

Turn to the "Determine Your

Attitude" section of the group

guide. (This is called "Making a

Personal Response" in the child

are guide). Give about ten min-

ites for personal consideration of

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factory reasons.

Give a card to each member. Ask

them to divide into groups of two

the questions under "Answer these questions," "Consider Yourself at Work," and "Express Yourself." If time is available, share insights. Close with Call to Prayer.

CALL TO PRAYER

Look at the names of birthday missionaries. Let each woman choose a name from today's list and repeat it, following with one word which she thinks is a way that one missionary might be helping persons. For example, teaching, caring, entertaining, etc. Lead in prayer that these missionaries might be strengthened in their acts of helping.

Mission Action 1978/79: Where you are going and what you will need.

WHERE YOU ARE GOING: A total approach to mission action. with helps for improving work with your specific target group, is planned for this year. The general direction, month by month, is as-

October: The Why of Mission Action. Evaluating our motives for helping.

November: What a mission action group is, how it works, how it relates to other Baptist Women work.

December: Learning more about the needs of the persons we want to help.

January: Surveying the community for specific needs. February: Learning how to plan and evaluate activities.

March-August: Adding fresh material to group guide training ac-

September: Sharing the year and evaluating work done.

WHAT YOU WILL NEED: Every member of every group will need the appropriate group guide for your particular target group. (See order form, p. 18, for complete listing.) If your target group is not listed, get the guide that would best relate to your group. You will need copies before the October meeting, for use all through the year.



It was "get acquainted" time for the new class. Several students introduced themselves, telling their names, hometowns, universities, and what particular interest had drawn them to the Baptist Student Center of Tokyo The last one to speak was a tall, handsome young man with the sensitive face of a poet. After the usual introduction he paused, looked hesitantly at the group, and then explained his reason for coming to the center.

"There are three questions I must answer for myself," he said. "I want to know what Christianity has to say about them."

"And what are those questions?" I asked him.

"They are, Why was I born, how shall I live, and why must I die?"

What a profound quest for a college student! But today the youth of lapan are seeking the answers to just such questions as these From Hokkaido to Kyushu millions of young people are looking, seeking, and asking for direction for their lives.

The Need In 1975 more than half of Japan's 112 million people were under 30 years of age. These young people have been born and

reared in a postwar Japan. They have not known the pain and deprivation of war. Instead they live in a day of success and affluence.

Old traditions influence their lives but do not bind them as tightly as past generations were bound. As modern, educated world citizens they are interested in the customs and philosophies of other cultures. And the college years are the time to study, explace, and question

Every year hundreds of thousands of these young people flock to the capital, attracted by the city's great universities. It is the dream of every high school graduate to study in Tokyo, but competition is so great that only the brightest can hope to attain this dream. Here, in one of the world's largest cities, they are soon caught up in the exciting atmosphere of change and discovery

And all of them, though some unconsciously so, are seeking answers to life's questions. "Why was I born, how shall I live, and why must I die?"

The Response

The Japan Baptist Convention recognized the challenge this trenendous group of students offered. They responded with a

special effort at student evange Sem as eatly se 1957. Two years later, with the help of the Posts Mission Board, the Jepan Come tion opened the Baptist Student Center at Myogadani [myoh-gab-dah-nee], the center of Tokyo's academic community. Since that time the convention has conducted a program of education counseling, and evangelism for students in the city,

Missionaries have worked with Japanese Christians in the ministry at Myogadani, serving on the staff as teachers, counselors, or preachers. Since many students are interested in opportunities to practice English conversation, Inglish classes have been popular. These are used to attract the young people with the hope of bringing them into Bible classes and worship services, too.

In 1976 the Japan Baptist Convention voted to expand the ministry at Myogadani to reach residents of the area. A new building was erected on the property and today is used jointly by the student center and the Myogadani mission.

Missionary Dorothy Elliott directs the student center program, working with missionary journey man Iva Nell Kitts, Mr. Hase numa (ha-seh-noo-mah) and Pastor Naito (nah-ee-toh) of the Myogadani mission. In addition classes for college students they also offer classes for kindergarter elementary, junior high school, and high school students. On Wednesdays housewives from the community meet for fellowship and English study. The program is similar to that of other Friend ship Houses in Kyoto, Kobe, and Fukunka

Since the Japan Convention came self-supporting in January 1977, many of their programs have had to economize because reduced budgets. But the student center is financed entirely by he paid by the students. This makes it possible to continue an imporinistry without convention

The Annua quident work in Tokyo cannot b properly evaluated without addring the work of local dusches. The ministry through he churches has a greater evanglistic impact on the college stuis the added advantage of contimity. As the student is integrated bit the life of his church, he is more likely to follow through with a profession of faith and baptism. and, after graduation, when he leves Tokyo, he is much more fiely to seek out the church in his area if he has experienced the idlowship with other Christians n a church situation.

All of the churches in the Tokyo area are involved in stutent work to some extent. Larger durches such as Oimachi Joh-eenah-chee), Keisen (keh-ee-sen), ad Tokiwadai (toh-kee-wah-dahal have a mucleus of students who have grown up in the dwch. Many of them are membes of Christian homes and have strong loundation for their faith. In some of the smaller churches swients make up a large percentage of church membership. These young people are enthusiastic lelpers in Sunday Schools, missone, and evangeliatic programs. They are also the best contacts in

wining other students to Christ. The Hope

On any Sunday approximately percent of the congregation at he Okubo (Oh-koo-boh) Church college students. Many of them one early to teach Sunday School or to attend choir practice they take part in the church's mission outreach and work tireexly in every evangelistic meet-

List Christmas Yuki Ishil (You-Ee-shee), a talented young waman from the northern part of hpan wrote, directed, and pre-WYAL SERVICE - OCTOBER 1078

sented a musical drama showing how the students found and won one of their friends to Christ. The music was modern but Christian, the theology was biblical, and the dialogue expressed the spirit of faith and love

Certainly the witness of such dedicated students is the hope of work with young people in

Prayer Concern

More than 800,000 students live and work in Tokyo. They come to this big, faceless city to study. seek, and succeed. The plunge into an impersonal, competitive society can be a shattering experience. But those who meet Christ find the faith and strength to face life. For in him they find the answer to their questions

"Why was I born, how shall I live, and why must I die?"

THE MITTING

Every person present will need a noval service. Before the meeting, print the titles of four Japanese universities on poster board or construction paper: Tokyo University, Meiji (meh-ee-gee) University. Keio (keh-ee-oh) University, and Waseda (wah-seh-dah) University. At the meeting, divide the group into four "universities" (If your group is small, each person can be a "university." | Assign each small group one of the following subjects with accompanying questions. Ask them to study the content material in the small groups for a while Then tall them together to discuss their questions and lead in prayer as directed. Group One: Tokyo University

Subject: The Need

1. Approximately how many stu-

dents are in the city of Tokyo? 2. What are some of their problems as they come to study in the big city?

3. How do they compare with former generations in terms of being bound by old traditions? 4. What are the most important questions they face during their college years?

Prayer Concern: Pray for the thousands of students who leave their homes every year and go to Tokyo to study.

Group Two: Meiji University Subject: The Response

- 1. What has the Japan Baptist Convention tried to do to reach etudeste?
- 2. How do missionaries help in this work?
- 3. What kind of program is offered through the student center? 4. How is this program financed?

Prayer Concern: Pray for the missionaries and Japanese workers who try to reach and witness to students in Tokyo.

Group Three: Keio University Subject: The Answer

- 1. How does the work of the nearby church compare with that at the center?
- 2. Why would the church program have a more lasting effect on a student?
- 3. How do students help with the church programs?

Prayer Concern: Pray that the churches may be more aware of their responsibilities for witness to the students in their midst. Group Four: Waseda University Subject: The Hope

- 1. Who can witness to a student most effectively?
- 2. How could your church benefit from having a large number of students in your congregation? 3. Tell how one student used her talents to tally the students in her church and witness to others.

Prayer Concern: Pray that the Christian students in Tokyo may have a vital, living faith which can attract their friends to Christ.



My Faith Faces Other Faiths

PERSON TO PERSON

LAWRENCE E WERR

"My nephew is a follower of Sun Myung Moon. How do I talk with him about why he left our Baptist church?"

"What do I say when a Mormon or Jehovah's Witness comes to my door?"

"Helen thinks Britain and America are the lost tribes of Israel, Is her Worldwide Church of God right?"

"Why are the Eastern religious growing in America?"

"How do I share my faith in Jesus with my Jewish neighbor?"

Baptist women raise these questions as they are jarred by encounters with religions which are strange and new to them. With rapid transportation and instant communication, the world has shrunk. An incredible assortment of religious beliefs has come to town.

Various voices are raised, creating noise and confusion as each claims unique revelation. We need a firm grasp of the New Testament revelation of Jesus Christ in order that we not become simply voices crying in the wilderness, adding chaos to the existing confusion.

With this session, we begin a year-long Bible study series which will help us express our faith more clearly. We will look at New Testament possages, comparing and contrasting Baptist distinctives with central teachings of varied groups.

Religious groupings in the United States are so diverse that they virtually defy classification. But for our study we will think in terms of three broad categories, realizing people in the various faiths may not agree with our categories: non-Christian, historic Christian, and deviations from historic Christianity.

We have our distinctive witness to share with each of these groups, including mainline Protestants and even other Baptist groups. The study for the next 11 months with exide us in formatic.

The study for the next II months will guide us in formulating that witness.

By next September, we will not be experts on other religions; but we should be able to explain now clearly what we believe, as opportunities arise to discuss religious beliefs with persons from different backgrounds. h this first session, we will sudy passages which give an outsil approach to sharing our wit.

Be Ready to Apologize
1 Peter 3:13-19
You should never have to
spologize for believing in
Jean Christ. You should always be ready to give an
spology for your Christian
beliefs.

if those two sentences sound contradictory, it's because they see one word two different ways. We usually think of an apology at a kind of excuse, something we have to do when we louse things up. We say or do something we are sorry for, so we try to make mends by apologizing. That is a wish use of the word, the meaning most people think about when you say "apology."

When the New Testament was mitten, apologic had the positive meaning of giving a reasonable oplanation or a defense for a paint of view. So in 1 Peter 3:15, we are told we should always be mady to give an apology to anyone who asks for a reason of the tope we have in Christ.

Seminaries have courses in apoloptis. These courses are designed
to help students give wellmaterial answers to people who
are akeptical of Christian beliefs,
Apologetics deals-especially with
the relationship between science
and faith. But the term preserves
the original biblical usage.

First Peter targes the Christian to be ready to answer concerning his hope in Christ. This is to be in a spirit of meckness or gentleness toward the other person and with fear or reverence toward.

This passage was written to prople who were in trouble becruse they were Christians. Those who asked a reason from them were secular authorities who called Christians to task, so cour-

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tesy and gehtleness were advisable for sheer survival in that situation!

Most of us are not called on to suffer persecution. We are not given the third degree by hostile authorities because we are Christians. But we face more and hore people who do not share our religious outdook. They, too, need a clear statement of what Jesus Christ means in our lives. The principle: Know tohat you believe and how to explain it.

Speak the Truth in Love
Ephesisms 4:11-16
Non-Christian religions
are flouribbing in the
United States. So are
strange offshoots of traditional Christianity. Many of
these groups are aggressively evangeliatic, to the
point of being obnoxious
when you meet them in
shopping malls, airports, or
at your front door.

What should be our attitude toward strange religions? A more basic question is, What is our attitude toward people?

Mormons, Jehovah's Witnesses, and followers of Hare Krishna Jhah-ree KREE5H-nahl or Sun Myung Moon are people first, then believers in their particular religious systems.

If we believe that Jesus Christ is the central and complete revelation of God's love and that the Old and New Testaments are the adequate and uniquely written word from God, we must reject teachings which find their authority outside of Jesus and the Christian Scriptures. But in rejecting alien teachings, we must not reject the people who promote those teachings.

We should have love and compassion for people we believe to be leading Christians into error. In a spirit of love, we should speak tith truth of God's reconciling love in Iesus Christ.

We may not feel accure enough to take the initiative in witnessing to a member of a strange new religious group. We may punic when we are forced into ancounters with him. But if we have the love of Christ in us, we can at least love the other person and pray for him or her. The writer has seen a soft answer, spoken in love, defuse an aggressive, even hoetile approach by representatives of other faiths.

If our concern goes beyond just getting rid of a bothersome person, our witness, spoken in love, might begin a deep and continual sharing relationship.

On-the-street confrontations provide little opportunity for substantial witness on our part. But even in these brief mornents, we can respond in Christian love and express concern for the representatives of other religions and leave the results to God. At least, a courteous loving response will do no harm. The principle. Approach each person with love.

Love Your Neighbor Luke 6:31: 10:25-37

A furloughing foreign missionary explessed concern over the rapid spread of new religions in this country. He felt that these groups should be suppressed. Strangely enough, if the repressive measures he wanted to apply in America were applied to the minority in his adopted land, all Christian missionaries would be expelled!

Jesus spoke plainly about how we ought to relate to those who are not "just like us." The story of the Good Samaritan (Luke 10:25-37) illustrates the uncaring attitude of supposedly religious people toward people who are different.

The strongest and most bitter barrier between the ancient Jews

and Samaritans was differing religious beliefs. The Samaritan woman tried to draw Jesus into debate over the proper place to worship (John 4:19-20). Jesus brushed aside distinctions of religion, gender, and morals as he told the woman of God's love.

In the Good Samaritan parable, the religious outcost becomes the hero. Jesus told the story to answer a smug lawyer's question about who his neighbor was. The hard-to-take answer was that the Samaritan was the neighbor to the injured man.

On another occasion, lesus put more succinctly: "As you wish that men would do to you, do so to them" (Luke 6:31 RSV).

In areas where Southern Baptists are a religious maority, we should be sensitive to the feelings and needs of minority religious groups.

If we would obey the socalled Golden Rule, we will give religious minorities the same respect we would desire if we were in the minority

Southern Baptists are the largest evangelical denomination in America. But we are in the minority in many parts of the nation. In those "pioneer areas," we sometimes have to justify our presence to other Christian groups and explain that we are not a regional denomination, even though we have retained our historic regional name.

I live in a county in New York State with a population of 267,000. The only active Southern Baptists in the county are the 100 members of the church where I am pastor. My sons go to public school with large numbers of Jews and Roman Catholics. Instead of Christmas holidays, the schools close for "winter vacation." In addition to the Easter break, the schools close for the Jewish holy days of Rosh Hashanah and Yom Kippur. In such an area, Southern

Baptists get a different perspective on the rights of minority religious groups.

Whether we are the religious majority or minority, we should apply Christ's teachings of love for neighbor and of showing others the same consideration we prefer to have shown to us. The principle: Put yourself in the other person's place.

That I Might Save Some 1 Corinthian 9:9-13

What are the spiritual needs of your friends or acquaintances who are not Southern Baptists?

What is the best way to share your faith with someone from another religious background?

The assembly-line approach is taken by some groups who publish witnessing materials which are currently popular. Everyone is treated basically alike as the witness works his way through a booklet or a specified list of Bible verses. Whatever the background of the other person, he or she is assumed to fit the pattern laid out in the booklet and is expected to give the predetermined response

to any question. Paul was not so rigid. He realized an individual's background was extremely important as he shared his faith in Christ with that person.

As one who had grown up in two different cultures, Paul knew social and cultural influences could color a person's response to the claims of Christ. Paul was a Jew, but he was also a Roman citizen (Acts 16:37-36). He moved freely among both lews and nonlews.

Paul identified as fully as possible with any group he witnessed to. He was eloquent with the intellectuals at Mars Hill (Acts 17:22-31). He was down-to-earth with superstitious farmers who thought he and Barnabas were gods (Acts 14:8-18)

In 1 Corinthiana 9:19-23, Paul set forth the principle of adapt-

ability in evangelism. He would identify with the particular gross he was trying to lead to Christ. He would follow Jewish custom of diet and other observances if this would gain a hearing with his fellow Jews (v. 20), "those under the law." He frequently began his work in a new city among the lews (Acts 17:10; 18:19; 19:8).

With Gentiles, "those outside the law," he would become "as one outside the law" (v. 21), for example, in a disagreement between Jewish and Gentile Christians, Paul stood with the Gentle on the question of circumcision. insisting that this initiation ritual for lews had nothing to do with being a Christian. Although he had been circumcised, he refused to make his Gentile associate. Titus submit to circumcision (Cal 2:1-3). In a mixed gathering of lewish and Gentile Christians, h reprimanded Simon Peter for maintaining the Jewish custom of not eating with Gentiles (Gal. 2:11-14).

The "weak" with whom Paul identified (1 Cor. 9:22) may have been those with weak consciences such as he encountered in the preceding chapter. For their sales he abstained from meat offered to idols, although he did not share their qualms (1 Cor. 8:7-11). In fact, he was adaptable regarding food and drink, to the extent the he would eat or abstain, depend ing on the conscience of those h was with (1 Cor. 10:27-29).

The specific application for us today with "weaker" brothers or sisters: We would be unwise and discourteque to flaunt out free dom in Christ by eating toods considered unclean by those to whom we witness. A broader ap plication: Gain as full an understanding as possible concerning the person with whom we share our faith in order to gain confidence and friendship. These into mediate steps can lead a person toward faith in Christ, "that ! might by all means save some" (!

(at. 4-22). The principle: Be flexible is sour approach.



At the close of the session, each woman should be able to explain principles of sharing her faith. with people of different religious bekgrounds.

). Begin by asking the group to nention religious groups other tun Southern Baptists whom they are aware of in the community. Lead them to mention personal encounters they have had with representatives of groups which are strange and new to

2 Ask two women to act out the following situation without rehearsal or preplanning:

A Raptist woman goes to share her faith with a woman who is a member of another religion. The Suprist is eager to witness. The other woman is upset that the visitor has come, is resentful, and puts the Baptist on the defensive at every opportunity.

Cut off the discussion at a high point. Then ask: What were your feelings about the visitor? the woman she went to see? Have you ever been on the "receiving end" of a visit from someone of another faith? How did you respand? How do you suppose the Baptist woman felt about her hostess' response?

1. After discussion, have four members summarize the study **Daterial**

1. Before the meeting, ask a member to determine the variety ROYAL SERVICE - OCTOBER 1878 of religious groups in your community. She may consult phone books, the Chamber of Commerce, the pastor, the director of associational missions, the interfaith ministerial group.

2. Call for a report on these findings in the meeting.

3. Using study materials in ROYAL SERVICE and in the Bible. discuss problems which make us hesitate to share our faith.

4 Discuss whether the Golden Rule or "love your neighbor" approach is valid in faith sharing. Or should we insist on the rightness of our beliefs over the beliefs of others? Do you think the Golden Rule approach would help overcome problems mentioned in #37 Explain

PLAN 3

Using appropriate sections of the study materials, do the follow-

1. Analyze the two meanings of apology in the section "Be Ready to Apologize."

2. Discuss how we can prepare an apology for our faith, in the New Testament sense of apology.

3. Discuss whether group members know people who have suffered persecution because of their religious beliefs. Did it strengthen or damage their faith? Explain.

4. Discuss problems you may face if you try to "speak the truth in love" to persons of other religiona. Is this an effective way to combet false teachings? Why? Why not?

5. Discuss whether It is realistic to "love your neighbor" or apply the Golden Rule with persons who try to force their beliefs on you.

6. Discuss whether schools supported by tax money from all citizens should sponsor religious programs and holidays which re-Bect majority religious beliefs and not acknowledge the presence of minority religions? Should public schools have religious observances at all? Should minority concerns

influence actions of the religious majority?

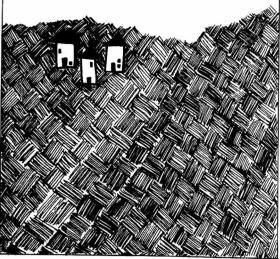
CALL TO PRAYER

As each birthday missionary's name is read aloud, pray that he she will find ways to express love for non-Christian neighbors so the means of spreading the gospel.

THE YEAR AHEAD Month by month, we will

study our witness to other religloug groups: November-Religions such as Buddhism, Hinduism, and Islam which are not part of the ludeo-Christian tradition December—Jews January—Catholica February-Jehovah's Witnesses March-Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints (Mormons) April-Worldwide Church of God (led by Herbert W. Armstrong and Gamer Ted Armstrang) May-Churches of Christ June Pentecostals July-Unification Church (led. by Sun Myung Moon) August-Other Protestants September-Other Baptists

If you're going to reap a harvest of new members you need to cultivate the soil and plant the seed . . .



The seed, the most w portant part of enlistment, is the worthwhile Beptist Women ity that makes a woman come back a second time. But to get he attention and to get her there the first time, you need some protional helps. Here they are,

The Cultivators

Baptist Women Invitation Card . Postcard with invitation to a Baptist Women meeting, 25 for 60

Baptist Women Membership Card. Billfold-size card to identify a woman as a member of Baptist Women and remind her of its purposes. 25 for 85 cents.

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Baptist Women Insignia Pattern* Assorted sizes of insignia. Use to make posters, program covers, etc. 60 cents.

Program Covers.*

Choose a cover to relate to area being studied. Print program inside. Africa, Orient, Latin America, Europe and the Middle East, Missions USA, 25 for 75 cents. Faces, WMU insignias, 25 for \$1.00.

Prayer Bookmark * Encourage intercessory prayer by using a bookmark that provides space for writing requests. 12 for 50 cents.

See order form, page 18.

OSEMARY BREVARD

"We have already found a high degree of personal liberty, and we are now struggling to enhance equality of opportunity. Our commitment to human rights must be absolute . . . Because we are free, we can never be indifferent to the fate of freedom elsewhere. Our moral sense dictates a clear-cut preference for those societies which share with us an abiding respect for individual human rights."-President Jimmy Carter in his inaugural address, 1977

> health care, and education. The right to enjoy civil and po-

ticipation in government

well-known documents:

litical liberties, such as freedom of

thought, speech, assembly, reli-

gion, press, movement, and par-

is not Carter's invention; neither

Rather it is an agreement by the

sey are basic human rights. The

agreement is set down in several

· The Universal Declaration of

Human Rights was drawn up by

a United Nations commission

world community of what all men

is it strictly an American ideal.

This definition of human rights

WHAT are the "human nghts" we are hearing, reading, and speaking of? Probably our immediate answer is "freedom of speech, religion, and press." However, Carter comprehends much more in the phrase. His administration defines human rights in three categories:

The right to be free from personal abuse by the government. ful is arbitrary arrest and imprismment, torture, unfair trial, cruel and unusual punishment, and inrasion of the home.

The right to the meeting of vital meds, including food, shelter,

chaired by Eleanor Roosevelt and was adopted by the General Assembly in December, 1948. It has no force of law but is a statement of goals.

· Two UN covenants* have been ratified by enough nations to come into force. They give legal "teeth" to enforce the declaration. President Carter signed the covenants in 1977, but they will not have the force of law in this country until ratified by the Senate.

The American Convention on Human Rights was adopted by the Organization of American States in 1969. It was signed for the US on June 1, 1977, and needs Senate ratification to become law in this country.

. The Helsinki Final Act was signed by 33 European states, Canada, and the US on August 1, 1975, at the end of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe

WHERE are human rights being violated? South Africa's apartheid. Uganda's atrocities, and Russia's repressive emigration policies come quickly to mind. More grudgingly admitted are ac-, tions of allies (South Korea holds hundreds of political prisoners)

EDTAL SERVICE • OCTOBER 1970

Despite our "high degree of personal liberty," here at home our record is not clean. American Indians and the poor and minorities trapped in the cities are among those who do not really enjoy all of the "basic human rights" described above.

SHOULD Christians speak out on human rights violations? How can we not? God created all persons and loved them enough to die for them. lesus' formulation of the "second greatest commandment" and his statement "Inasmuch as you have done it unto one of the least of these" teach us that we are to show our love for him by loving our neighbors. Therefore, when a neighbor is hurting, a Christian's response should be immediate. motivated by his own daily receipt of love and grace.

Evidently, Christians as individuals and as members of the body of Christ bear responsibility for promoting human rights. However, James E. Wood, Jr., a leading Baptist spokesman for human rights, has cautioned Christians to remember that they "can claim to possess no special competence, no superior wisdom, no ready-made formula for the implementation of a program of human rights throughout the world, let alone in any particular nation-state. Rather, the need is for churches to help furnish direction for, not directives to, the social and political order and to identify with the cause of human rights in all its dimensions "

HOW do we "help furnish direction," "identify with the cause," "promote human rights"? The following list of possibilities is a beginning:

 Continue to proclaim the gospel. Jesus gives personal liberation and peace to those who accept him and, by changing men, promotes justice in society.

2. Study in the field of human rights. Christians should be familiar with the important human rights documents. They are available from the UN, the State Department, or your congressman's office. Concrete information on human rights practices in other countries is available in the newspapers, from the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, and in the annual reports of Amnesty International (2112 Broadway, New York, NY 10023). Efforts should be made to overcome prejudice by trying to understand other points of view on human rights practices. Serious consideration should be given to our own government's actions. For example, should the CIA be given legal authority for undercover actions abroad? Should limits be placed on the training this country gives to foreign security police? Finally, in a less academic vein, churches should become reliable centers of information on the actual human rights situations in their own communities

3. Take specific actions to promote human rights. Senators need to hear citizens' opinions on rabification of the human rights covenants. Congressmen need to hear from voters on proposed American economic and military aid to repressive regimes. Write to the Coalition for a New Foreign and Military Policy, 120 Maryland Ave., NE, Washington, D.C. 20002 and ask to be placed on their mailing list. The coalition will send you background information on human rights and issues and will alert you to uncoming bills dealing with human rights which you may consider supporting or opposing. A \$10.00 donation is requested.

Join the public outery as specific instances of human rights violations become known.

If my case had not gotten publicity and open protest I doubt I would be here," Hugo M. Griven asserted recently. He is a Latina Lutheran minister long imprisoned for expressing his belief and seven times denied permission to emigrate and join his factly. He is convinced that public pressure produced his emigration in March 1976.

Amnesty International USA, the US branch of the London-based organization which won the 1977 Nobel Peace Prize, has an Inter-Religious Urgent Action Network Interested congregations receive monthly fact sheet on a prisoner of conscience in dire need. The sheet includes background information, a description of the prisoner's situation, type of recommended action, addresses of authorities to write, sample messages, and airmail postage costs. Letters to the right authorities showing knowledge of a case and expressing concern are often effective in limiting the abuse such prisoners receive. The greater the outcry, the less chance the prisoner will slip quietly into oblivion For information write Jennifer Jacobs, Western Regional Office. AIUSA, 3618 Sacramento St., Ser. Francisco, CA 94118

Working for human rights in the nation and the world should not replace effective action in one's own community.

Because men are sinners and nations are in various stages of development, respect for human rights will not come easily. More over, many supporters of human rights warn that overzealous pursuit of these principles could have backlash effects.

Despite frustrations and dangers, we need to bear witness, to be sait and leaven, on behalf of the God-given dignity of man

"The International Covenant on Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights: and The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights on Insidifferent cover

neigl orhood boys always seemed mysappear around the dinner tables and en quici put to work cranking the churn that ade the rectous cream.

After all had eaten, the missionary society meetwould begin. There were always announceent and a few songs. But most of all there was at about the beloved Miss Kelly and this project hidd would help to build churches and spread word of Jesus half a world away.

As darkness began to settle, weary women could collect their farming tools and empty lines, with a promise to meet in ten days to coll the collon again.

Many years later, when the cotton patch project only a memory and my father a grown man, silitary service took him to Shanghai It was in 4 1930s, and the city was undergoing drastic sochanges. The country was moving from the cient tradition of warlord rule to a republic inder Chiang Kai-shek. During periods of unrest, re missionaries in the interior would often have have their homes and stay on US warships ant! the disputes were settled and it was safe to num Searching the old French concession part of Sunghai, my father found Miss Kelly in her home #6 Rue Lafayette. It was a two-story, Amerian-style dwelling shared by other missionary brules, who based their work at the North Cate Buntist Church

He recalls her fluency with Chinese and her green thumb." Her yard was like a Southern garder. The two Greenville natives shared a meal and caught up on hometown news. She spoke warmly of the faithful encouragement of her friends in the little church: how she had always relied on them, and how they had never failed her in any of her requests.

After serving 44 years in China, it was not for Miss Willie Kelly to die and be buried in her adopted country. Impending war forced her to leave Shanghai in 1940 and return to the United States. She made her final home with her sister in Montgomery. Alabama, and was there at her death on January 22, 1945, not far from the cotton patch that was then only a memory.

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